

Citrus Connection 2025 Transit Development Plan Update

Final

November 2025





Citrus Connection 2025 Transit Development Plan Update

Final

Prepared for
Polk Transportation Planning
Organization & Citrus Connection

Prepared by



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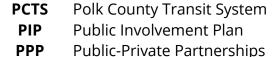


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List of Acronyms

AADT Annual Average Daily Traffic	C
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- **APR** Annual Progress Report
- **APTA** American Public Transportation Association
- **BEBR** Bureau Of Economic and Business Research
- **BRT** Bus Rapid Transit
- **CEDS** Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy
- **CFDC** Central Florida Development Council
- **CIG** Capital Investment Grants
- **CTC** Community Transportation Coordinator
- **DTA** Density Threshold Assessment
- **FAC** Florida Administrative Code
- **FDOT** Florida Department of Transportation
- **FHWA** Federal Highway Administration
- **FLU** Future Land Use
- **FTA** Federal Transit Administration
- FTIS Florida Transit Information System
- **FY** Fiscal Year
- **GTFS** General Transit Feed Specification
- HART Hillsborough Area Regional Transit
- **LAMTD** Lakeland Area Mass Transit District
- **LDDA** Lakeland Downtown Development Authority
- **LEHD** Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics
- **LEP** Limited English Proficiency
- **LRTP** Long Range Transportation Plan
- **MPO** Metropolitan Planning Organization
- **NTD** National Transit Database
- **PCTA** Polk County Transit Authority



RLRTP Regional Long Range Transportation Plan

SOV single-occupant vehicles

SWOT Strength, Weakness, Opportunities, and Threat

TAZ Traffic Analysis Zone

TBEST Transit Boardings Estimation and Simulation Tool

TBRPC Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council

TCAR Transit Concept and Alternatives Review

TCCO Transit Corridors and Centers OverlayTCPE Transit Corridor and Project Evaluation

TCRP Transit Cooperative Research Program

TD Transportation Disadvantaged

TDP Transit Development Plan

TDSP Transportation Disadvantaged Service Plan

TIP Transportation Improvement Program

TNC Transportation Network Companies

TOI Transit Orientation Index

TPO Transportation Planning Organization

TRB Transportation Research Board

TSDA Transit Supportive Development Areas

TSP Transit Signal Priority

UAP Universal Access Program

UPWP Unified Planning Work Program

VMT Vehicle Miles Traveled

VOMS Vehicles Operated in Maximum Service

WHAT Winter Haven Area Transit







Section 1. Introduction

This Transit Development Plan (TDP) is led by the Polk Transportation Planning Organization (TPO) in collaboration with Citrus Connection, Polk County's transit service provider. It represents Polk County's vision to identify strategies to increase ridership and efficiency of Citrus Connection's current services while enhancing connectivity to other local or regional transit services. This TDP was updated to coordinate and synchronize with the Polk TPO's Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP).

Preparing and submitting a TDP that complies with Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Rule 14-73.001 (commonly called the TDP Rule) every five years is also required by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) as a prerequisite to the receipt of Public Transit Block Grant funds. According to the TDP Rule, "The TDP shall be the applicant's planning, development and operational guidance document to be used in developing the Transportation Improvement Program and the Department's Five-Year Work Program."

A TDP also allows transit agencies to outline actions to be taken in the following year and set goals for subsequent years. As a strategic plan, the TDP identifies needs in an unconstrained fashion and for which currently there is no funding. This current

update of the TDP covers the 10-year period from Fiscal Year (FY) 2026 to FY 2035.

Objectives of This Plan

The primary objective of this effort is to update the currently adopted Polk Transit Vision TDP, as required by the TDP Rule. This TDP update provides a 10-year vision plan to help Polk County continue providing transit service that supports the broader local and regional multimodal transportation goals. The recommendations herein provide a blueprint for Polk County to improve transit while also assisting in the development of the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), FDOT Five-Year Work Program, and FDOT Program and Resource Plan.

TDP Requirements

Key requirements of the current TDP Rule, effective July 9, 2024, include:

- Major update completed every 5 years, covering a 10-year planning horizon.
- A Public Involvement Plan (PIP) approved by FDOT or consistent with the approved Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)/TPO public participation plan.
- Description of the process used, and the public involvement activities undertaken.







- Solicitation of comments from the local and the regional workforce development board.
- Notification to FDOT, the local/regional workforce board, local government comprehensive planning departments, and the MPO of all public meetings. These entities must also be given an opportunity to review and comment on the TDP during the development of the proposed public transportation projects and services and the 10-year implementation program.
- Detailed coordination program defining collaborative participation and consistency in developing and implementing the TDP and the LRTP with the local MPO, and other related programs such as the Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP), TIP, and Corridor Development Studies.
- Estimation of the community's demand for transit services using the planning tools provided by FDOT or an alternative demand estimation technique approved by FDOT.
- Assessment of land use and urban design patterns to the extent of supporting or hindering transit services, including efforts to support a multimodal environment and an assessment to address priority transit corridors.

 A 10-Year Operating and Capital program, including a schedule of projects, a financial plan, and a list of priority projects.

TDP Checklist

This TDP meets the requirements for a five-year TDP update in accordance with Rule Chapter 14-73, F.A.C. Table 1-1 is a list of TDP requirements from Rule 14-73.001 and indicates where each can be found in this 10-year plan.







Table 1-1: TDP Checklist

	TDP Rule Requirement	TDP Component /Section
✓	Approved PIP for public involvement (TDP-specific PIP approved by FDOT, or TPO-adopted PIP approved by Federal Transit Administration [FTA] and Federal Highway Administration [FHWA])	Public Involvement Section 2 & Appendix A
✓	Opportunities for public involvement outlined in PIP	Public Involvement Section 2 & Appendix A
✓	Summaries of outreach process and activities included in TDP	Public Involvement Section 2
✓	Solicitation of comments from local/regional workforce board	Public Involvement Section 2
✓	Notifications on public meetings to FDOT, local/regional workforce board, local government comprehensive planning departments, and TPO	Public Involvement Section 2
✓	Review opportunities for FDOT, local/regional workforce board, local government comprehensive planning departments, and TPO	Public Involvement Section 2
✓	Relationship reviews of plans/studies as identified by TDP Rule	Context Evaluation Section 3
✓	Coordination with TPO on LRTP data, outreach, and goals	Context Evaluation Section 3
✓	Consistency review with UPWP, TIP, and Corridor Development Studies	Context Evaluation Section 3
✓	Assessment of land use and urban design patterns	Land Use & Corridor Development Section 4
✓	Identification, evaluation, and ranking of priority transit corridors	Land Use & Corridor Development Section 4
✓	Annual projections of transit ridership using FDOT-approved software tool or other FDOT-approved method	Operating & Capital Program Section 5
✓	10-year Schedule of Projects with descriptions, maps, timelines, costs, and the types and levels of service and capital improvements	Operating & Capital Program Section 5
✓	10-year Financial Plan with operating and capital costs for the Schedule of Projects	Operating & Capital Program Section 5
✓	Ranked List of Priority Projects based on the Schedule of Projects, with descriptions, types, locations, and funding availability	Operating & Capital Program Section 5
✓	Presented to the TPO Board	N/A
✓	Approved by transit agency governing board	N/A
✓	Submitted to FDOT by March 1, 2026	N/A





Study Area

Located in central Florida, the TDP study area, Polk County, is undergoing significant growth. It is Florida's fourth largest county by size (1,798 square miles) and the ninth largest by population with 826,090 residents in 2024. There are 17 incorporated areas including Lakeland, Davenport, Winter Haven, and Haines City among others (Map 1-1). Furthermore, it features many lakes and other attractions like Lake Kissimmee State Park and Legoland Florida Resort. Polk County directly borders ten other counties: Hillsborough, Pasco, Sumter, Lake, Manatee, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Highlands, and Hardee and is well connected by major roadways such as I-4, US-17, US-98, and SR-60.

Transit services within the study area are provided by Citrus Connection, which operates local and regional fixed-route bus, paratransit, and local shuttle services.

¹ 2024 Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR) Florida Estimates of Population

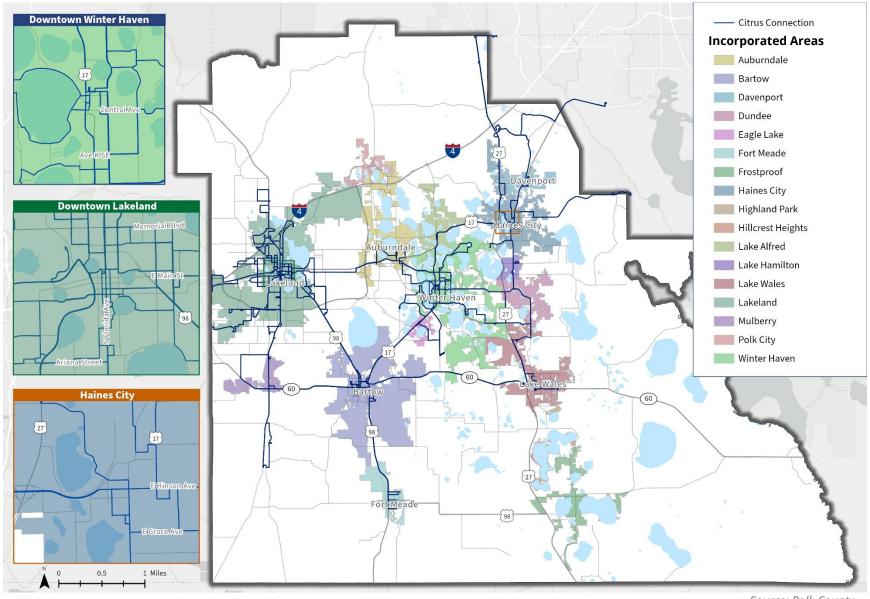




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Map 1-1: Study Area









Organization of This TDP

This report is organized into five sections, including this Introduction.

Section 2 presents the **Public Outreach** activities, including a summary review of the outreach efforts completed and the associated findings. TDP outreach efforts were conducted in two phases and included stakeholder interviews, public input surveys, public workshops, discussion group workshops, and use of online platforms and tools.

Section 3 summarizes the **Operating Context Evaluation** for transit services in Polk County. This includes a physical description of the study area, demographic and socioeconomic characteristics and trends that may impact transit services. Citrus Connection's existing services were also reviewed and assessed. A review of local, regional, state, and federal plans and documents is presented to identify and evaluate applicable federal and state policies, as well as local and regional community goals and objectives that relate to transit and mobility.

Section 4 documents the **Land Use & Corridor Development Assessment**, which addresses local land use policies, urban design practices, and development patterns in Polk County. This section also includes a Corridor Assessment which integrates data and findings with input and direction from the

community to identify priority corridors for improving transit in the next 10 years.

Section 5 summarizes the **10-Year Operating & Capital Program** developed for Citrus Connection's transit service. This includes the recommended service and capital/technology/policy improvements and unfunded needs. It also includes a discussion of the capital and operating costs and revenue assumptions used. The improvements are prioritized and programmed into a phased 10-year implementation plan.





Section 2. Public Outreach

Public involvement provides critical information for developing the 10-year transit needs in the community, including perceptions on and expectations for local and regional transit services. This section summarizes the public involvement process and activities conducted for the Citrus Connection TDP. Key findings from each also are analyzed and discussed.

Prior to initiating any outreach activities, Citrus Connection and the Polk TPO prepared a PIP to guide the public involvement process and activities to be undertaken during the TDP. The PIP was submitted for review and approval by FDOT District One prior to implementing the TDP outreach activities. As shown in Appendix A, the PIP includes a wide range of activities to provide numerous opportunities for involvement by the public and key stakeholders representing local and regional public or private agencies and organizations.









Public Involvement Techniques

To engage a full range of community stakeholders and facilitate active participation during the Citrus Connection TDP process, outreach activities categorized as direct or indirect were used.

TDP Outreach Overview

Multiple outreach techniques were used to ensure adequate opportunities for Citrus Connection's existing customers, community stakeholders, and the public to participate in the TDP development process. Table 2-1 summarizes the public involvement activities conducted and the scale of engagement.

Table 2-1: TDP Outreach Participation Overview

Table 2-1: TDP Outreach Participation Overview		
Event	Date	Engaged
Stakeholder Interviews	September 2024 – January 2025	25
Discussion Groups		
Social Services/Job Access	October 29, 2024	9
Business/Growth	October 30, 2024	12
Customer	November 6, 2024	31
Open House Public Workshops		
Lakeland Public Library	November 6, 2024	74
Winter Haven Downtown	June 17, 2025	55
Terminal		
Surveys		
Customer Experience	Summer 2024	410
Bus Operator	September – October 2024	18
Transit Needs	September –	357
	November 2024	
Transit Priority Feedback	June 2025	30
Grassroots Outreach	October 2024 –	12
	August 2025	
Other Outreach		
LRTP Outreach	June – August 2025	203
Web and Social Media	September 2024 –	50
	August 2025	
Email and Other	September 2024 –	40
Outreach	August 2025	40
Total	1,326	

Note: Customer Experience survey data collected by Citrus Connection.





Review Team Meetings

A Review Team was formed to guide the TDP process in a transparent manner, provide input during its development, and ensure a quality deliverable. The Review Team consisted of representatives from FDOT District One, the Polk TPO, Citrus Connection, CareerSource Polk, and the Polk County Office of Planning and Development. Three virtual meetings were held with the Review Team during the TDP update process:

- August 2024—This meeting kicked off the project and participants discussed the TDP goals and objectives, project tasks and deliverables, planned public involvement strategies, and the project schedule.
- March 2025—The Review Team discussed the public outreach efforts and the transit needs identified. Feedback regarding transit needs was collected and incorporated into the Schedule of Projects.
- August 2025—The Review Team discussed the prioritization of the schedule of projects and the funded plan.







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Stakeholder Interviews

Stakeholder interviews are one-on-one meetings for the purpose of gathering input from policy, agency, or community leaders regarding the future needs of Citrus Connection and transit needs in the community. This input enhances the understanding of local conditions for transit as assessed through the perceptions and attitudes of stakeholders representing members of the broader public. To gather this input, 25 stakeholders (as shown in Table 2-2) were contacted from September 2024 through January 2025.

Interview Methodology and Technique

A uniform list of questions and discussion topics were discussed with each stakeholder (see Stakeholder Discussion Questions in Appendix A). The input received was reviewed and major themes identified and summarized. Overall, interviewees indicated a need for better transit connections in preparation for anticipated regional growth. They praised the staff and leadership of Citrus Connection and expressed a desire to see more funding for the agency.

Table 2-2: Stakeholders

Name	Organization	
Nancy Daley	Lake Alfred Mayor	
William Mutz	Lakeland Mayor	
Nat Birdsong	Winter Haven Mayor	
Sam Pennett	Dundee Mayor	
Morris West	Haines City Vice Mayor	
Omar Arroyo	Haines City Mayor	
Jack Hilligoss	Lake Wales Mayor	
Jeremy Clark	City of Davenport Vice Mayor	
Dorthea Bogert	Auburndale Mayor	
Trish Pfeiffer	Bartow Mayor	
Brian Yates	Winter Haven Mayor Pro Tem	
Bradley Dantzer	Winter Haven Commissioner	
Keith Cowie	Auburndale Vice Mayor	
L. Tracy Mercer	Winter Haven Commissioner	
Mike Herr	Bartow City Manager	
Kelly Callihan	Davenport City Manager	
Tandra Davis	Dundee Town Manager	
James Elensky	Haines City City Manager	
Joseph Lesniewicz IV	Representing Veterans	
Diane Durr	Winter Haven Affordable Housing Manager	
Connie Miller	Agency for Persons with Disabilities	
Chuck Barmby	Lakeland Planning Manager	
Sean Byers	Winter Haven Planning Manager	
Kris Hallstrand	Lakeland Linder International Airport Director	







Transit Today

- Population Increase—Stakeholders indicated that population growth is occurring throughout Polk County, but significant development and growth in eastern Polk County was highlighted. Stakeholders noted that Lakeland's population is expected to keep growing, accompanied by additional new office parks and medical facilities. Additionally, Winter Haven is experiencing high-density growth along major roadways.
- Community—While Citrus Connection should continue to attract new markets, it is necessary to serve people with low incomes, individuals with disabilities, seniors, veterans, and students.
- Community Awareness—Better outreach efforts and strategic marketing are needed.
 Stakeholders agreed that outside of existing customers, the public lacks knowledge about existing services.
- Citrus Connection's Staff—Stakeholders praised Citrus Connection staff for their leadership, vision, and recent improvements. Additionally, they acknowledged how responsive the agency is despite budget constraints.
- Traffic Congestion—Stakeholders highlighted traffic congestion as an existing issue expected to worsen without transit investments and the

influx of new residents projected throughout the county.

Where We Want to Go

- Regional Connections—Stakeholders
 highlighted the benefits of regional transit
 connections. Stakeholders agreed that regional
 connections would ideally be provided by rail
 but expressed interest in regional express bus
 routes between major activity centers as a goal
 for the next 10 years.
- New Connections and Services—Stakeholders indicated a need to connect to the Lakeland Airport that recently began commercial flights. Innovative strategies to provide mobility to residents and visitors throughout Polk County are needed. A few stakeholders mentioned microtransit for more rural areas. Stakeholders also suggested services like the Squeeze in downtown areas to quickly connect people to errands and restaurants. Additionally, stakeholders mentioned new connections to areas where population is increasing.
- Increased Frequency—Stakeholders agreed that increasing frequency on popular routes would attract new customers and increase the quality of service for existing customers.



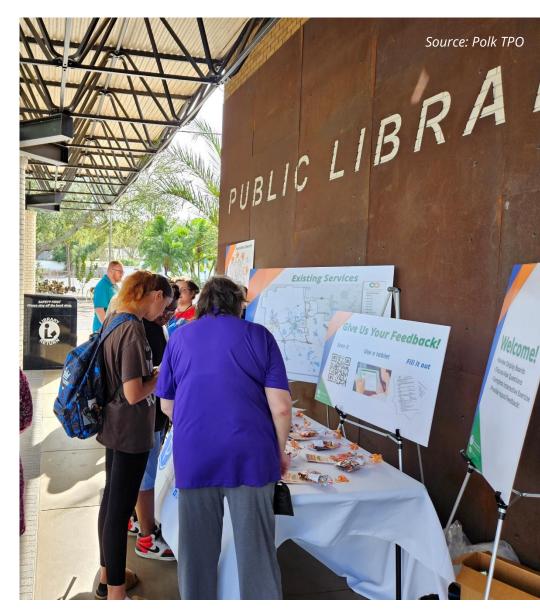




 Upgraded Stations and Stops—More shelters and benches are needed to make using the system more appealing.

How Do We Get There

- Funding—Stakeholders highlighted funding limitations and were open to additional funding mechanisms like sales taxes and impact fees that increased funding for transit, rather than reallocating from other essential departments' funding.
- Political and Popular Support—Some stakeholders expressed the desire to give the public the opportunity to vote on a local option sales tax. Greater advocacy by elected officials is needed. Stakeholders mentioned that the local population needs to see how investments will benefit them.
- Universal Access Program (UAP)—Stakeholders praised the program, which allows organizations to give employees or students access to Citrus Connection services, and hope to see more major employers and institutions participate.









Discussion Group Workshops

Three discussion group workshops with stakeholders representing key focus areas for transit were held. The TDP project team coordinated to invite potential participants representing existing customers, social/public service agencies and the business/education perspective.

After a presentation to set the foundation for a discussion on transit needs and vision, the attendees participated in a guided discussion. During the roundtable discussions, participants reviewed existing services and explored future transit needs through guided questions designed to motivate and inspire conversation about the transit development process.

Social Services/Workforce Discussion Group

Stakeholders from social service and workforce agencies who regularly engage with residents throughout Polk County were invited to a discussion group on October 29, 2024, to provide input on their client's transit needs.

Participants from the following agencies contributed to the discussion:

- Bartow Housing Authority
- Bartow Kiwanis Club
- Junior League of Lakeland
- Pace Center for Girls

- Peace River Center
- Polk County Health and Human Services
- United Way of Central Florida
- Winter Haven Housing Authority

Input obtained from the guided group discussion was categorized into key themes and summarized below.

Transit Today

- Part of the Community Fabric—Participants
 perceive Citrus Connection as a critical service
 to the community. They mentioned how transit
 is vital to connect customers to lifeline trips,
 such as health care and grocery shopping.
 Other participants mentioned that Citrus
 Connection is a big part of connecting the
 community. One participant praised Citrus
 Connection for altering a route to connect
 children to educational opportunities.
- Lack of Awareness—Participants feel there was a lack of awareness about routes and what services Citrus Connection offers. A participant mentioned that some people who may want to use Citrus Connection may not know how to access or navigate the system.
- Expanded Availability of Bus Passes—Although information on transit is available, participants mentioned that there is limited availability to buy passes. Some participants mentioned the







need for social service agencies and county departments to coordinate to ensure that passes are available to purchase at a variety of locations.

Where We Want to Go

- Expanded Service—Participants want to see expanded evening service and expansion of routes.
- Regional Rail Options—Participants liked the idea of SunRail or Brightline services in Polk County, but it would be necessary to have direct connections to and from Lakeland, Auburndale, Winter Haven, and Haines City.

How Do We Get There

- Extended Service Hours—Later service was indicated as the top need. One participant would like to see Citrus Connection operate 24 hours a day.
- Increasing Connectivity—While participants
 noted the importance of regional connectivity,
 most indicated improving connectivity within
 Polk County. Some participants mentioned
 providing park-and-rides in conjunction with
 regional service to reach events and medical
 services, such as the VA Hospital and Moffitt
 services.
- Funding—One participant mentioned that with the population increasing, Citrus Connection

will be strained. Participants recommended coordinating with the regional economic development agency to foster relationships and increase public-private partnerships (PPP) and better coordination with larger employers.

Business/Growth Discussion Group

The Business/Growth discussion group workshop was held on October 30, 2024, with business, education, and economic development leaders to gauge their input on existing and future transit needs in Polk County. Participants from the following agencies contributed to the discussion:

- Ameriprise Financial
- Central Florida Development Council
- City of Lakeland
- Community member
- Polk County School Board
- Webber International University

Information received and transit needs identified from workshop attendees include the following:

Transit Today

Citrus Connection is Needed—Participants
agree Citrus Connection is a critical service that
should serve everyone in the community and is
helpful to connect customers to and from
lifeline trips, such as education and work.







- Participants also feel that Citrus Connection's materials are very helpful, functional, and aesthetically pleasing.
- Transit Bolsters the Economy—Participants see transit as an economic development driver and its importance to connecting people to major emerging job hubs. Some participants mentioned that transit will be important to support the county's population growth.
- Traffic Congestion is a Major Issue—Some participants mentioned they want Citrus Connection to be part of the solution to worsening traffic congestion, especially on already congested corridors like Florida Avenue and Bartow Road.

Where We Want to Go

- Increased Service Options and Supply for Growth—Participants expressed a need to enhance mobility options to better serve the community and to address traffic congestion. They expressed that the current service has great reach, but more frequent service is needed. Some participants mentioned the need to review service schedules to align with school schedules for students who rely on the service.
- New Services—Participants mentioned that due to the rapid growth projected in the eastern part of the county, there is a need for service on

- US-27. There will also be a need for additional regional services to the east and west to improve connectivity. Furthermore, there is rapid growth in the Innovation District, adjacent to Florida Polytechnic University, with new medical facilities and centers. It will be critical to connect to this area as it develops.
- Premium Service—Some participants agreed that they would like to see premium service options like Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) on busy and developed corridors, such as Florida Avenue.
- Increased Awareness—Participants suggested improving communications about Citrus Connection services to increase ridership after the public health emergency in 2020. It was mentioned that the MyStop app should be improved and better marketed as many people do not know about it.

How Do We Get There

- Unique Service Area—Participants mentioned that Polk County is a large service area so different approaches should be applied. It was noted that for lower density areas flex service may be best, whereas fixed-route service may be best for denser areas.
- Supportive Infrastructure—Participants would like to see supportive infrastructure for BRT such as bus-only lanes and park-and-rides.





- Regional Connectivity—Participants felt that regional connectivity is needed for educational opportunities. They also noted the need for additional or enhanced regional connections to Hillsborough and Orange counties given strong commuting patterns.
- Community Awareness—Participants want to see more outreach to smaller community groups, such as faith-based entities, retirement communities, and homeowner associations. Additionally, these opportunities should be evaluated to ensure this information is distributed effectively.

Customer Discussion Group

The Customer discussion group workshop was held inperson on November 6, 2024, with customers to gauge their input on transit needs in Polk County. Approximately 31 customers at the Lakeland Downtown Terminal gave their input on needed transit services, including the following:

- Extended service hours to at least 9:00 PM
- More frequent service
- Connections to Tampa and Orlando







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Citrus Connection Customer Experience Survey

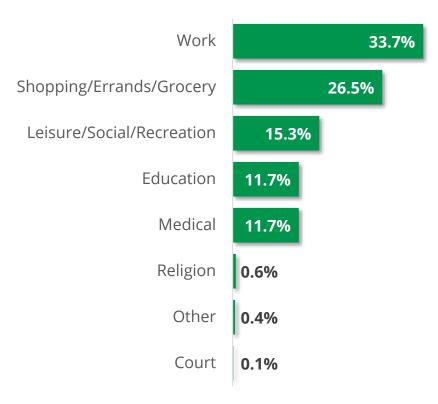
To gauge existing customers' perception of Citrus Connection services and future needs, customers were recently surveyed in-person by Citrus Connection. Throughout the process, 410 customers were surveyed while they were on the bus or waiting for a bus at various terminals and stations in Polk County. As part of the TDP, information from this recent customer experience survey was reviewed and summarized below.

Most customers rated Citrus Connection favorably and would recommend it to a friend or neighbor. Most customers do not own a vehicle and are frequent customers, with nearly half (47.3%) riding the bus five or more days a week.

Key Takeaways

Most use Citrus Connection to go to work (33.7%). Shopping, errands, or groceries trips (26.5%) and leisure, social, or recreation activities (15.3%) were also common trip purposes (Figure 2-1).

Figure 2-1: What is your primary purpose of using transit?



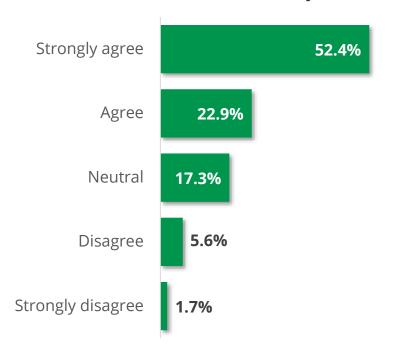






Most customers (75.3%) agreed or strongly agreed that the frequency of the service is satisfactory, while only 7.3% disagreed or strongly disagreed, as shown in Figure 2-2.

Figure 2-2: The frequency of service (how often the buses come) is satisfactory.



Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.

Most customers (90.8%) strongly agreed or agreed that Citrus Connection services begin early enough in the morning. Figure 2-3 shows a marginal number strongly disagreed (2.9%) or disagreed (1.5%).

Figure 2-3: Transit services begin early enough in the morning to meet my needs.

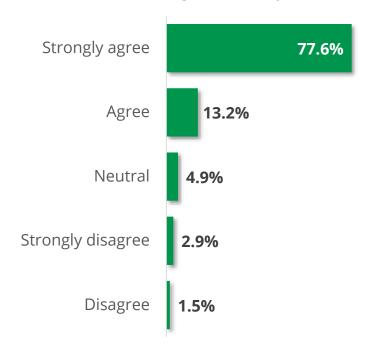


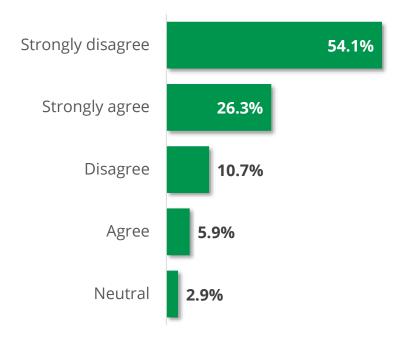






Figure 2-4 shows that most customers (54.1%) strongly disagreed that Citrus Connection services operate late enough, followed by 26.3% who strongly agreed that operating times are satisfactory.

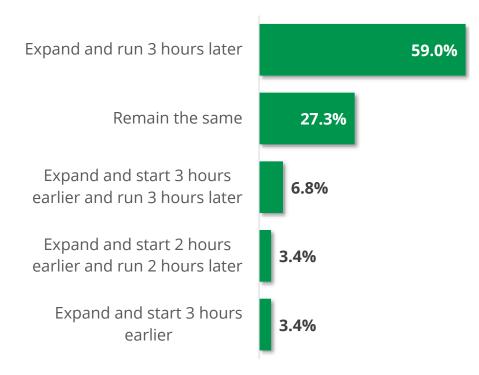
Figure 2-4: Transit services continue to run late enough at night to meet my needs.



Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.

When asked about service hours, the top request was to run evening service three hours later (59.0%). Approximately 27.3% of customers would like service hours to remain the same, as shown in Figure 2-5. Other responses included expanding service hours by three hours earlier and later (6.8%), two hours earlier/later (3.4%), or starting three hours earlier (3.4%).

Figure 2-5: I would like to see service hours:







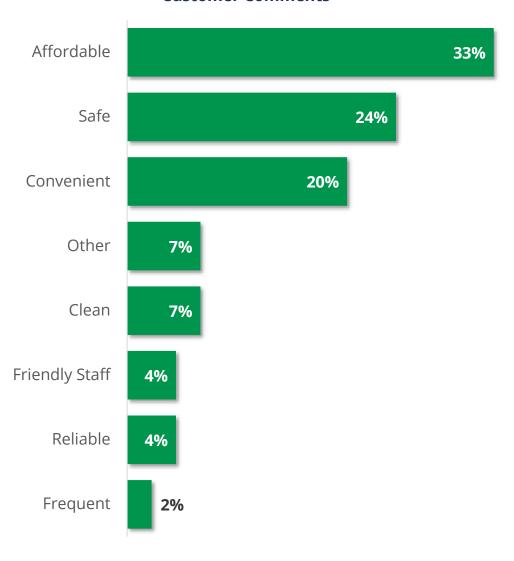
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Bus Operator Survey

Bus operators, as ambassadors of Citrus Connection, have ongoing contact with customers. This, plus their input on route-level and system operations from delivering the services, makes their input critical. As part of the TDP, 18 Citrus Connection bus operators were surveyed on existing services, future improvements, safety issues, and customer remarks. Key operator input includes the following:

- The top benefits for customers are that the system is affordable, safe, and convenient (Figure 2-6).
- Customers want more frequent service, improved on time performance, expanded weekend service, and access to new destinations.
- Providing Wi-Fi on buses and prioritizing traffic signals for buses would improve service.
- Traffic congestion and other safety concerns are key issues.

Figure 2-6: Bus Operator Survey | Top Positive Customer Comments









Transit Needs Survey

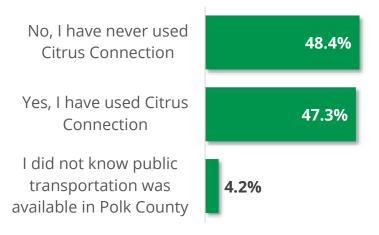
An online public survey was conducted from September to December 2024 via social media, email, the Citrus Connection website, the Polk TPO website, and electronic tablets at the TDP public workshop. An awareness campaign on the survey also occurred using online platforms and through the various TDP stakeholders.

Questions were asked about current services, willingness to use transit, and the community's transit needs. The survey was also designed to gauge public awareness of transit in Polk County and to gather socio-demographic information about respondents. A total of 357 surveys were completed, and the results are summarized below.

Survey Results

Approximately half, 48.4%, of respondents had not used Citrus Connection, while 47.3% have. Another 4% were unaware that transit is available (Figure 2-7).

Figure 2-7: Have you or a member of your household used Citrus Connection, the public transportation service in Polk County?



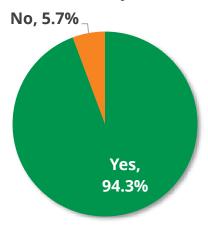






Most respondents (94.3%) agreed there is a need for improved transit services (Figure 2-8).

Figure 2-8: Do you think there is a need for additional/improved transit services in Polk County?



Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.

Approximately half of the respondents agreed that awareness is low. A smaller group (35.7%) rated awareness as moderate, while 14.9% were unsure. Only 7.9% considered awareness to be high (Figure 2-9).

Figure 2-9: How much awareness is there in Polk County about Citrus Connection's services?

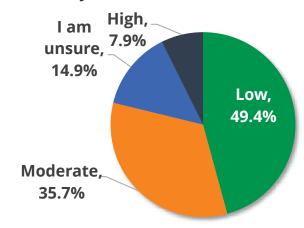


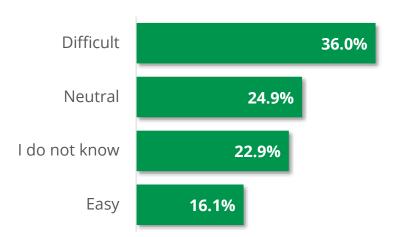






Figure 2-10 shows that a significant percentage of respondents (56.2%) find access to a bus stop difficult. Another 38.9% expressed neutrality, indicating neither ease nor difficulty. Additionally, 35.8% stated they do not know, which may reflect a lack of familiarity with bus stop locations. Only 25.2% reported finding access easy.

Figure 2-10: Please rate the ease of access to a Citrus Connection bus stop from your home or work.

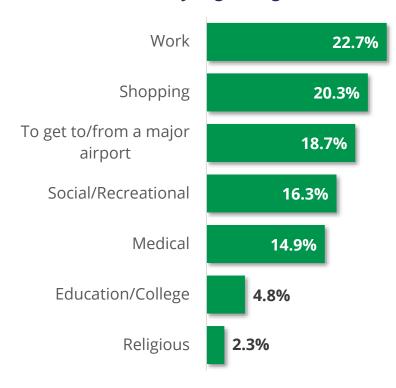


Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.

Respondents were asked where they would go if they used transit or decided to use it in the future and could select up to three trip purposes. Work-related trips are the most popular choice (22.7%). Shopping trips (20.3%) and trips to or from major airports (18.7%) followed closely.

Other common trip purposes included social or recreational (16.3%) and medical (14.9%). Education or college trips (4.8%) and religious activities (2.3%) represent smaller proportions of desired trip purposes (Figure 2-11).

Figure 2-11: If you use Citrus Connection's services now or decide to use them in the future, where would you go using it?



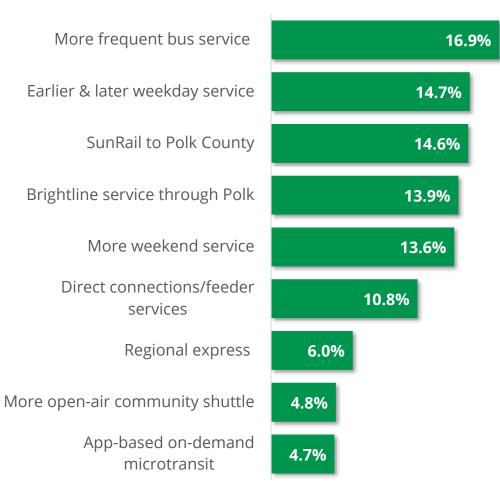






Survey respondents were asked to select the top three service improvements for the next 10 years. The top request was for more frequent bus service (16.9%), followed by a desire for earlier and later weekday service (14.7%). There was also strong support for introducing SunRail (14.6%) or Brightline service (13.9%) to Polk County, which would offer high-speed rail connectivity. Additionally, 13.6% of respondents would like more weekend service, and 10.8% support direct connections or feeder services to future rail stations. Figure 2-12 shows other well-received responses included regional express services (6.0%), open-air community shuttles (4.8%), and app-based on-demand microtransit (4.7%).

Figure 2-12: What should Citrus Connection consider as top improvements for the next 10 years?



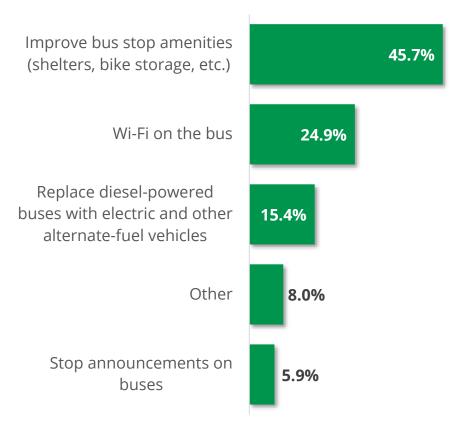






When asked about the top capital/technology improvement in the next 10 years, the most popular suggestion was to improve bus stop amenities (45.7%), emphasizing the need for more comfortable and user-friendly waiting areas. The second most common response (24.9%) was Wi-Fi on buses, indicating a desire for enhanced connectivity during commutes. Figure 2-13 shows support for replacing diesel-powered buses with more sustainable alternatives, with 15.4% endorsing this improvement. Other suggestions (8.0%) and the introduction of stop announcements on buses (5.9%) were also received favorably.

Figure 2-13: What is your top capital/technology improvements for the next 10 years?



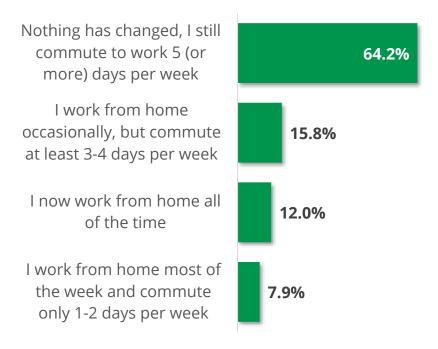






Regarding their commute, most respondents (64.2%) reported no changes since the 2020 public health emergency and they still commute to work five or more days per week. A smaller group (15.8%) work from home occasionally but still commute at least 3-4 days per week. About 12.0% now work from home full-time, reflecting a more permanent shift away from office-based work. Finally, 7.9% work from home most of the week commuting only 1-2 days (Figure 2-14). These findings suggest that while many individuals have returned to pre-pandemic commuting habits, remote work has persisted for a significant portion of the workforce.

Figure 2-14: If you are currently employed, has your work commute changed since the pandemic?



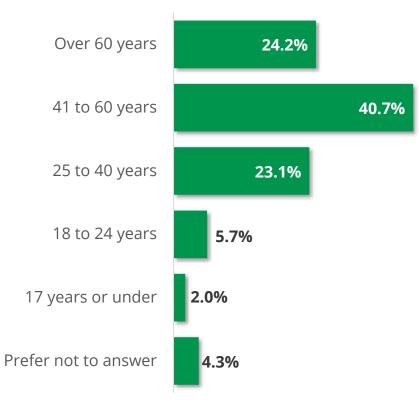






The largest group of respondents were between 41 to 60 years (40.7%). Other more frequent responses were from people over 60 years (24.2%) and 25 to 40 years (23.1%). Approximately 5.7% are 18 to 24 years and 2.0% respondents are 17 or under. Approximately 4.3% chose not to answer this question. These results suggest survey respondents who are primarily working age and may have specific transit needs and preferences (Figure 2-15).





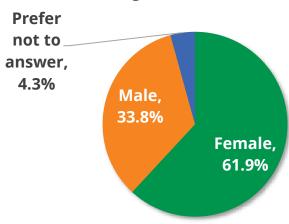






Most respondents (61.9%) were female while 33.8% are male. A small group of respondents, 4.3%, preferred not to answer (Figure 2-16).

Figure 2-16: Gender



Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.

Respondents were asked about their home ZIP codes. The 33801 ZIP code was the most reported (12%). followed by 33803 (9%), 33813 (7%), and 33805 (6%). Additional ZIP codes contributed between 1% and 5% of the sample. These results suggest some geographic representation across Polk County by this survey (Map 2-1).

Respondents provided their work or school ZIP codes, with 33830 (19%) reported as the most common followed by 33801 (12%), 33880 (8%), 33881 (6%), and 33815 (5%) (Map 2-2).

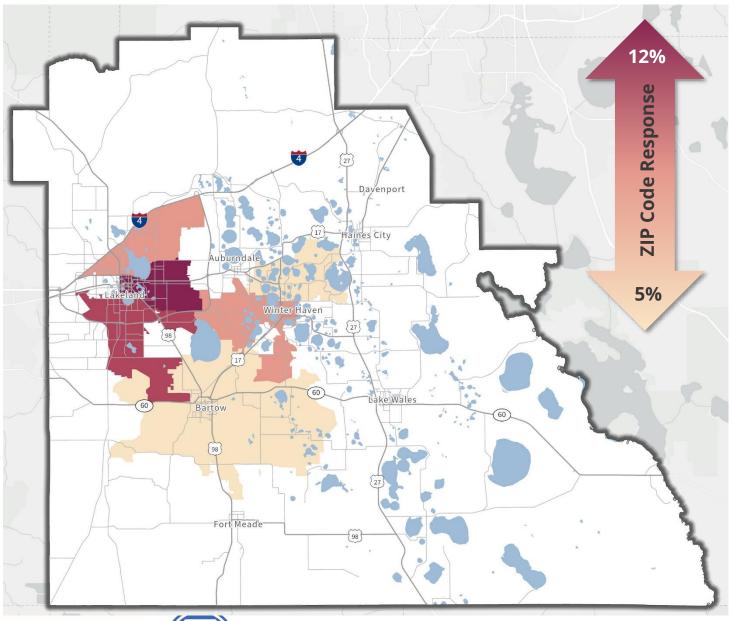
Collectively the data indicate that the respondents' residences and workplaces/schools are concentrated in established places such as Lakeland, Bartow, and Winter Haven.





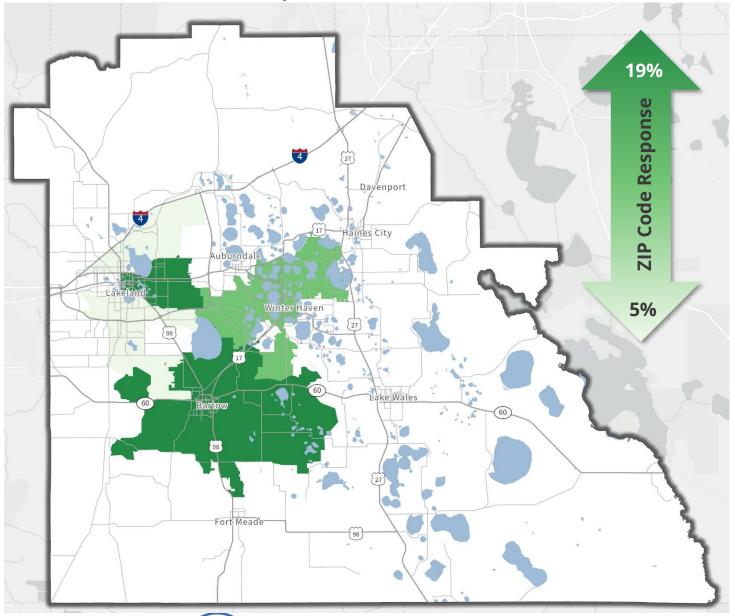
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Map 2-1: Home ZIP Codes





Map 2-2: Work/ School ZIP Codes



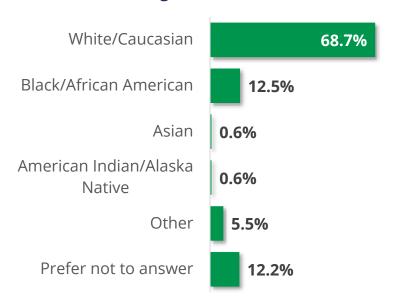






Approximately 68.7% of respondents identified as White/Caucasian. A smaller but notable group, 12.5%, identified as Black/African American, while another 12.2% preferred not to disclose their race. Other represented races include Other (5.5%) and American Indian/Alaska Native or Asian, 0.6% respectively (Figure 2-17).

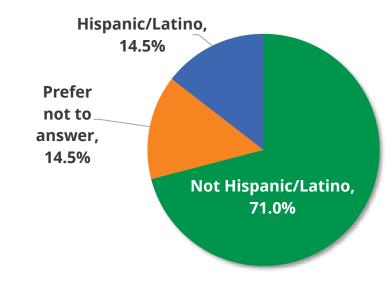
Figure 2-17: Race



Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.

When asked about their Hispanic/Latino ethnicity, most respondents, 71.0%, did not identify as Hispanic/Latino. In contrast, 14.5% did identify as Hispanic/Latino, while the remaining 14.5% preferred not to answer (Figure 2-18).

Figure 2-18: Hispanic/Latino



Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.

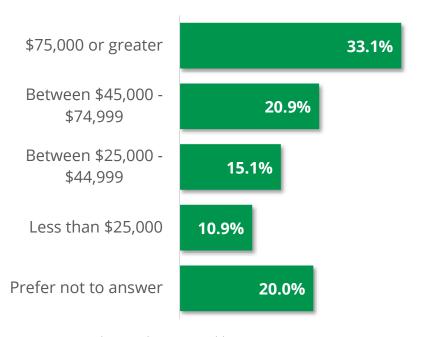




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When asked about their 2023 household income, approximately 26% reported incomes less than \$45,000. Approximately 33.1% of respondents reported earning \$75,000 or greater. Another 20.9% reported their income to be between \$45,000 and \$74,999, while 15.1% indicated an income between \$25,000 and \$44,999. A smaller portion, 10.9% reported earning less than \$25,000, and 20.0% preferred not to disclose their income (Figure 2-19).

Figure 2-19: Total household income for 2023



Note: Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100%.









Transit Priority Feedback

A transit priority feedback form was brought to the second public workshop in June 2025. The feedback form asked workshop participants about transit usage, trip purpose, and to rank transit priorities.

All participants or a member of their household had used transit and the top trip purposes were shopping, work, and social/recreational trips.

Participants' top three priorities are later bus service, rapid transit on US-98 and Florida Avenue, and a bus every 30 minutes on major corridors (Figure 2-20). This feedback assisted with prioritization in service improvement.

Figure 2-20: Transit Priorities Feedback Form Ranked

- Later bus service hours
- Rapid transit on US-98 & Florida
 Avenue (bus every 15 minutes or less)
- Bus every 30-minutes on major corridors
- Peak-hour commuter express to SunRail stations via I-4 and US-27
- **6** More weekend service
- 6 SunRail Stations in Haines City & Lakeland
- Regional bus connection to Tampa
- **8** Connection to Lakeland Airport
- App-Based Microtransit service







Public Workshops

As part of the TDP public involvement process to determine how Citrus Connection should improve its service and to identify specific and additional service and capital needs, an open house public workshop was held. The focus was to understand participants' views about Citrus Connection and how to make transit a more viable travel alternative. The Review Team members, stakeholders, and discussion group participants were invited to attend.

Phase I

The Phase I public workshop was held outside at the Lakeland Public Library in Lakeland from 2:00 PM to 4:00 PM on November 6, 2024.

The workshop was attended by 74 participants who indicated their top needs are extended service hours, weekend service, and multiple fare options. In addition to various display boards and feedback stations, an interactive exercise was conducted. When participants were asked during the activity to identify if they would rather have a longer walk to a bus stop with a shorter trip or a shorter walk with more stops making a longer trip, all that participated in the activity indicated that they would rather have a longer walk with a shorter trip. Additionally, most participants preferred high-frequency service more than an expanded-service area footprint although equal participants felt neutral and wanted an expanded service area.



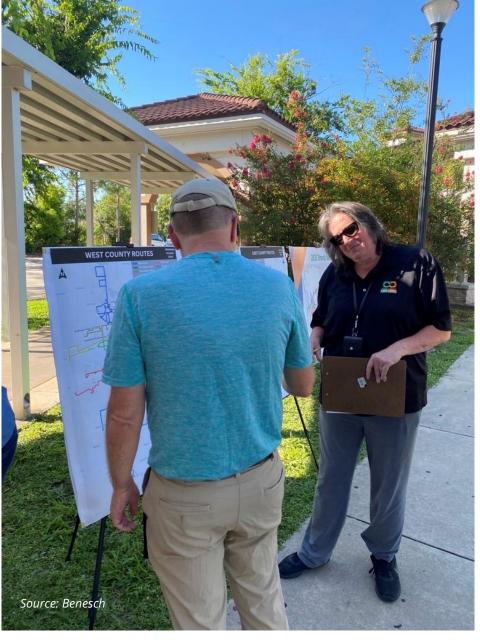






Phase II

The Phase II public workshop was held at the Winter Haven Downtown Terminal on June 17, 2025 from 9:00 AM to 11:00 AM and attended by 55 participants. Participants viewed the display boards and materials showing existing service information and the 2035 Needs Plan. Feedback forms were also available in print to gather information on participants' priorities. Participants mentioned the need to extend service span and improve frequency to increase connectivity throughout Polk County.







Grassroots Outreach

In addition to the planned TDP public outreach events, TPO staff participated in grassroots events to promote the TDP. They raised awareness about the public input surveys, public workshops, and other TDP outreach efforts, while also attempting to obtain input from those attending.

The Polk TPO staff participated in Bartow's Friday Fest on Friday, October 18, 2024. Staff engaged 12 people to discuss FDOT's Mobility Week and to inform the public about Citrus Connection.





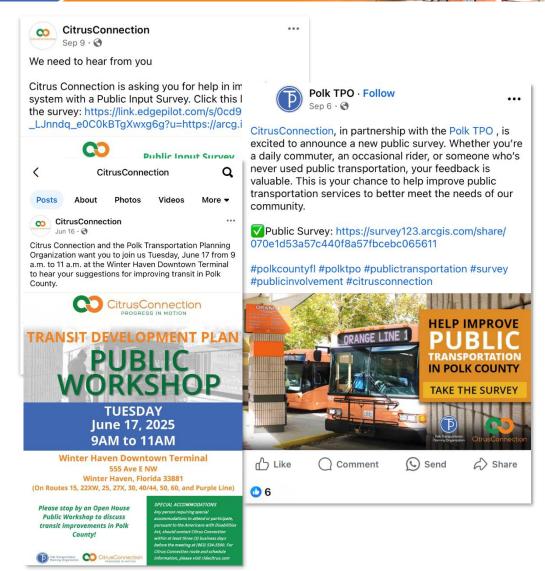


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Social Media

Several indirect outreach methods were also used to educate and inform the public about the TDP process. Advertisements and content for customers and the public informed on the latest TDP outreach events and updates were also posted on the Citrus Connection social media pages. Additionally, Citrus Connection and the TPO websites encouraged the public to take TDP surveys and attend the workshops.





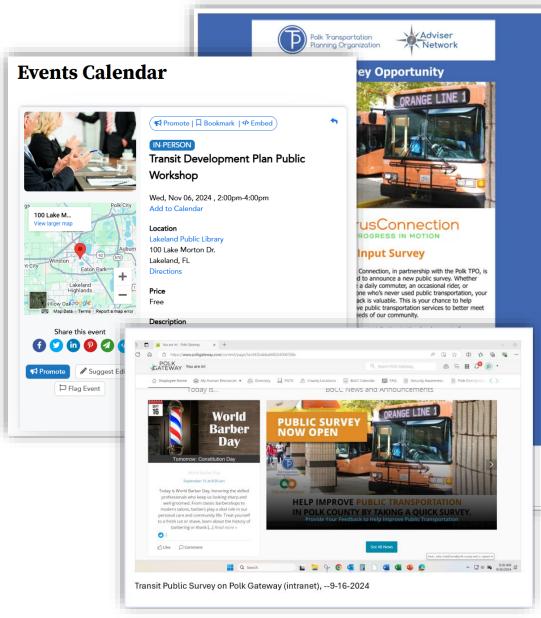


Email and Other Outreach

Numerous amails with inform

Numerous emails with information about the online survey, upcoming public workshops, and the TDP development process were used to engage and encourage public participation. Stakeholders and discussion group members were sent email notices and reminders for upcoming events such as the public workshops and encouraged to distribute the survey and information to other interested parties. The following are different email lists that the information was distributed and shared to:

- Polk Gateway—Internal Polk County email
- Adviser Network—Polk Vision email listserv
- News Channel 8 Event Calendar







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TDP-LRTP Planning Process Coordination

Per the 2024 TDP Rule requirement concerning coordination with the TPO's planning process, close coordination with the ongoing Polk TPO's 2050 LRTP occurred.

To maximize coordination and financial resources for the TDP, the project team engaged TPO staff throughout the TDP to feed the short-term transit needs into the LRTP. Additionally, the TDP project team coordinated with TPO staff to prepare for and support LRTP workshops.

Furthermore, this coordination includes information sharing in other areas/steps of the TDP-LRTP process as discussed below.

- Data/Analysis—Coordination on baseline year and future year data so the TDP utilizes any readily available data from the LRTP on the multimodal system deficiencies identified considering land use, state and local transportation plans, other governmental actions and policies, and socioeconomic trends. The TDP team has coordinated with TPO staff to incorporate LRTP data.
- LRTP Goals & Plan Consistency—There was also consistency between the two plans on the short-term transit improvements/strategies.
 The TPO plans to use the service, capital,

technology, and policy needs in the 10-year TDP to guide transit-related goals and objectives in its LRTP.

LRTP Virtual Workshop

The TDP consultant team attended the first Envision 2050 LRTP workshop on June 20, 2025, at 12:00 PM. The focus was to update the public on progress and present information, including transit, and answer submitted questions.

Other Agency Coordination

Several key agencies were also involved in various capacities in the development of this TDP major update. As required by Section 341.052, F.S., comments were solicited from local and regional workforce boards established under Chapter 445, F.S. In addition, FDOT District One, the Polk County Comprehensive Planning Department, local/regional workforce board, and the Polk TPO were advised of all public meetings where the draft TDP was presented or discussed.







Section 3. Operating Context Evaluation

This section reviews the study area context to understand the conditions and potential influencing factors in which Citrus Connection operates. This information provides the foundation upon which to review or analyze trends and helps identify areas of opportunity for development of future modified, enhanced, and/or expanded transit services. The following topics are discussed in this section:

- First, a review of **Demographics** summarizes
 Polk County's population characteristics,
 including growth trends, age distribution,
 household socioeconomic composition, travel
 behavior, roadway and traffic conditions, key
 trip attractors, and tourism.
- The Existing Transit Service Evaluation
 describes the extent of coverage, frequency,
 and connectivity, as well as recent ridership
 trends and system performance. Furthermore,
 it includes trend and peer analyses to assist the
 understanding of strengths and opportunities
 for Citrus Connection.
- Transit Demand Assessments were conducted to bolster the understanding of the operating environment. These include the Transit

- Accessibility Analysis, which evaluates how easily customers can reach destinations using existing services. It also explores discretionary and traditional markets through two assessments based on density and latent demand.
- The Relationship to Plans Review assists in understanding how, at the local, regional, state, and federal levels, Citrus Connection can identify opportunities for coordination, anticipate policy conflicts, and highlights initiatives to improve service delivery and operations. This assessment also considered key plans and studies.







Demographics & Travel Demand Factors

Population Trends

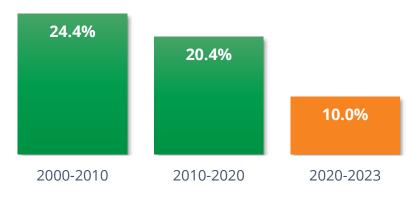
Higher population density can be a key indicator of a healthy transit market. Areas with high population density often include land uses and infrastructure that promote transit use and multimodal activity. According to estimates from the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR), between 2000-2023, Polk County grew by 64.8%. Since 2020, the population growth (10.0%) has exceeded the previous decade's pace (Figure 3-1).

Population Projections

BEBR estimates that Polk County's population growth will continue, surpassing 1 million residents in 2034 and reaching 1.23 million by 2050. Polk County's population is expected to grow 11% between 2025 and 2030, as shown in Figure 3-2.

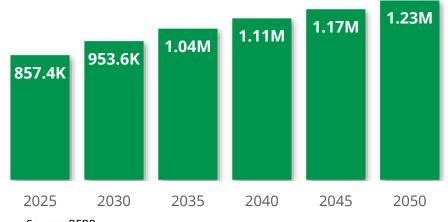
Socioeconomic data forecasts by Traffic Analysis Zone (TAZ) developed for the Polk TPO's 2050 Population and Employment Forecast were used to examine the growth in population density. Map 3-1 shows existing high population density is concentrated in downtown Lakeland, Winter Haven, and along major corridors. In Map 3-2, parts of Lake Wales, downtown Winter Haven, and Haines City are expected to see density growth to more than 4,000 people per square mile.

Figure 3-1: Population Growth | 2000-2023



Source: BEBR

Figure 3-2: Population Projections | 2025-2050



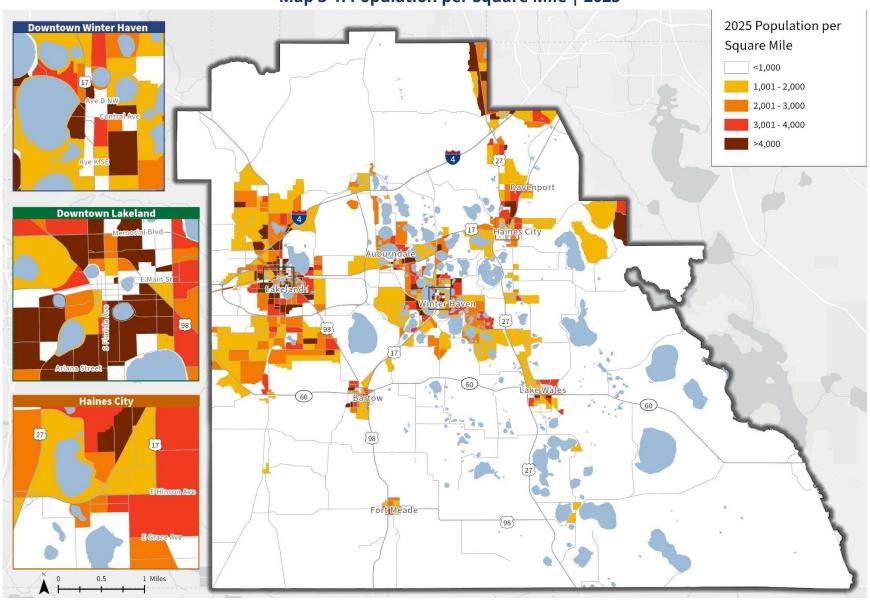
Source: BEBR







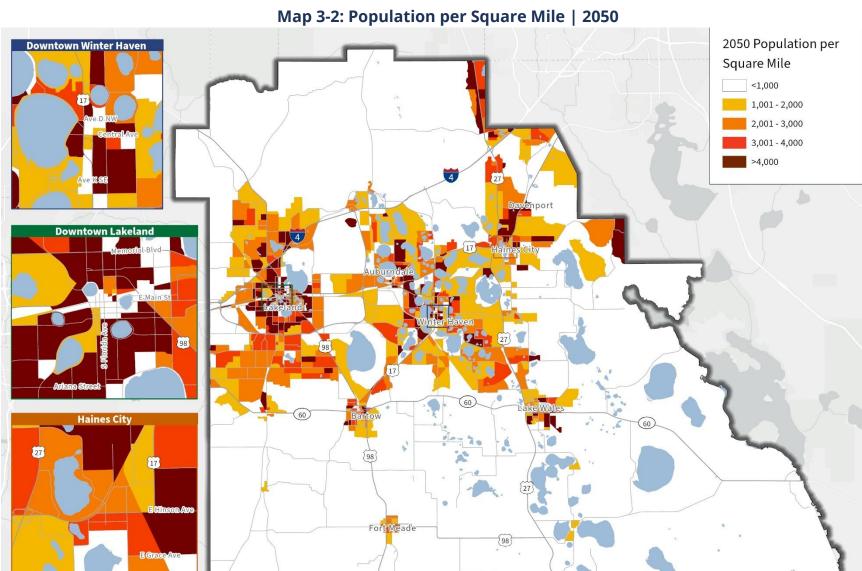
Map 3-1: Population per Square Mile | 2025













1 Miles

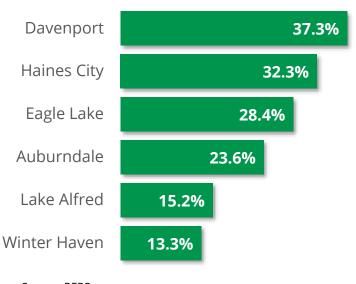




Incorporated Areas

Polk County has 17 incorporated areas, and the populations of nearly all have grown since 2020 (Table 3-1). From 2020 to 2023, Davenport and Haines City experienced the highest growth, 37.3% and 32.3%, respectively followed by Eagle Lake, Auburndale, Lake Alfred, and Winter Haven (Figure 3-3).

Figure 3-3: Top Municipality Population Growth | 2020-2023



Source: BEBR

Table 3-1: Municipality Population Growth | 2020-2023

Municipality	Growth (2020-2023)
Davenport	37.3%
Haines City	32.3%
Eagle Lake	28.4%
Auburndale	23.6%
Lake Alfred	15.2%
Winter Haven	13.3%
Mulberry	9.9%
Polk City	9.6%
Lakeland	8.3%
Unincorporated Polk County	8.2%
Dundee	8.0%
Lake Wales	6.3%
Frostproof	5.3%
Bartow	3.4%
Lake Hamilton	2.2%
Highland Park	0.0%
Hillcrest Heights	-1.2%
Fort Meade	-1.8%

Source: BEBR







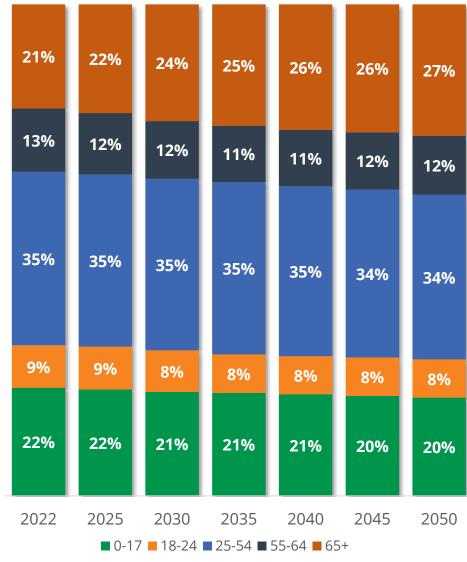
Age Distribution

Age can affect individual transportation preferences and needs. Millennials and Generation Z tend to drive less and desire more transportation choices compared to earlier generations. Older adults can become more mobility limited with age due to physical or cognitive impairments and are a population group that tends to rely more on transit.

Polk County's population is stratified across age groups and, in 2022, had a median age of 39.8 years. According to American Public Transportation Association (APTA), almost 80% of transit riders are between the ages of 25 and 50. Figure 3-4 shows that the proportion of Polk County residents who are of typical working age (18-64) will decline marginally by 2050 (-4%). Furthermore, by 2035, one in four residents will be 65 years or older.

Maps 3-3 and 3-4 show block groups where older adults (65+) and younger adults (18-24) are concentrated, respectively. Higher concentrations of older adults are scattered throughout the county, including Lakeland, Winter Haven, Haines City, Davenport, and Frostproof.

Figure 3-4: Population by Age Group



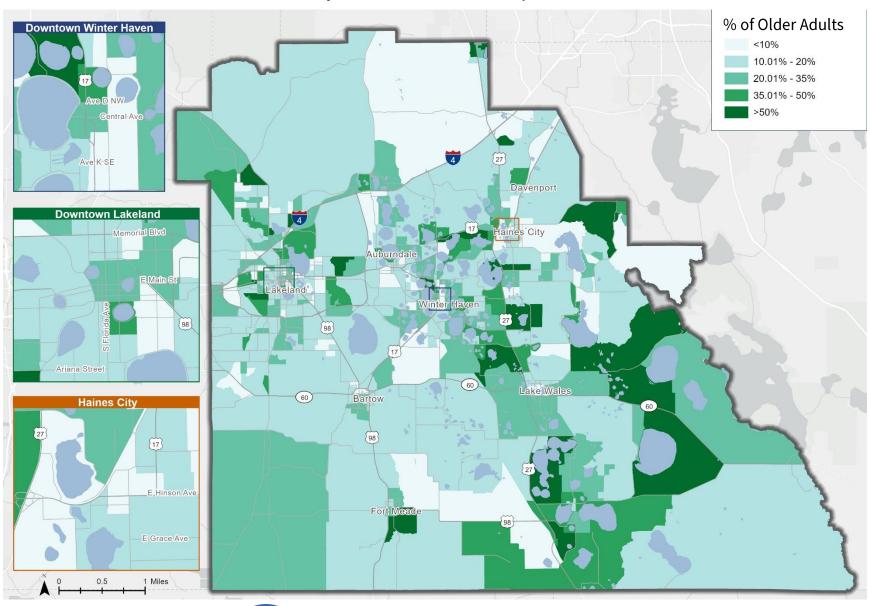
Source: BEBR







Map 3-3: Older Adults (65+) | 2022

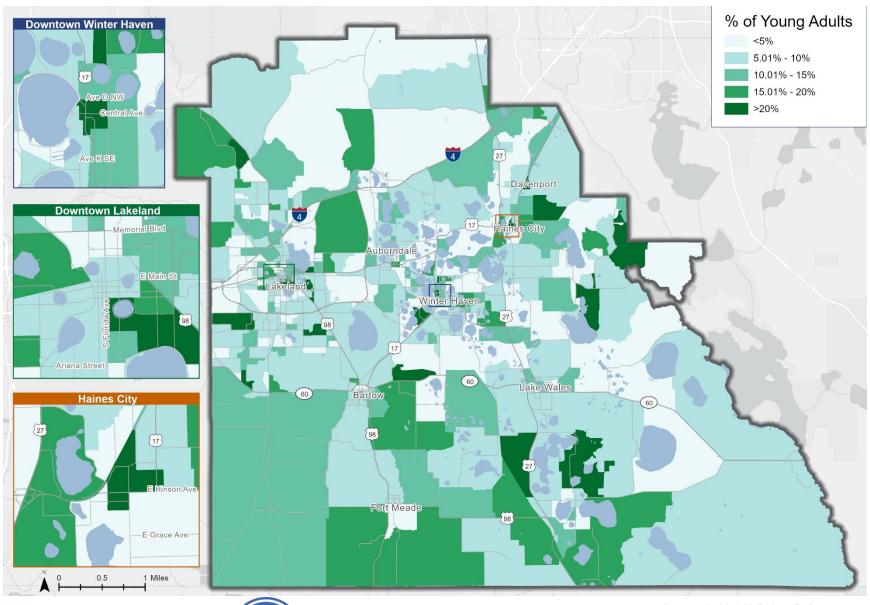








Map 3-4: Young Adults (18-24) | 2022





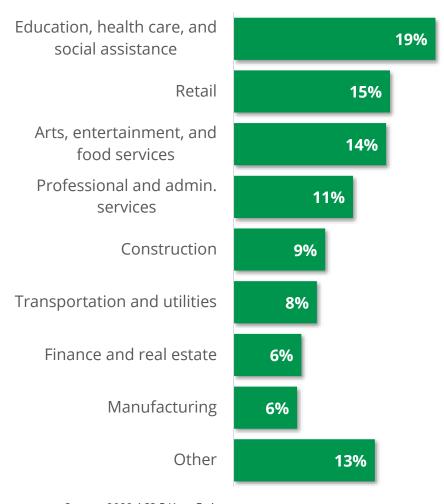
Employment

Employment density plays a crucial role in transit demand. Areas with high employment density often feature activity hubs, including shopping centers, medical facilities, and educational institutions that can draw a significant number of transit users. Denser areas like a downtown typically exhibit higher employment with more restricted or higher cost parking options. Access to jobs via transit enables workers to reach their workplace in a more affordable and potentially efficient manner.

It is also important to understand where the jobs in the county are most concentrated. Higher employment densities are found along major roadways, with notable clusters in downtown Lakeland, Winter Haven, and Bartow (Map 3-5). Employment density is projected to increase in downtown Winter Haven, Auburndale, Bartow, and along major highways (Map 3-6).

Based on 2022 ACS data, the largest employment sectors in Polk County are education, health care, and social assistance (19%); retail (15%); and art, entertainment, and food services (14%), as shown in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5: Employment Industries | 2022









Major Employers

Polk County is home to several large employers and employment centers, primarily in the healthcare, retail, and government sectors. The headquarters for Publix Supermarkets, a regional supermarket chain operating in the southeastern US and the largest employer in Polk County, is in Lakeland. The remaining top employers in Polk County are listed in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2: Top 10 Employers in Polk County | 2024

Rank	Employer	Employees
1	Publix Super Markets	21,618
2	Polk County School Board	13,500
3	Lakeland Regional Health	7,865
4	Walmart	5,523
5	Amazon	5,500
6	Baycare	3,332
7	Geico	3,000
8	City of Lakeland	2,696
9	Polk County Board of County Commissioners	2,270
10	Polk County Sheriff's Office	1,950

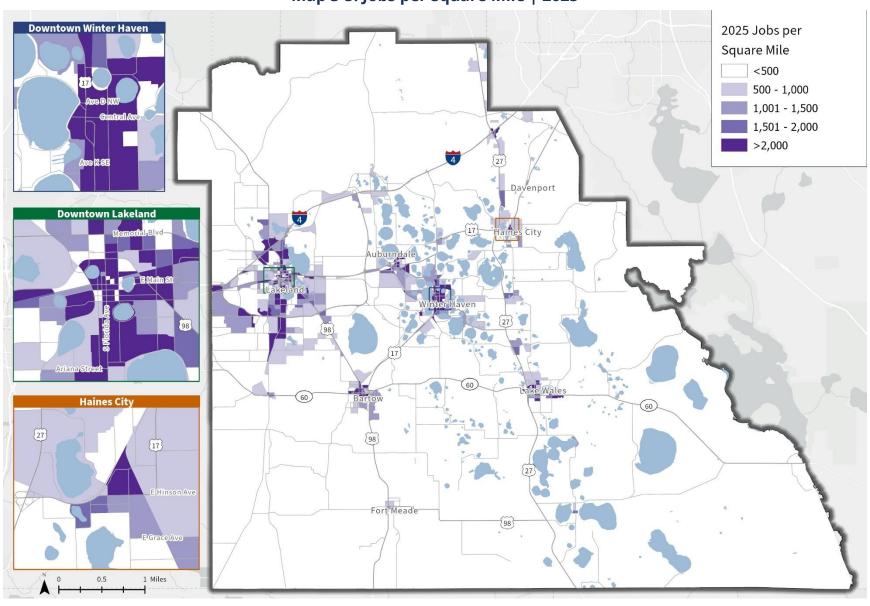
Source: 2024 Polk County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report





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Map 3-5: Jobs per Square Mile | 2025

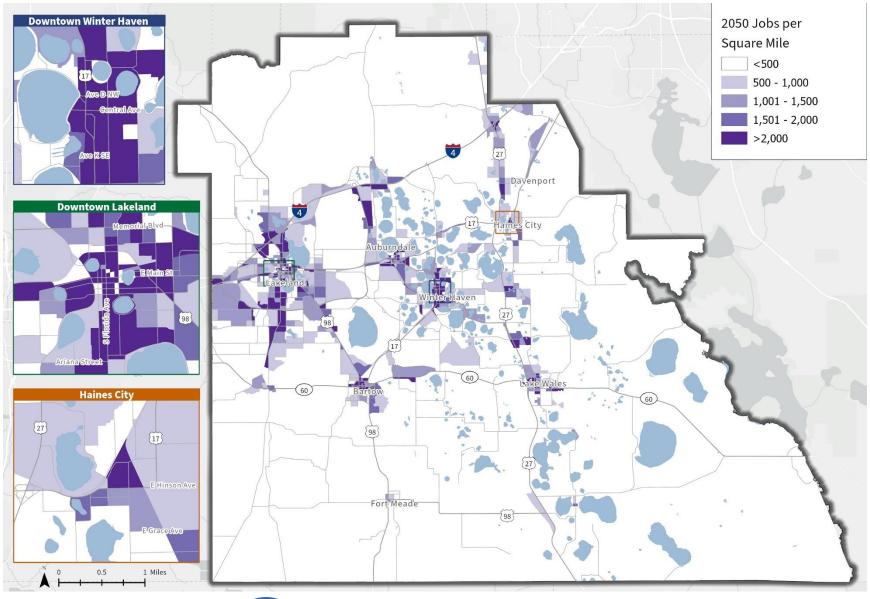








Map 3-6: Jobs per Square Mile | 2050









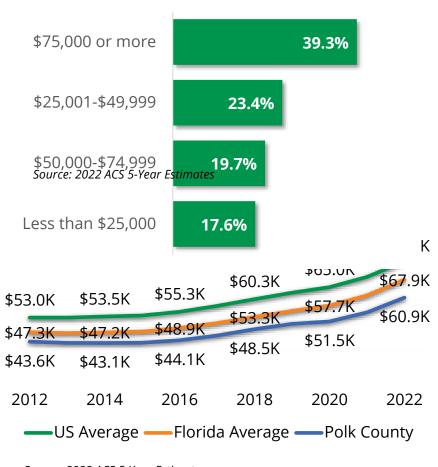
Income Distribution

Annual household income also can be a key indicator of potential transit need.

Approximately 39% of Polk County households have an annual income of \$75,000 or more, while under one in five households make less than \$25,000 annually (Figure 3-6).

The median household income in Polk County is \$60,901. While this is lower than the US average (\$75,149) and Florida average (\$67,917), the county's annual income growth is similar, approximately 42% and 44%, respectively (Figure 3-7).

Figure 3-6: Household Income | 2022









Poverty

Residents living in poverty often need more access to transportation options for work or other lifeline trips. In Polk County, 14.8% of residents are living in poverty; this is slightly higher than the US and Florida averages (Figure 3-8). Pockets of block groups experiencing poverty rates higher than the county average are around Lakeland, Fort Meade, and east Polk County (Map 3-7).

In Polk County, 3.1% of residents who worked full-time were also living below the poverty level and may have challenges affording transportation. Map 3-8 shows areas with employed workers in poverty are near Lakeland, Haines City, and Fort Meade.

Unemployment

The unemployment rate serves as a key economic indicator, reflecting shifts in household income that can directly influence spending on transportation. Since 2010, the unemployment rate in Polk County has decreased. According to the Central Florida Development Council, approximately 4.6% of Polk County residents were unemployed as of August 2022 (Figure 3-9).

Figure 3-8: Poverty Rate | 2022

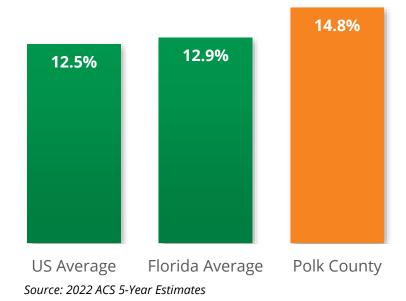
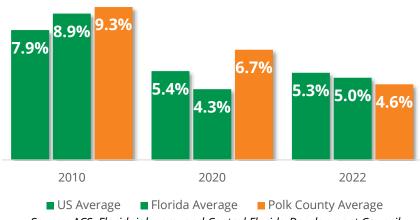


Figure 3-9: Unemployment Rate | 2010 - 2022

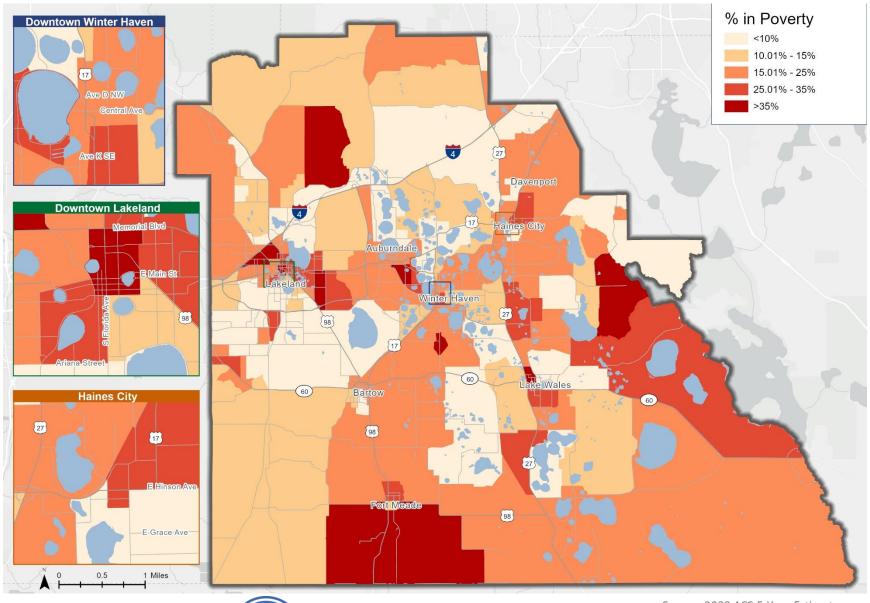


Source: ACS, Floridajobs.org, and Central Florida Development Council





Map 3-7: Poverty | 2022

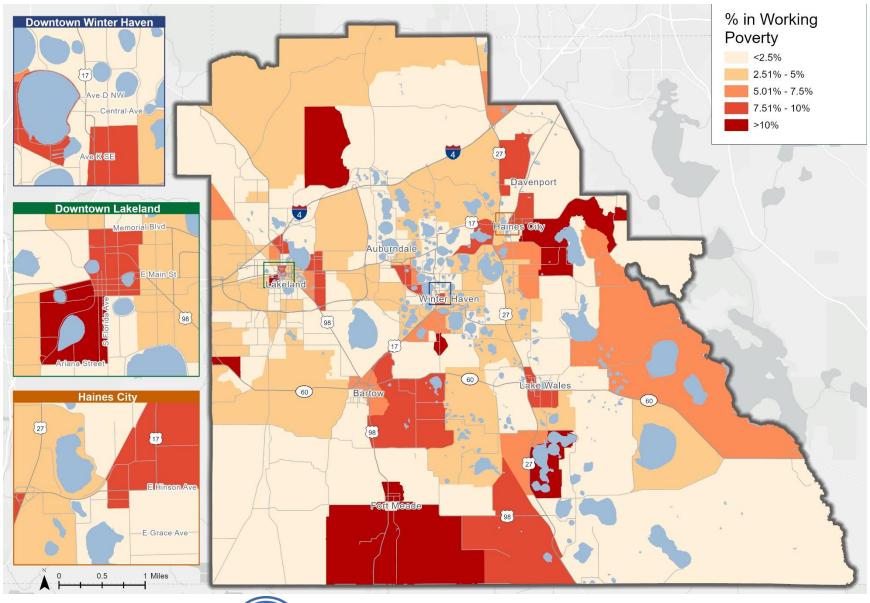






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ORANGE LINE 1 Map 3-8: Working Poverty | 2022







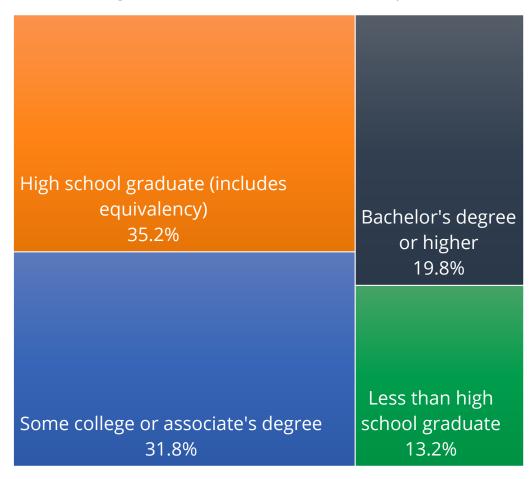


Educational Attainment

Education level is important to understanding local demographics as, generally, education level correlates with income.

The majority (51.6%) of Polk County residents have attended some level of higher education, whereas 13.2% have not completed high school (Figure 3-10). The highest concentration of college-level educated residents are found south of Lakeland and between Winter Haven and Lake Wales (Map 3-9).

Figure 3-10: Educational Attainment | 2022

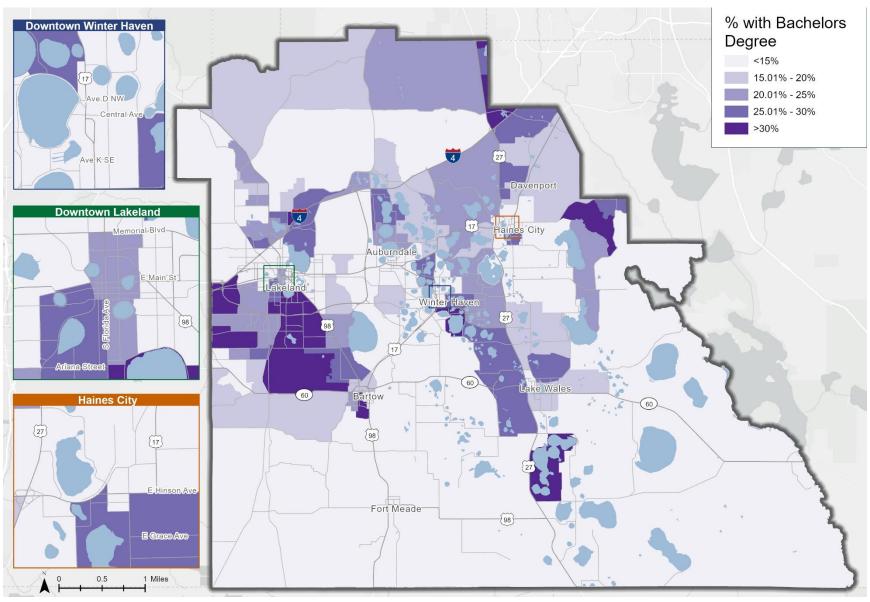








Map 3-9: Educational Attainment | 2022







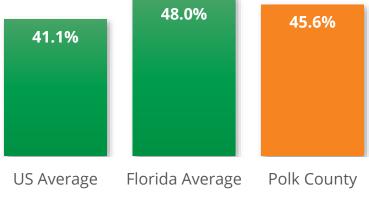


Non-White Residents

Historically, non-White persons represent a greater proportion of transit passengers nationally compared to the US population, so it is important to identify the extent of those populations in Polk County.

Polk County has a marginally higher percentage of minority residents than the US average and slightly lower than the Florida average (Figure 3-11). Non-White populations are prevalent in north Lakeland, west of Haines City, and surrounding Bartow and Fort Meade (Map 3-10).

Figure 3-11: Non-White Populations | 2022

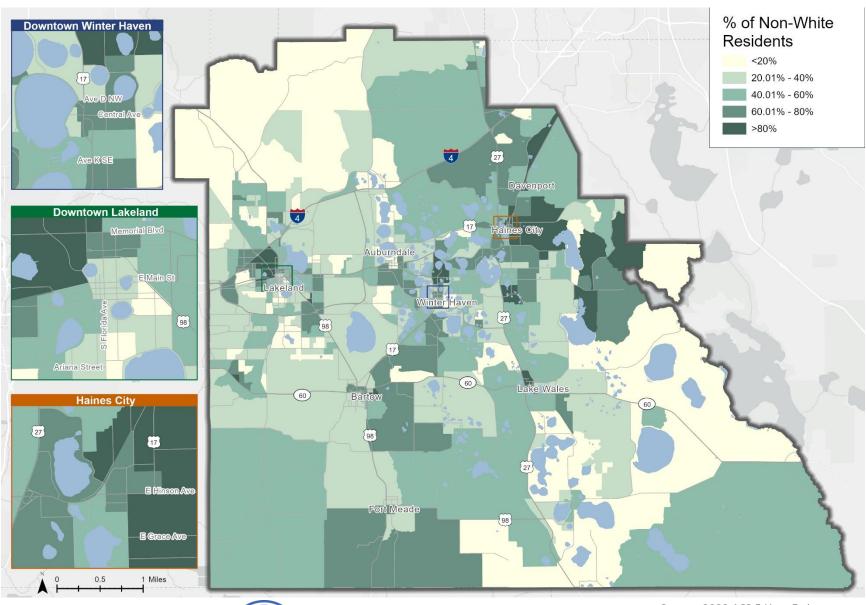








Map 3-10: Non-White Residents | 2022

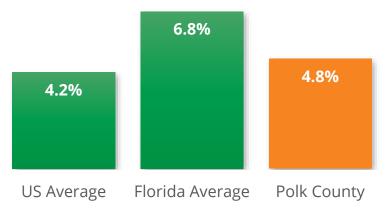




Limited English Proficiency

People with limited English proficiency (LEP) are defined by the US Census Bureau as persons aged 5 or older who self-identify as speaking English less than "very well." Transit can provide LEP persons in Polk County with additional travel options to services and jobs.

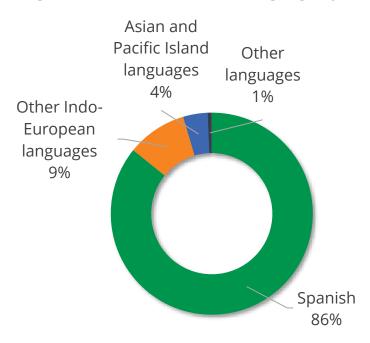
Figure 3-12: LEP Households | 2022



Source: 2022 ACS 5-Year Estimates

In Polk County 4.8% of households are considered LEP. This is lower than the Florida average (6.8%), but higher than the US average (4.2%) (Figure 3-12). Of all LEP households in Polk County, 86% are Spanish speaking while other languages make up the remaining 14% (Figure 3-13). LEP households are most concentrated across Lake Wales, Haines City, and adjacent to I-4 and US-27 (Map 3-11).

Figure 3-13: LEP Household Languages | 2022

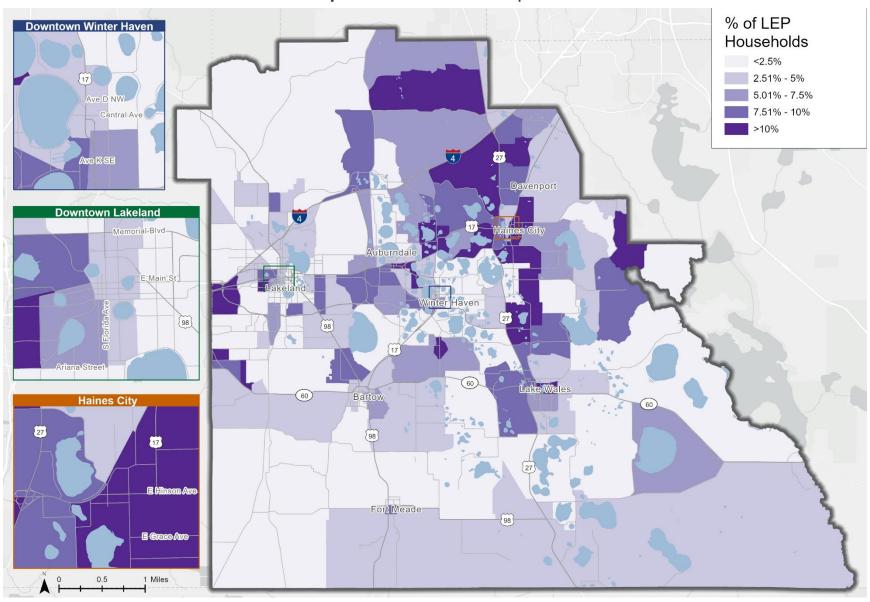






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Map 3-11: LEP Households | 2022









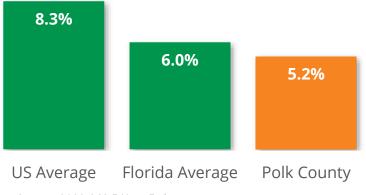
Automobile Ownership

Owning a vehicle can be a significant cost, particularly for households already near or below the poverty line. Households that do not own a vehicle, either because of unaffordability or by choice, are considered "zero-vehicle households" and are more likely to use transit for work, education, and recreational trips.

Within Polk County, 5.2% of households are "zero-vehicle." This is lower than the Florida average (6.0%) and the US average (8.3%) (Figure 3-14). Renters in Polk County are more than three times more likely to not own a vehicle at 10.4% compared to owner-occupied units (Figure 3-15).

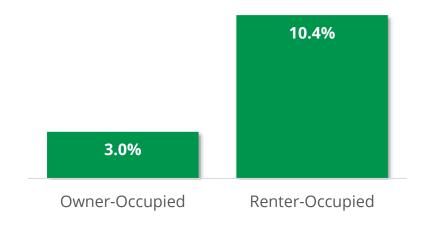
Map 3-12 shows that the Lakeland, Winter Haven, Haines City, Lake Wales, and Fort Meade areas have block groups exceeding 20% of households with no vehicle.

Figure 3-14: Zero Vehicle Households | 2022



Source: 2022 ACS 5-Year Estimates

Figure 3-15: Zero Vehicle Households by Tenure | 2022

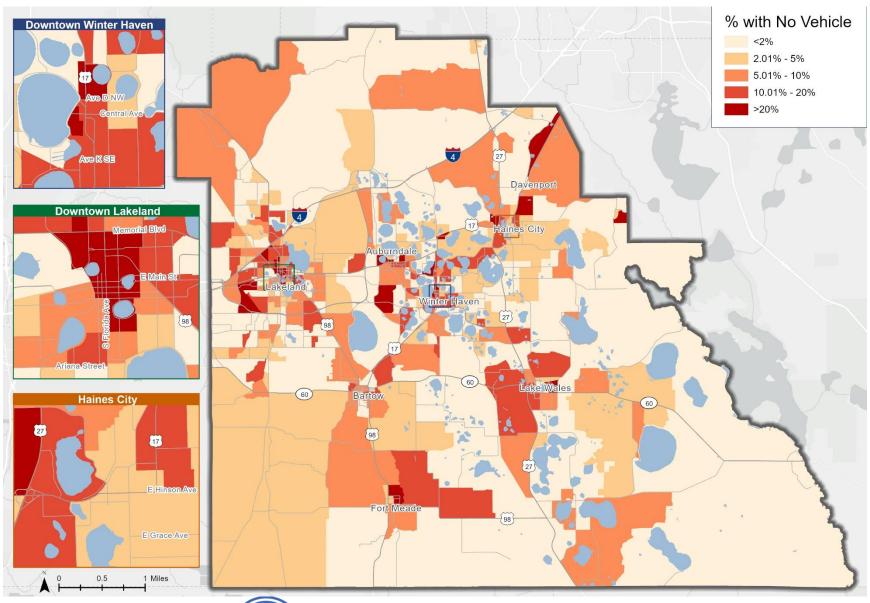








Map 3-12: Zero-Vehicle Households | 2022









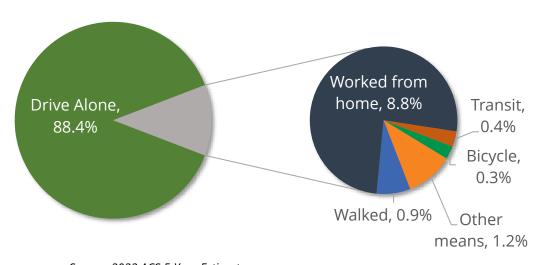
Travel Behavior

Travel flow data were analyzed to assess general travel behaviors and patterns in and around Polk County. By better understanding commuting behaviors and general travel patterns, Citrus Connection may plan its transit services to better accommodate demonstrated travel demand.

Commute Profile

The most popular commute choice for Polk County residents is driving (88.4%). Working from home is the second most popular mode of commuting, comprising an all-time high of 8.8%. All other modes for commuting, including transit, only amount to 2.8% of all commuting trips (Figure 3-16).

Figure 3-16: Commute Mode | 2022







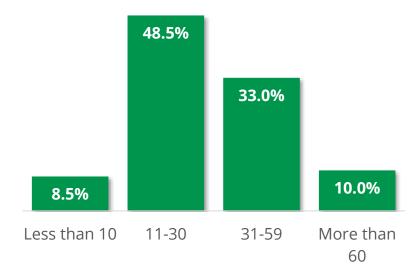


Insight into commuting time is important to understand how transit may help the community's travel options. The average commute time in Polk County is approximately 30 minutes. Figure 3-17 shows more than half of commute trips are 30 minutes or less, and only one in ten commutes exceeds an hour. Map 3-13 displays the proportion of people who have a commute greater than 30 minutes by block group. Areas with the highest proportion of long commutes are located closest to Lake, Osceola, and Orange counties, suggesting many residents in northeast Polk County commute to the Orlando metropolitan area.

Polk County Commute Origins

Replica, a mobility and economic activities data management tool, estimates travel trends based on data sources like road traffic, mobile locations, and financial transactions. At a more granular level, Replica compiles data for commute trips that originate or terminate within a given Census block group. Trips originating from Census block groups throughout Polk County are displayed in Map 3-14, which highlights elevated levels of commuting activity in many parts of Lakeland and areas of Haines City, Davenport, and Poinciana.

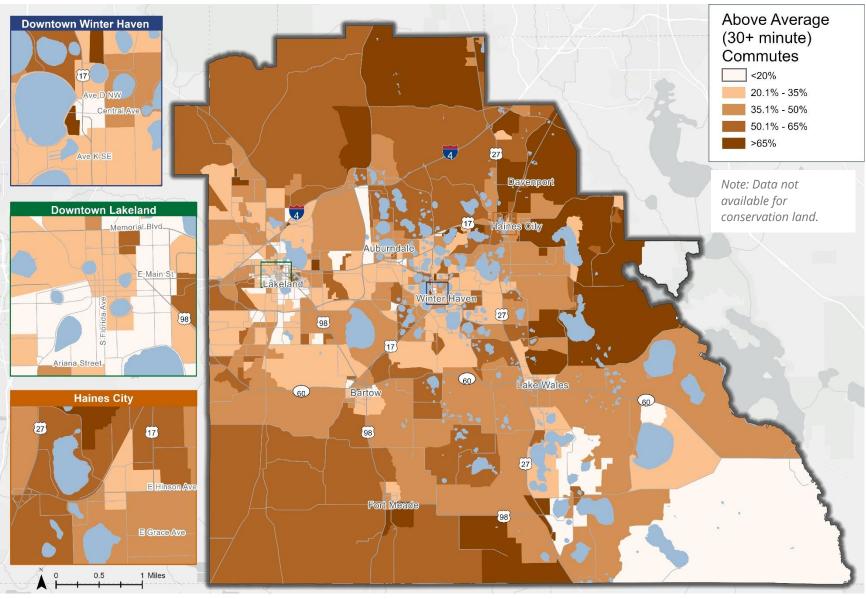
Figure 3-17: Commute Trips by Duration (minutes) | All Modes | 2022







ORANGE LINE 1 Map 3-13: Above Average Commute Duration by Block Group in Polk County | 2022







Map 3-14: Daily Commuting Trips Originating in Polk County (Replica, 2023)

Daily Commuting Downtown Winter Haven Trips Originating in Polk County <2,500 2,501 - 5,000 Central Ave 5,001 - 8,000 8,001 - 15,000 >15,000 Ave KSE Davenport Note: Data not Downtown Lakeland available for Haines City conservation land. Auburndale Main St 98 Bartow **Haines City** 17 E Hinson Ave Fort Meade E Grace Ave





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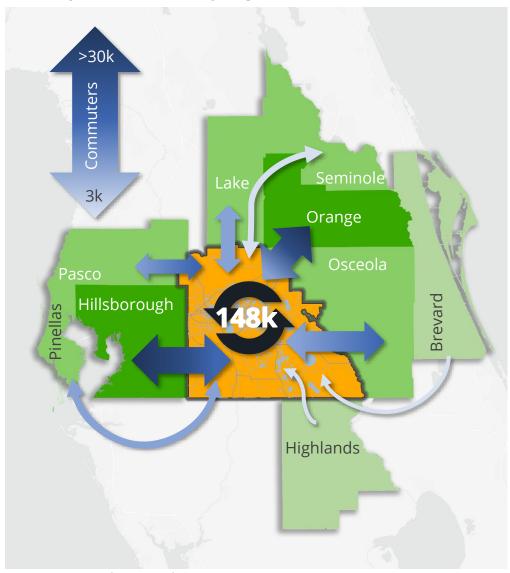
Regional Commute Inflow and Outflow

Reviewing regional commute patterns is important to evaluate existing transit services and understand the potential need for more regional travel connections. According to the Census-based Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (LEHD) "OnTheMap" tool, over 150,000 Polk County residents leave the county every day to work. This accounts for over half of commute trips that start in Polk County (Map 3-15). The top inflow for Polk County workers who live elsewhere is Hillsborough County, while the top outflow for Polk County residents leaving to work is Orange County (Table 3-3). Osceola and Pasco counties also experience high travel inflow and outflow.

Table 3-3: Regional Commuter Travel Flow | 2022

County	Inflow	Outflow
Hillsborough	23,722	31,815
Orange	11,235	41,088
Osceola	8,726	11,265
Pasco	7,243	4,336
Pinellas	5,785	7,825
Lake	3,948	3,959
Seminole	3,225	4,491
Highlands	3,457	-
Brevard	3,231	-
Total	70,572	104,779

Map 3-15: Polk County Regional Commute Travel Flow



Source: LEHD "OnTheMap" tool

Note for Table 3-3: "-" denotes that there was not a notable number of commuters according to the Census.





Roadway and Traffic Conditions

A review of the Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) on significant roadways in Polk County was conducted based on data available from FDOT. The AADT represents the average daily volume of traffic on a defined section of roadway. The AADT helps to assess heavily traveled or congested roadways that may be better served by transit. Implementing transit on congested roadways can replace some automobile trips, improve traffic flow, and reduce emissions. Roadways in Polk County with the highest AADT (60,000+ daily trips) consist of:

- I-4 throughout the county
- US-27 between I-4 and US-17/92

Other major roadways with elevated levels of traffic (more than 40,000 daily trips) include:

- US-98 between Bartow and Socrum Loop Road
- US-27 north of I-4 and between Lake Wales and Haines City
- Segments of the Polk Parkway

Map 3-16 shows the major roadways that FDOT monitors symbolized by AADT counts.

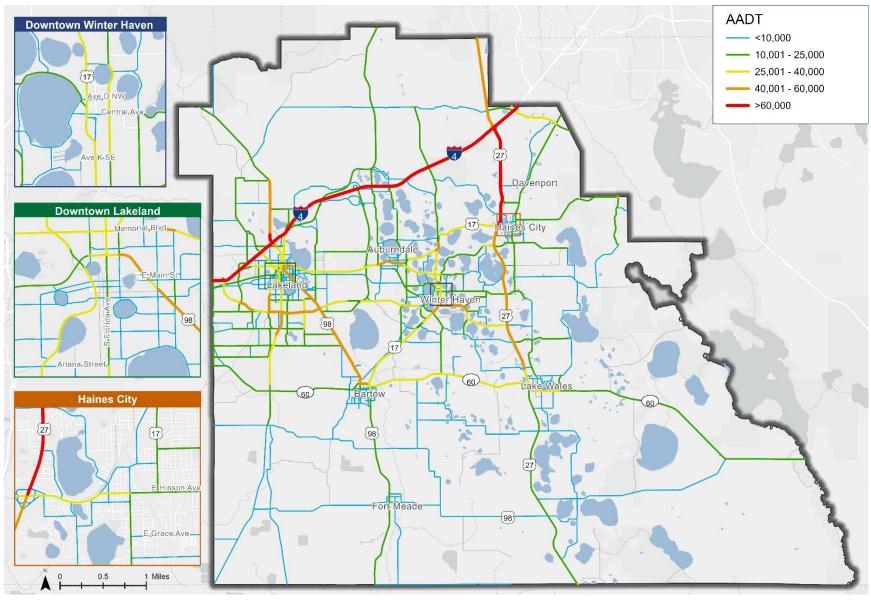








Map 3-16: AADT in Polk County | 2023









Crashes

Examining crash data is essential to understand where transit improvements can enhance safety and alternative transportation options. Often secondary roads that connect local roads to primary highways are where most vehicular crashes occur.

In Polk County, roadways with the highest crash rates are near the downtown cores of several cities, the highest being downtown Lakeland.

Specific intersections where crashes occur most often include:

- Lakeland
 - o Florida Avenue and Memorial Boulevard
 - Florida Avenue and Bartow Road
 - I-4 exit 32 and US-98
- Winter Haven
 - U.S. Route 17 between Cypress Gardens Boulevard and Havendale Boulevard
 - Cypress Creek Boulevard between US-17 and Overlook Drive
- Haines City
 - US-17 and 3rd Street, 4th Street, and Jones Avenue
- Bartow
 - US-98/SR-60 through the US-17 intersection

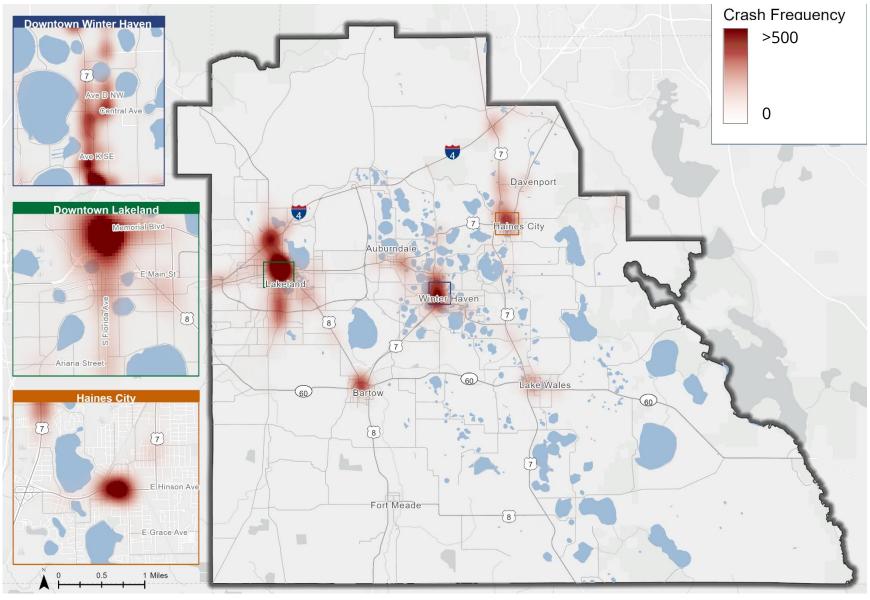
Map 3-17 shows the roadways with higher-frequency crashes compared to the rest of the roadway network.





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Map 3-17: Crashes in Polk County | 2023





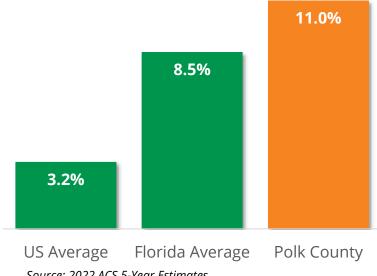




Seasonal Residents

Like tourists, seasonal residents also enjoy Polk County's attractions and amenities during the winter and spring months. These residents could benefit from transit services connecting them to popular destinations or the airports. According to the ACS, more than 10% of Polk County dwelling units is for seasonal, recreational, or occasional use. This is slightly higher than the Florida average and more than three times the US average (Figure 3-18). This suggests that Citrus Connection should consider special or enhanced services when seasonal residents and visitors are present.

Figure 3-18: Percent of Seasonal Dwelling Units | 2022



Source: 2022 ACS 5-Year Estimates







Key Trip Attractors and Activity Hubs

Major activity centers attract residents, employees, or tourists for various activities such as employment, shopping, education, recreation, and cultural events. Understanding the demand of major activity centers as trip generators is crucial to ensure appropriate transit accessibility. The major activity centers discussed below are located throughout the county and close to major roadways.

Lakeland Linder International Airport

Avelo Airlines began passenger service at Lakeland International Airport in June 2024. Avelo Airlines may also expand service by adding routes. According to the City of Lakeland, the airport will complete \$1.6 million of upgrades to expand the passenger security screening checkpoint, add additional hold room seating, and improve the rental car offices. The airport generates over \$1.5 billion in economic impact to the region. Citrus Connection's Red line currently serves the airport.







Joker Marchant Stadium

Joker Marchant Stadium, located adjacent to Lakeland Hills Boulevard, is a historic baseball venue that is the spring training home of the Detroit Tigers. The Detroit Tigers Spring Training has been held in Lakeland since the 1930s. The stadium also hosts the Lakeland Flying Tigers, the Detroit Tigers' minor league affiliate, and other community events, concerts, and baseball tournaments.

Currently, Citrus Connection's Pink Line serves the stadium. The TIGERTOWN Express Pilot Service began in 2024 and will operate service to Joker Marchant Stadium from various park and ride facilities during spring training seasons through 2028.

Downtown Lakeland

According to Lakeland Downtown Development Authority, also known as Downtown Lakeland, there are 40 restaurants, 20 retail stores, 7 salons and spas, or other attractions in the area such as parks, higher education centers, and an outdoor amphitheater. In April 2024, Lakeland's City Commission adopted the Downtown West Action Plan to improve multimodal connectivity. Most west Polk County transit routes can be accessed from downtown Lakeland in addition to the Purple route connecting Lakeland to Winter Haven.







Higher Education Centers

Polk County is home to higher education institutions that cater to student populations and offer a wide range of academic programs. Key institutions include:

- Florida Polytechnic University
- Florida Southern College
- Polk State College
- Ridge Technical College
- Southeastern University
- Warner University
- Webber International University

Florida Southern College and Southeastern University campuses are in Lakeland. Polk State College has multiple campuses with locations in Lakeland, Winter Haven, Bartow, and Lake Wales. Florida Polytechnic University and Ridge Technical College campuses are in Winter Haven while Warner University is in Lake Wales. Webber International University is in Babson Park. Southeastern University and Polk State College participate in the UAP, discussed more in the next section. Through the UAP all enrolled students have access to Citrus Connection network. There are approximately 14,800 students enrolled at Polk State College with 90% being Polk County residents, according to Polk State College. Citrus Connection also serves Ridge Technical College.







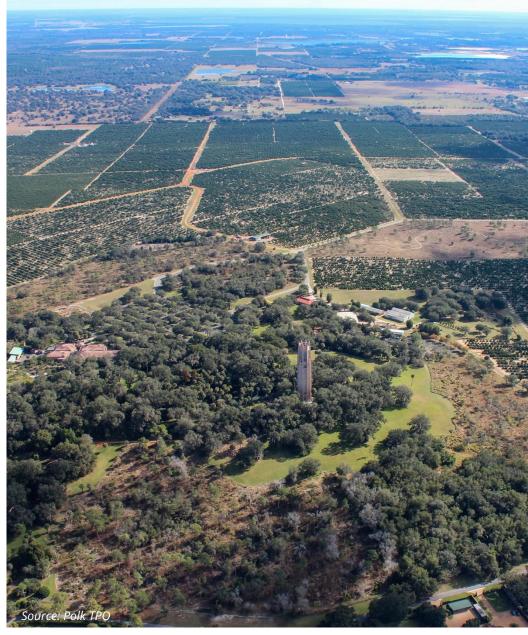


Bok Tower Gardens

Bok Tower Gardens is a designated National Historic Landmark located in Lake Wales east of US-17. The 250 acre property features gardens, walking paths, a visitor center, shops, and a cafe. It can host group events, weddings, and concerts. This attraction currently has no transit connections.

Legoland

Legoland is a 150 acre theme park located in Winter Haven. It also offers a water park, two on-site hotels, and other attractions. Customers can connect to the park at nearby transit stops on Old Helena Road and Legoland Way via Citrus Connection Route 30, which connects to the nearby Winter Haven Terminal. Furthermore, Legoland participates in the UAP program, allowing employees to access any transit route seven days a week by presenting their ID badge.







Tourism

Tourists are an important group of customers to consider when identifying local and regional transportation needs. Regional connections to nearby international airports would cost less than renting a car and would be convenient for visitors who do not want to or cannot drive. Residents and tourists traveling around the region will also benefit if transit is a convenient option and reduces congestion.

With its central location and many attractions, tourism is a key local industry. According to the Central Florida Development Council (CFDC), Polk County hosts over 5 million visitors annually. It is also Florida's top host of amateur sporting events, hosting more than 260 and generating more than \$149 million in economic impact annually. It is estimated that 41,000 employees support tourism and hospitality.







Growth and Development

Polk County is growing rapidly, and new development affects where and how transit services should be operated in the future. As major employers or new developments can be large transit trip generators, it is important to understand location relative to existing transit services.

Map 3-18 showcases where building permits have been issued over the past five years, indicating potential patterns in recent development. Although nearly 16,000 building permits were issued, hot spots of development include northeast Polk County area including Davenport, Haines City, Poinciana, Auburndale, and Haines City.

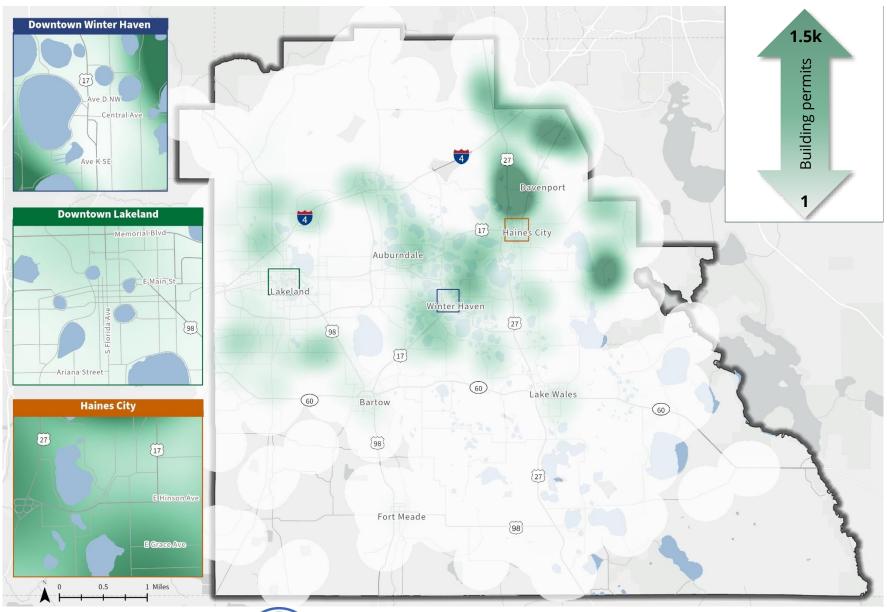








Map 3-18: Building Permits Issued in Polk County | 2018-2023









Housing

A combination of federal and local programs provides funding assistance for housing coordination.
Reflecting data from the Florida Housing Data
Clearinghouse, Table 3-4 summarizes the 7,766
assisted units in Polk County by location. Map 3-19
shows the coordinated housing locations by number of units.

Table 3-4: Coordinated Housing Properties and Units by Location | 2024

Location	Assisted Units
Auburndale	193
Bartow	688
Fort Meade	83
Frostproof	101
Haines City	687
Lake Alfred	30
Lake Wales	731
Lakeland	3,129
Mulberry	187
Polk City	35
Unincorporated Polk County	115
Winter Haven	1,787
Total	7,766

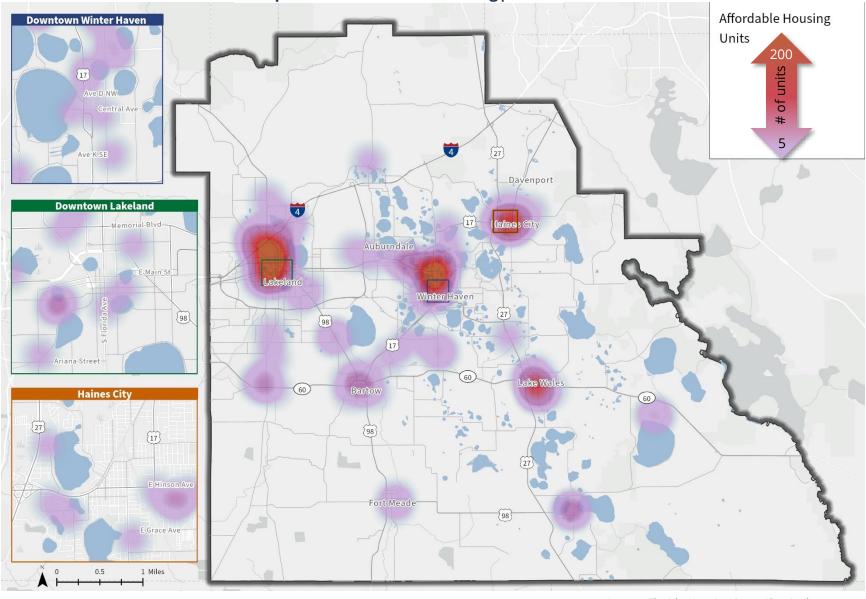
Source: Florida Housing Data Clearinghouse







Map 3-19: Coordinated Housing | 2023









Demographics & Travel Demand Trend Overview | 2022 to 2025

Polk County has been shaped by shifts in population growth, demographics, new key activity hubs, and travel behavior. Since the adoption of the Polk Transit Vision 2032 TDP in 2022, Polk County has experienced ongoing population growth accompanied by significant new developments throughout the area. The Cities of Davenport and Haines City continue to be the fastest growing incorporated areas within Polk County, 37.3% and 32.3% growth from 2020 to 2023, respectively. Although growth will continue throughout Polk County, according to the 2050 population density maps, density in eastern Polk County will continue to increase at a faster rate than other areas in Polk County.

Since the 2022 TDP, the proportion of households in Polk County making more than \$50,000 annually has increased by 8.4%, while the proportion of residents living in poverty decreased in tandem. Simultaneously, the proportion of zero-vehicle households increased by 2.9%.

While the proportion of residents with a high school diploma continues to be the most common level of education attainment, the proportion of residents that have attended some college or have a bachelors degree or higher has increased marginally.

The top five employers included in the Polk Transit Vision 2032 TDP continue to be the top employers in 2025, with additional employees. Updated BEBR estimates indicate the share of working adults and the age bracket that would most likely be commuting, 25 to 64, would remain approximately half of the total population. Since the 2022 TDP, the proportion of commuters who choose to drive alone and worked from home has increased by 5.0% and 4.8%, respectively. While the 2022 TDP shows the majority (59.8%) of those who drove alone had a commute time of 30 minutes or less, all commuters that had a commute of 30 minutes or less is now 48.5%. Hillsborough County continues to be the top inflow and outflow pattern for commuters.

Roadways including I-4 and parts of US 27 continue to have high traffic volume with more than 50,000 annual average daily vehicles in both 2022 and 2025 TDPs. With additional employment opportunities, local and regionally, there may be a demand for alternative transportation options as traffic continues to increase with a higher share of commuters choosing to drive alone.







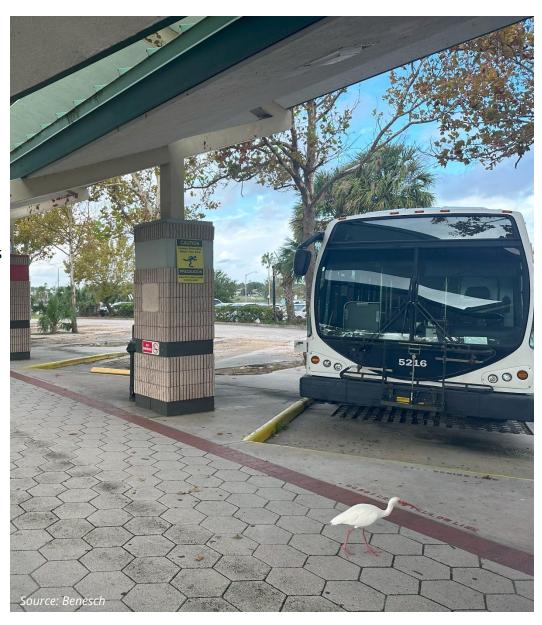
Existing Transit Service Evaluation

This section provides a snapshot of current Citrus Connection services and facilities. Information on other public transportation services within the county or that offer regional connections is also summarized to provide a comprehensive picture of transit options available for Polk County residents and visitors.

Citrus Connection Overview

Starting in 1983, transit in Polk County was provided by the Lakeland Area Mass Transit District (LAMTD) now operating as Citrus Connection. Since 2015, Citrus Connection has operated all public transportation services in the county, including rural routes servicing Bartow and Fort Meade. These routes, along with countywide paratransit service, were provided previously by Winter Haven Area Transit (WHAT) and Polk County Transit System (PCTS). These three agencies operated independently of each other, creating challenges and inefficiencies given the limited funding and other resources available between the two designated urbanized areas and vast rural areas in the county.

Citrus Connection's current fixed-route system consists of 31 routes providing local and regional access for Polk County residents and visitors (Map 3-20). The Squeeze, a localized golf-cart shuttle service, serves Bartow, Lakeland, and Lake Wales.

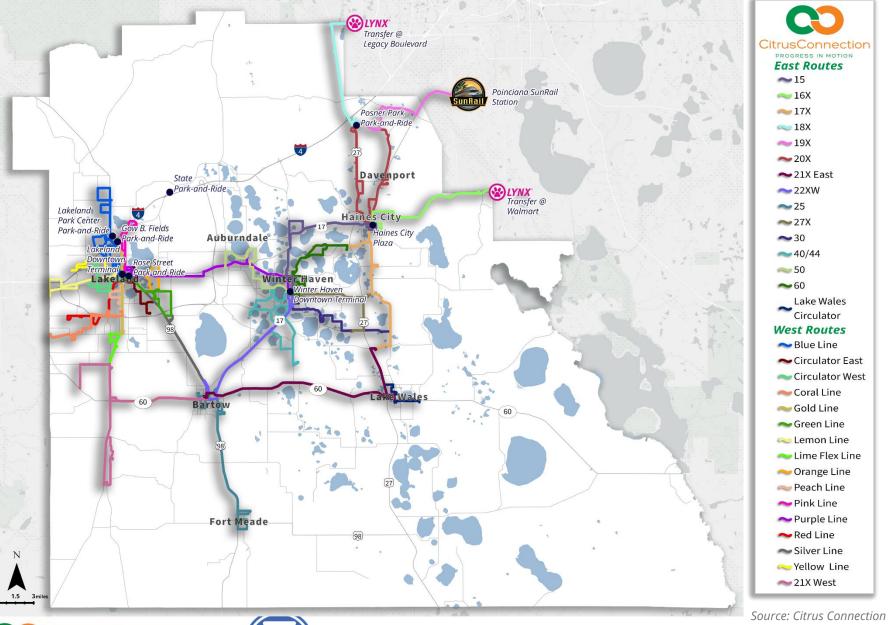












Polk Transportation

Planning Organization

CitrusConnection

PROGRESS IN MOTION

3-46



Network Profile

Tables 3-5, 3-6, 3-7, and 3-8 show the weekday and weekend service spans for all Citrus Connection routes. All current headways are 30 minutes or longer. Morning service begins at 5:45 AM in the east and west areas on select routes. During peak morning hours (6:00–9:00 AM), all routes are in operation.

East Routes

Most east routes operate with weekday headways of 45 minutes or longer. Route 27X has limited service from Dundee to and from the Eagle Ridge Mall, Walmart, and Winter Haven Transfer Center. All routes have a more limited service on Saturdays, with most operating 90-minute headways or longer. The Lake Wales Circulator has 40-minute service on Saturday. Route 30, serving Legoland, is the only route that operates on Sunday with funding from Legoland. It serves the theme park and other stops every 2 hours.

West Routes

The Gold, Peach, and Pink Lines provide 30-minute service in western Polk County. The Peach Line, serving the area around Florida Avenue in Lakeland, begins service at 6:17 AM and ends at 7:05 PM; this is the longest service span among the routes with 30-minute headways.

Like the east routes, most west routes have limited Saturday service. The Blue, Lemon, and Yellow Lines, the Circulator Eastside, and the Circulator Westside have headways of 2 hours or greater on Saturdays. Most west routes operate from 7:15 AM to 3:00 PM on the weekends.

15 Routes serve East Polk

14 Routes serve West Polk

3 Routes connects East-West







Table 3-5: Citrus Connection Network | East Routes

Route	Weekday		Saturday		Sunday	
	Headway*	Service Span	Headway*	Service Span	Headway*	Service Span
15	90	5:45 AM - 7:05 PM	180	6:40 AM - 2:55 PM		
16X	90	6:25 AM - 7:45 PM				
17X	120	6:15 AM - 7:10 PM	120	7:25 AM - 3:06 PM		
18X	90	5:45 AM - 7:06 PM	90	7:15 AM - 4:06 PM		
19X	30/60	5:45 AM - 7:10 PM				
20X	90	5:45 AM - 7:05 PM	90	7:15 AM - 4:05 PM		
22XW	90	5:45 AM - 7:04 PM	240	8:15 AM - 1:34 PM		
25	60/75	5:45 AM - 6:23 PM				
27X	300	6:00 AM - 7:05 PM				
30	60	6:15 AM - 7:00 PM	120	7:15 AM - 4:00 PM	120	8:15 AM - 3:00 PM
40/44	90	5:45 AM - 7:02 PM	180	6:45 AM - 3:02 PM		
50	90	5:45 AM - 7:00 PM	240	8:15 AM - 1:30 PM		
60	90	5:15 AM - 5:45 PM				
603	120	6:10 AM - 6:10 PM	120	6:10 AM - 6:10 PM		
Lake Wales Circulator	55	6:15 AM - 5:55 PM	55	8:15 AM - 4:36 PM		





^{*}in minutes rounded to the nearest 15-minute interval



Table 3-6: Citrus Connection Network | West Routes

Line	V	Weekday		Saturday		Sunday	
	Headway*	Service Span	Headway*	Service Span	Headway*	Service Span	
Blue	45	5:45 AM - 6:50 PM	150	7:15 AM - 2:27 PM			
Circulator Eastside	60	6:15 AM - 6:09 PM	120	8:15 AM - 2:09 PM			
Circulator Westside	60	6:15 AM - 6:05 PM	120	7:15 AM - 3:05 PM			
Coral	90	7:45 AM - 5:30 PM					
Gold	30	6:15 AM - 6:35 PM	30	7:15 AM - 3:35 PM			
Green	60	6:15 AM - 6:05 PM	60	7:15 AM - 3:05 PM			
Lemon	60	5:45 AM - 5:38 PM	120	7:15 AM - 3:06 PM			
Lime	60	6:15 AM - 6:08 PM					
Orange	60	6:15 AM - 6:06 PM	60	7:15 AM - 3:05 PM			
Peach	30	6:17 AM - 7:05 PM	60	7:17 AM - 3:05 PM			
Pink	30	6:15 AM - 6:08 PM					
Red	60	5:45 AM - 5:35 PM					
Silver	45	5:45 AM - 5:49 PM					
Yellow	60	6:15 AM - 5:59 PM	120	8:15 AM - 1:59 PM			





^{*}in minutes rounded to the nearest 15 minute interval



Table 3-7: Citrus Connection Network | East-West Service

Line	Weekday		Saturday		Sunday	
	Headway*	Service Span	Headway*	Service Span	Headway*	Service Span
Purple	90	5:45 AM - 6:50 PM	120	7:15 AM - 3:05 PM		
21X East	120	6:30 AM - 6:05 PM	120	7:30 AM - 3:05 PM		
21X West	120	6:30 AM - 6:17 PM	120	7:30 AM - 3:17 PM		

Table 3-8: Citrus Connection Network | Squeeze Service

Service	V	Weekday Saturda		Saturday	lay Sunday	
Service	Headway	Service Span	Headway	Service Span	Headway	Service Span
Bartow - Lunch	10	10:30 AM - 2:30 PM				
Lake Wales - Lunch	12	11:00 AM - 2:00 PM				
Lakeland - Lunch	6-8	11:00 AM - 2:00 PM				
Lakeland - Day	25	8:00 AM - 3:05 PM	25	8:00 AM - 3:05 PM		
Lakeland - Night	25	4:00 PM - 11:05 PM	25	4:00 PM - 11:05 PM		





^{*}in minutes rounded to the nearest 15 minute interval

The Squeeze

The Squeeze is a fare free shuttle service, providing service within three Polk County downtown areas. The Lakeland Lunch Squeeze is sponsored by the Lakeland Downtown Development Authority (LDDA) while the Bartow and Lake Wales Squeeze services are paid for by their respective municipalities.

Over the past two years, The Squeeze has expanded from serving only downtown Lakeland to Bartow and Lake Wales and expanding service hours in Lakeland. The service runs during weekday lunch hours in Lakeland (11:00 AM - 2:00 PM), Lake Wales (11:00 AM - 2:00 PM), Bartow (10:30 AM - 2:30 PM). The Squeeze also operates on Friday and Saturday from 8:00 AM - 3:05 PM and 4:00 PM - 11:00 PM throughout Lakeland. Appendix B shows the current Squeeze routes.

5 Squeeze shuttles serve Polk County







Existing Regional Connections

There are currently three Citrus Connection routes that service locations where customers can transfer to transit networks in adjacent counties.

Route 18X serves Four Corners in Orange County, connecting to the LYNX bus network via Legacy Boulevard. Route 19X serves the Poinciana SunRail Station in Osceola County, with connections to both SunRail and LYNX services. Route 16X connects to LYNX at Walmart in Poinciana, Osceola County.

On weekdays, Routes 16X and 18X run between 5:45 AM-7:00 PM, while 19X runs from 6:25 AM-7:45 PM. Route 18X operates on Saturdays 7:15 AM-4:00 PM.

Recent Service Improvements and Additions

Resources from Route 35 were repurposed to improve the 21X and 22XW routes to 90-minute headways. Changes to expand coverage were made to Routes 15 and 60. In western Polk County, resources from the Cyan Line were repurposed to implement four new routes: the Coral Line serving southwest Lakeland; the Lemon Line serving west Lakeland; and two circulator routes serving interior Lakeland neighborhoods east and west of downtown. Additionally, the Blue and Orange Lines were streamlined and Circulator East was extended to connect to the Veterans Administration Hospital. To improve ontime performance, a second bus was added to the Silver Line and the Lemon Line was modified.







Citrus Connection also has implemented a fare-free seasonal service, the TIGERTOWN Express, to Joker Marchant Stadium for the Detroit Tigers Spring Training games. The TIGERTOWN Express serves the following locations:

- Gow B. Fields Park-and-Ride
- Lakeland Park Center
- Rose Street Park-and-Ride
- RP Funding Center
- Select hotels in the Lakeside Village area

The TIGERTOWN Express has four routes. The north route connects customers to and from Lakeland Park Center and Gow B. Fields park-and-rides to the stadium every 10-12 minutes. The south route connects to and from the RP Center and Rose Street park-and-rides to the stadium every 13-15 minutes. The Lakeside Village route serves that area along with other park-and-rides. The northeast route services the Socrum Loop neighborhoods north of Griffin Road every 13-15 minutes. Figure 3-1 shows the flag at each park-and-ride for recognition.









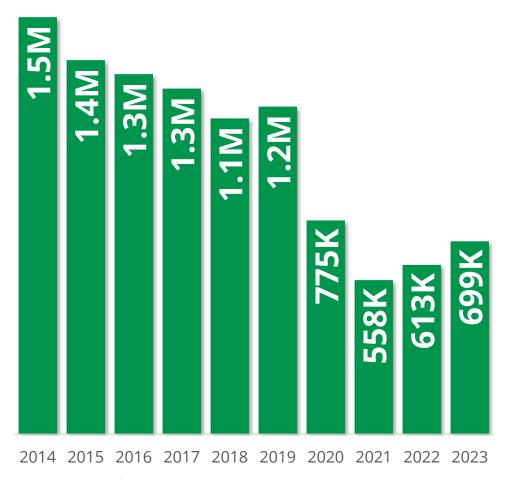
Ridership Trends

Figure 3-19 summarizes Citrus Connection ridership trends from 2014 to 2023, based on data from Florida Transit Information System (FTIS), and validated National Transit Database (NTD) data.

From 2014-2018, Citrus Connection ridership steadily decreased from 1.5 million passenger trips to 1.1 million (-24.3%). However, in 2019, ridership increased to 1.2 million.

Due to a 2020 public health emergency, in 2021, ridership decreased significantly from 2019 (-53%). According to the Congressional Research Service, nationwide transit ridership fell by approximately 50% of pre-emergency levels in 2020 and 2021. More recently, Citrus Connection's ridership increased 25.2% from 2021 to 2023.

Figure 3-19: Citrus Connection Ridership | 2014 - 2023



Source: FTIS and Citrus Connection





ORANGE LINE 1

Ridership Productivity

While the absolute number of trips generated by a route is one way to assess its productivity, it may not fully capture the overall performance or potential. Routes may operate at various times at different frequencies. Exploring trips per revenue hour by route normalizes the average amount of service supplied to examine productivity. Trips per revenue hour is defined as the number of passenger trips in an hour while a route is in service.

In FY 2023, the average trips per revenue hour systemwide was 5.2. Figure 3-20 shows the most productive Citrus Connection routes that surpass the systemwide average.

Citrus Connection's most productive route is the Gold Line, with 14 customers per revenue hour. The Purple Line, Silver Line, and Route 15 serve 11 customers per hour on average. All other routes serve less than 10 customers per hour.





8.8







6.2



Lime

30

Pink







Ridership by Bus Stop

Most Citrus Connection bus stops are in incorporated areas with higher density and employment. As the availability and use of these capital facilities is important to understand, GIS data on ridership/activity were analyzed.

Map 3-21 shows that the highest activity occurs at the transfer centers facilitating connections between routes. Most facilities with higher ridership are located along corridors with a high density of retail and major attractions, such as Florida Avenue.

The park-and-rides lots connecting riders to and from other regional transit systems have at least 5 daily boardings with the SunRail station connection averaging at least 26 daily boardings. Other areas with notable ridership are in Auburndale, Bartow, and Haines City.

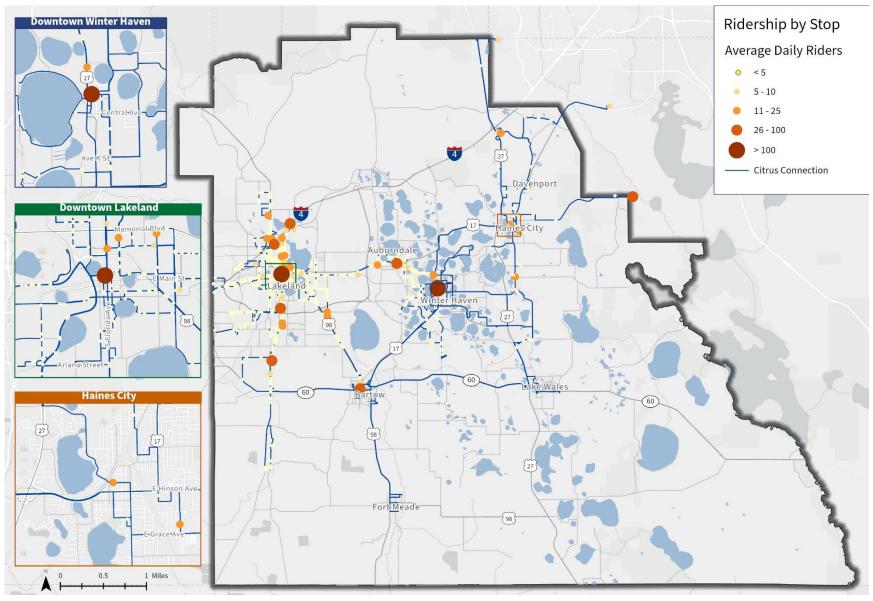






ORANGE LINE 1

Map 3-21: Citrus Connection | Average Daily Ridership by Stop







Paratransit Services

Citrus Connection also provides transportation options for individuals who are unable to use the bus system or otherwise qualify for door-to-door paratransit service under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Citrus Connection features an online reservation system for paratransit trips via its website.

ADA Paratransit

Citrus Connection's ADA paratransit serves customers who are unable to use fixed-route services. Paratransit services have a specialized fleet with wheelchair liftequipped buses and functions as a call ahead, door-todoor service for older adults, disadvantaged citizens, and individuals with disabilities throughout Polk County. One-way fares for the service are \$2 and customers can find information on the website. Citrus Connection requires residents to qualify and encourages transportation plans to be made ahead of time. The paratransit service hours are comparable to fixed-route with reservations taken Monday through Friday from 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM and 8:00 AM - 4:00 PM on Saturdays, excluding holidays. Customers must apply for and be certified as qualified to use the ADA paratransit service. A qualifying individual can be picked up within ¾-miles of a fixed route and there is no limit to the number of rides once they are qualified.







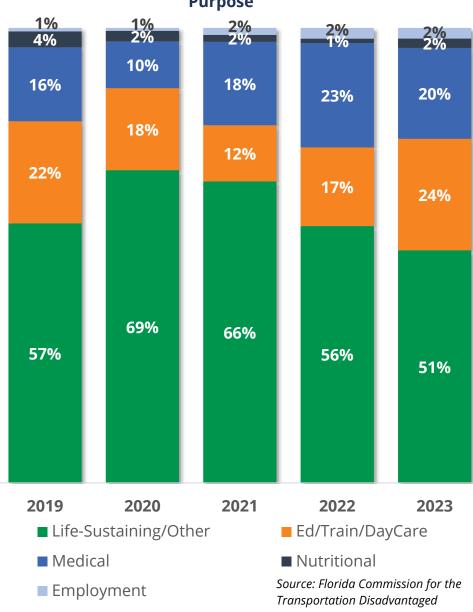
ORANGE LINE 1

Transportation Disadvantaged

Citrus Connection serves as Polk County's Community Transportation Coordinator (CTC) for the Transportation Disadvantaged (TD) program. This state-funded program serves at-risk children, older adults, individuals with disabilities, and low-income residents.

TD trips are categorized by trip purpose as Employment, Medical, Education/Training/Day Care, Nutritional, or Life-Sustaining/Other. Trips categorized as Life-Sustaining and Other have been the largest proportion of TD trips in Polk County, with over half of the total annual trips in the previous five years. Education/Training/Day Care and Medical trips are also common, while Employment and Nutrition combined were less than 5% in each of the previous five years (Figure 3-21). It is worth noting that, following 2020, there was decrease in the share of Life-Sustaining trips (from 69% in 2020 to 51% in 2023), with each of the four other categories making up greater proportion of trips.

Figure 3-21: Transportation Disadvantaged | Trip Purpose









Current Fare Structure

Table 3-9 shows the current Citrus Connection fare structure. Customers should have either exact cash, a SMARTCARD, or their phone to show digital payment.

Digital Payment

Citrus Connection offers customers the convenience of contactless fare payment using the mPass app. In the app, customers can pay their fare via credit/debit card or digital services such as ApplePay, Google Pay, or Masterpass.

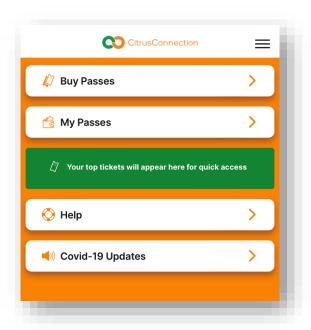


Table 3-9: Citrus Connection | Fare

Туре	Price				
Single Fare					
Adults	\$1.50				
Students	\$1.25				
Seniors (65+)	\$0.75				
Disabled	\$0.75				
ADA Paratransit	\$2.00				
ADA Fixed-Route	FREE				
Children	FREE				
Multi-Fare Passes					
Monthly Pass	\$47.00				
Weekly Unlimited Pass	\$12.00				
Adult Day Pass	\$3.00				
Student Day Pass	\$2.50				
Senior/Disabled Day Pass	\$1.50				
Senior/Disabled Week Pass	\$9.00				
Senior/Disabled Monthly Pass	\$31.50				







The UAP program allows members of participating organizations to ride Citrus Connection for free with a valid ID. This service is aimed at schools and employers looking to help their students or employees find alternative ways to travel.

The following entities, among others, currently participate in the UAP:

- Polk State College
- Southeastern University
- Legoland
- Polk County Schools
- Lakeland Downtown Development Authority
- Veterans
- Spectrum
- Pace Center for Girls
- Central Florida Healthcare
- Peace River Center
- New Beginnings High School









Capital Facilities/Transit Infrastructure

A review of the capital assets supporting Citrus Connection was also conducted. The capital inventory includes bus stops, transfer stations, and administrative offices.

Bus Stop Infrastructure

Understanding the placement and distribution of stops can help identify gaps in service. Citrus Connection has more than 1,000 stops throughout its service area and nearly 400 are within the Lakeland city limits. There are over 380 stops distributed throughout unincorporated Polk County (Table 3-10).

Table 3-10: Citrus Connection | Bus Stops by Location

Municipality Name	# of Bus Stops
Lakeland	399
Unincorporated Polk	381
Winter Haven	119
Bartow	54
Auburndale	34
Lake Wales	29
Haines City	18
Lake Alfred	15
Fort Meade	14
Mulberry	10
Davenport	4
Lake Hamilton	4
Dundee	3
Total	1,084

Source: Citrus Connection and Transitions





Transfer Facilities

Currently, there are two bus transfer facilities in Polk County, in Lakeland and Winter Haven. Additionally, there is the SunRail station in Poinciana, located just outside of the Polk County limits. All routes in the respective areas converge to allow customers to transfer to access other various areas of the Citrus Connection service area.

Winter Haven Downtown Terminal

Citrus Connection's east transfer hub is the Winter Haven Downtown Terminal, located in downtown Winter Haven at 555 Avenue E NW. The terminal currently serves eight routes, providing transfers to routes across Polk County and to specific points in Orange and Osceola counties. The Purple Line connects Winter Haven to Lakeland as well as Greyhound buses. It has shelters, benches, picnic tables, bicycle racks, and trash cans.





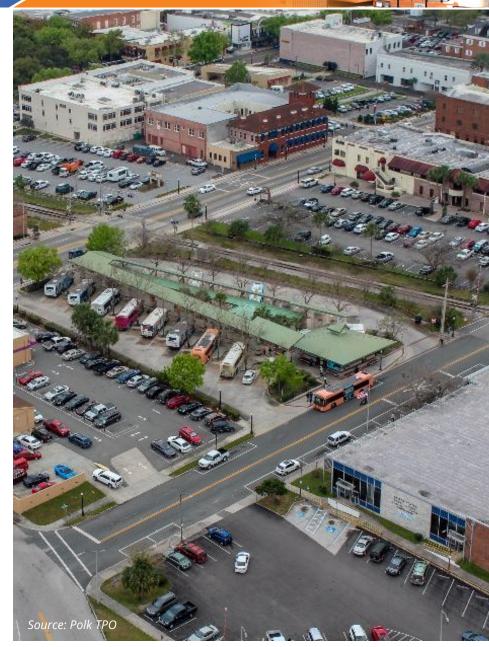


ORANGE LINE

Lakeland Downtown Terminal

The Lakeland Downtown Terminal is located at 200 N Florida Avenue in downtown Lakeland. The facility provides connections for the west bus routes and is adjacent to rail tracks. The terminal provides a covered waiting area and has benches, trash cans, and designated bicycle storage areas.

This location serves mostly west routes—Blue, Gold, Green, Lemon, Lime, Orange, Peach, Pink, Red, Silver, and Yellow, as well as the Circulator routes. It also connects to the Purple Line serving the Winter Haven Terminal for transfers to other east routes.







ORANGE LINE



Posner Park Station

The Posner Park Station is in Davenport adjacent to the Posner Village shopping center at the corner of I-4 and US-27. The facility features four shelters with benches and bicycle racks. It also helps customers connect to the US-27 corridor, the Poinciana SunRail station, and LYNX system via routes 18X, 19X, and 20X. Service to and from this station began on September 8, 2020.







SunRail Poinciana Station

Located approximately six miles east of Polk County in Osceola County, the SunRail station in Poinciana is a key part of the regional transit network. SunRail is central Florida's regional commuter rail service. SunRail currently operates over 61 miles with 17 stations between Volusia, Seminole, Orange, and Osceola counties. SunRail connects Citrus Connection customers to the greater Orlando area via both SunRail and LYNX routes serving its Poinciana station located at 5025 S Rail Avenue. Citrus Connection's Route 19X provides service to the station from the Posner Park Park-and-Ride. The station features shelters, bicycle racks, benches, displays, and a park-and-ride lot.

Future Facilities

SunRail

Recently, FDOT conducted a feasibility study to extend service into Polk County. The study identified proposed/potential future stops in Loughman, Davenport, Haines City, Lake Alfred, Auburndale, Winter Haven, and Lakeland. Loughman, Davenport, and Haines City are the expected locations for the first phase of SunRail station in Polk County.









Brightline

Brightline is a high-speed rail service that currently operates from downtown Miami to the Orlando International Airport. The route serves six stations with two additional stations planned to open along this route. Although there is not an official timeline, future service from Orlando to Tampa is being discussed and may include a station in Polk County. This would connect Polk County to Tampa, Orlando, and other major cities in south Florida.

Lakeland Intermodal Facility

The Lakeland Downtown Terminal currently functions as the primary transfer center for west Polk County routes. There is a need to relocate the Lakeland Intermodal Center to the site identified in the Lakeland Intermodal Study, discussed later in this report. The proposed facility will feature bus bays, park-and-ride lots, multimodal infrastructure, and dedicated areas for passenger drop-off and pick-up, along with other customer amenities.

East County Facility

The planned East County Facility is intended to enhance operational efficiency by reducing deadhead mileage for transit services in east Polk County. The facility will centralize administrative functions, maintenance operations, and vehicle storage to support these routes.

Park-and-Ride Facilities

Currently, there are five park-and-ride facilities in Polk County, with four that serve the east and west area Citrus Connection routes.

Posner Park Station Park-and-Ride

The Posner Park Park-and-Ride is in Davenport adjacent to Posner Park's shops and restaurants and I-4. This facility serves customers traveling via routes 18X, 19X, and 20X.

Gow B. Fields Park-and-Ride

The Gow B. Fields Park-and-Ride on north US-98 adjacent to I-4 was completed in June 2017. It has three shelters with benches and connects the Blue, Pink, and Gold Lines in Lakeland.

Rose Street Park-and-Ride

The Rose Street Park-and-Ride connects the Purple and Silver Lines in Lakeland. It is adjacent to US-98 and Lake Mirror. The facility features covered benches, bike racks, and a bus bay.

Lakeland Park Center Park-and-Ride

The Lakeland Park Center Park-and-Ride connects customers to the Gold Line in Lakeland. It is adjacent to US-98 and I-4 with its amenities. The facility is adjacent to the Lakeland Park Center with shops and restaurants.







State Park-and-Ride

The State Park-and-Ride adjacent to I-4 and SR-33 in Lakeland is not currently served by Citrus Connection. It has 26 parking spots, of which 4 are reserved wheelchair-accessible parking spots.

Administrative Facility

The main administration facility for Citrus Connection is located at 1212 George Jenkins Blvd in Lakeland. It is the hub for all administrative functions, including operations, finance, and all other non-driving work. The administrative offices are attached to a bus garage providing the following functions:

- Maintenance garage
- Fueling station
- Washing station
- Bus storage lot









Fleet Inventory

Citrus Connection's fleet consists of 45 vehicles. With a fleet-wide average age of 7.7 years, most vehicles (60%) are within their useful life based on FTA guidance. All buses are equipped with bike racks and touchless tap card payment options.

While more vehicles are reaching their expected service life, there are efforts to replace them as they age out of service. Citrus Connection currently has 31 vehicles on order and expects to begin replacing the aging current vehicles within the next year. Many of these vehicles include 26-foot cutaway buses.

Other Transit Providers

The following describes other transit providers within Polk County.

- FlixBus USA & Greyhound runs service through Polk County in Lakeland, Auburndale, Winter Haven, and Lake Wales, connecting directly to several destinations including Tampa, Orlando, and Miami. These bus routes also have connections to other FlixBus and Greyhound lines, connecting Polk County to the rest of the United States and Canada.
- Amtrak has two stations serving Polk County.
 Lakeland and Winter Haven both have entry points onto Amtrak train routes, connecting to much of the United States.

- As previously mentioned, Citrus Connection has a connecting route to SunRail at Poinciana Station. The existing SunRail route connects Volusia County and Poinciana.
- Although not regularly-scheduled, Uber and Lyft are Transportation Network Companies (TNC) providing app-based on-demand transportation throughout the county. Although service can be requested to and from any location, Uber and Lyft rides are most conveniently accessed in more urban areas where driver supply and rider demand is higher.
- Other local transportation providers in Polk County are shown in Appendix C.







Trend Analysis

This section includes a review of selected service performance trends for Citrus Connection. A peer review analysis also was conducted to compare Citrus Connection's performance with other selected transit systems with similar operating characteristics that Citrus Connection aspires to. The performance indicators help evaluate and benchmark the effectiveness and efficiency of Citrus Connection services. Each analysis is summarized in detail in the remainder of this section.

Data from the FTIS, a comprehensive repository of validated NTD data for transit agencies in the US, were used for these analyses. As published NTD data are typically two years behind the current operating year due to the FTA's rigorous review and validation processes, performance data for 2023 were not available from FTA and were obtained directly from Citrus Connection for the trend analysis.

Performance Trend Analysis

To assess how efficiently Citrus Connection supplies its fixed-route services and how effectively each meets the needs of the area, the trend analysis used a set of key performance indicators and two types of measures.

- General Indicators—Quantity of service supply, passenger and fare revenue generation, and resource input.
- Effectiveness Measures—Extent to which the service is effectively provided.
- Efficiency Measures—Extent to which cost efficiency is achieved.

A more recent 2022 to 2023 fixed-route trend analysis summary of findings are presented following Figure 3-22. Appendix D provides a detailed table summary of the indicators and measures in the trend analysis. The trend analysis, summarized in the tables in Appendix D, is organized by type of measure or indicator and includes statistics and tables to illustrate Citrus Connection's performance over the past five years.





2022-23Trends

Passenger Trips



+25%

Revenue Miles



+16%

Revenue Hours



+17%

Passenger Trips per Hour



+7%



Operating Expense per Revenue Hour

\$118.39



-0.3%

Passenger Trips per Capita

0.93



10.2%

Passenger Trips per Revenue Hour

5.95



6.6%

Operating Expense per Passenger Trip

\$19.90



-6.5%



General Indicators

- All general indicators have increased.
- Ridership has significantly increased over the previous year (24.6%), outpacing all other indicators. Revenue miles and revenue hours have also increased, but 16.4% and 16.9% respectively. Ridership growth has also outpaced the growth of the operating expense (16.5%). While Citrus Connection has added service between 2022-2023, customers' use is outpacing service expansion.
- Population has increased by 13.1% between 2022 and 2023 resulting in a greater need for transportation infrastructure and transit services.

Effectiveness Measures

 All Citrus Connection's effectiveness measures have increased between 2022 and 2023.
 Passenger trips per revenue mile and passenger trips per revenue hour increased at a similar rate, 6.6% and 7.0%, respectively, suggesting that more customers are using the service to take longer-distance trips. Due to ridership growth outpacing service supply, productivity has increased. This could be due to external factors could include traffic, increased cost of living, or increased public awareness.

Efficiency Measures

There has been an increase in all efficiency measures.

- Citrus Connection's operating expense per capita increased the most over the year (3.0%).
 This marginal increase is consistent with historic inflation which has affected maintenance costs, necessary capital purchases, and contributed to a driver shortage.
- The operating expense per passenger trip (-6.5%) decreased the most out of all the metrics due to the increase in ridership.







Peer Analysis

In addition to the trend analysis previously presented, a peer system review also was conducted with the same measures to assess how Citrus Connection compares to comparable transit agencies. The selection process for the peer agency systems is described first, followed by the summary results of the peer review analysis.

Peer System Selection Methodology

The fixed-route peer system selection was conducted using 2022 NTD data and compared to Citrus Connection. The peers were assessed and subsequently scored using the following method:

Step 1 | Geographic Elimination First, the field of peers was narrowed by geographic location to agencies in the southeast US, including Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia. These states are considered to have similar operating environments to Citrus Connection. In addition, special consideration was given to transit properties operating geographically closer to Citrus Connection.

Step 2 | **Mode Review** Using the subset of southeast agencies determined in Step 1, the pool was further narrowed by mode to agencies providing fixed-route

or motorbus service (classified as "MB" mode in the NTD).

Step 3 | **NTD Analysis** Using 2022 NTD data, the pool of potential peers was scored through an objective assessment of eight standard key variables:

- Average speed (revenue miles/revenue hours)
- Passenger trips
- Revenue miles
- Service area population
- Service area population density
- Total operating expense
- Vehicles operated in maximum service (VOMS)
- Revenue hours

Each agency was scored on each variable based on its similarity to Citrus Connection for that year. An agency received 1 point when its performance value for a variable was within one standard deviation of Citrus Connection's performance value and 0.5 points for each variable that fell within two standard deviations of Citrus Connection's performance value. If an agency's value fell outside of two standard deviations of Citrus Connection's performance value, no points were given.







After each agency was scored on each variable, the agencies were ranked based on the total points received. The top 25 ranked agencies moved to Step 4.

Step 4 | **Peer Selection** The final list of peers was determined through further qualitative scoring. Any agency Citrus Connection had identified as a peer through a past peer selection process or is geographically similar was given additional consideration. The final agencies selected are listed in Table 3-11.

Peer Review Analysis Summary

The results of the peer review analysis of Citrus Connection's fixed-route bus service are presented in Figure 3-23. It shows the findings by key indicators/measures in terms of their deviation above or below the peer group mean and a general assessment of the result.

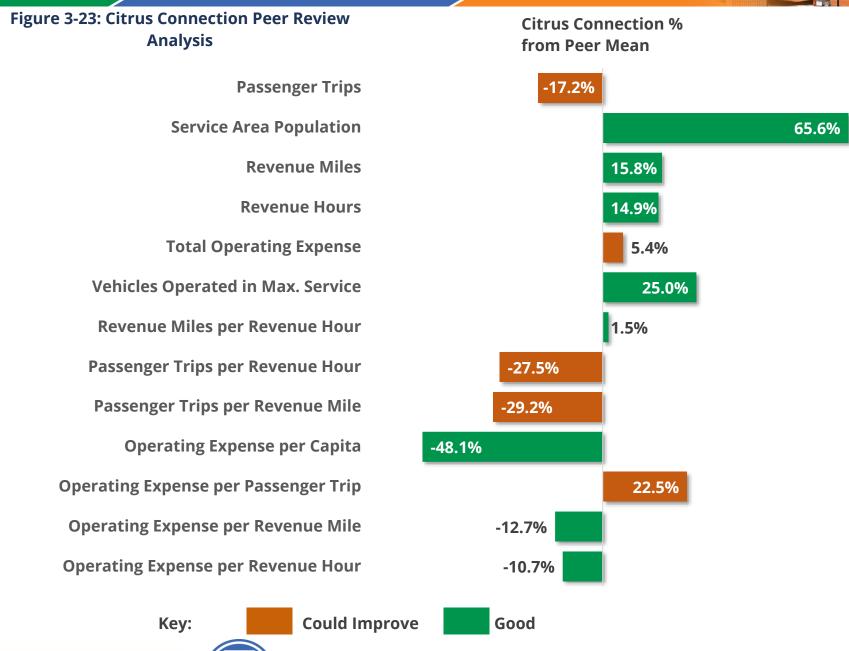
Table 3-11: Selected Peers

Agency Name	Location
Potomac and Rappahannock Transportation Commission	Woodbridge, VA
Pasco County Board of County Commissioners	New Port Richey, FL
Kanawha Valley Regional Transportation Authority	Charleston, WV
Gwinnett County Board of Commissioners	Lawrenceville, GA
Escambia County Board of County Commissioners	Pensacola, FL















General Performance Indicators

- Most indicators for Citrus Connection are above the peer mean except the passenger trips.
- Citrus Connection also operates at a marginally higher operating cost than its peers while maintaining more buses than the peer average, indicating that it is more efficient than its peers.

Effectiveness Measures

- The average speed (revenue miles per revenue hours) of Citrus Connection's service is marginally higher than the peer mean (1.5%), which could indicate that Citrus Connection operate some longer routes than its peers.
- Citrus Connection serves less passenger trips per revenue hour and revenue mile, -27.5% and -29.2% respectively, than its peers. This means that there are comparatively less people using the service over time and distance. Given Polk County's growing population, focusing on continuing to support transit development may prove to be beneficial for improving countywide access.

Efficiency Measures

- Due to Polk County's growing population and similar operating expense, the operating expense per capita is much lower (-48.1%) than the peer mean.
- Although Citrus Connection's operating expenses per revenue mile (-12.7%) and revenue hour (-10.7%) are lower than its peers, its operating expense per passenger trip is 22.5% higher. This suggests that Citrus Connection supplies service more efficiently than its peers, but not as many passengers are using the service.







Transit Demand Assessments

A key step in understanding the operating environment in which Citrus Connection operates is conducting transit demand assessments. These tools utilize GIS to assist in understanding and visualizing data to supplement the population and employment data analyses.

The Transit Accessibility Analysis assesses how well customers can access Citrus Connection's existing services from key locations.

The Density Threshold Assessment (DTA) illustrates the relationship between the discretionary market (potential customers living and/or working in higherdensity areas who may choose to use transit) and the use of transit as a commuting alternative.

The Transit Orientation Index (TOI) measures levels of traditional markets, such as older adults, youth, low-income, and zero-vehicle households, compared to existing transit coverage to gauge propensity for transit use.

Transit Accessibility Analysis

An analysis was conducted to identify the degree of accessibility from key cities via the current Citrus Connection network. The extent to which a major destination is accessible via transit provides valuable information on how the system may impact travel patterns of current and potential Citrus Connection customers.

Existing Network Accessibility Methodology

Using population and service area data and functionalities of FDOT's ridership demand estimation software, Transit Boardings Estimation and Simulation Tool (TBEST), a travel time analysis for current and potential Citrus Connection customers was conducted. The analysis examined areas of the county within a gradient of travel sheds ranging from 0–60 minutes in total travel time from the following locations:

- Downtown Bartow
- Downtown Lakeland
- Downtown Winter Haven
- Haines City
- Downtown Lake Wales

For these locations, accessibility was measured for weekday service in the morning peak period within a ¼-mile walk access to transit.



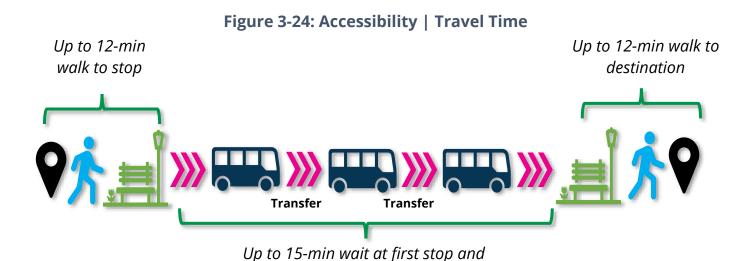




Network Accessibility Analysis Summary

As shown in Figure 3-24, the total travel time to a location includes not just time on board the bus, but also time waiting to board the first bus, other wait/walk times if a transfer is necessary, and walk time from the bus stop to the final destination. For any areas not colored according to the legend, it can be inferred that they are beyond the 60-minute travel time shed.

The accessibility/travel pattern analyses is summarized in Maps 3-22 through 3-26 includes the existing Citrus Connection network as well as other key interstates and major roadways. Areas not colored are beyond the 60-minute travel time shed.



up to 3 subsequent transfers (up to 15-minute wait for each)







Downtown Bartow

The Polk County Courthouse parking garage stop on North Carpenter Avenue in downtown functions as the primary transit hub in Bartow. This stop facilitates connections for four bus routes enabling passengers to access Fort Meade, Lake Wales, Lakeland, Mulberry, and Winter Haven within 60 minutes. Within the 60-minute travel shed there is a population of 43,205 and 43,642 jobs.

Downtown Lakeland

The Lakeland Downtown Terminal is adjacent to Pine Street and Missouri Avenue and serves as the central location for all existing west Citrus Connection routes, except for the Lime and Coral Lines. This location provides local access to downtown Lakeland, Florida Avenue, and US-98. From this facility, customers can access nearly all of Lakeland and some destinations in Auburndale and Bartow within 60 minutes. These routes provide access to a population of 124,102 and 106,328 jobs within a 60-minute trip.

Downtown Winter Haven

The Winter Haven Downtown Terminal serves as the central connection in eastern Polk County. This facility provides access to US-17 and is near Central Avenue, FL-542, and 1st Street. Customers may access most of Winter Haven and may reach destinations in Auburndale, Bartow, Cypress Gardens, and Haines

City. Within the 60-minute travel time, there is a population of 54,114 and 43,416 jobs.

Haines City

The central location for transit in Haines City is the Haines City Plaza, located on 17th Street at the turning point for US-17, and provides access to most of the city. Customers can access Davenport, Lake Alfred, and Winter Haven within a 60-minute ride. Approximately 19,837 people and 10,049 jobs are within the 60-minute travel shed from the Haines City Plaza.

Downtown Lake Wales

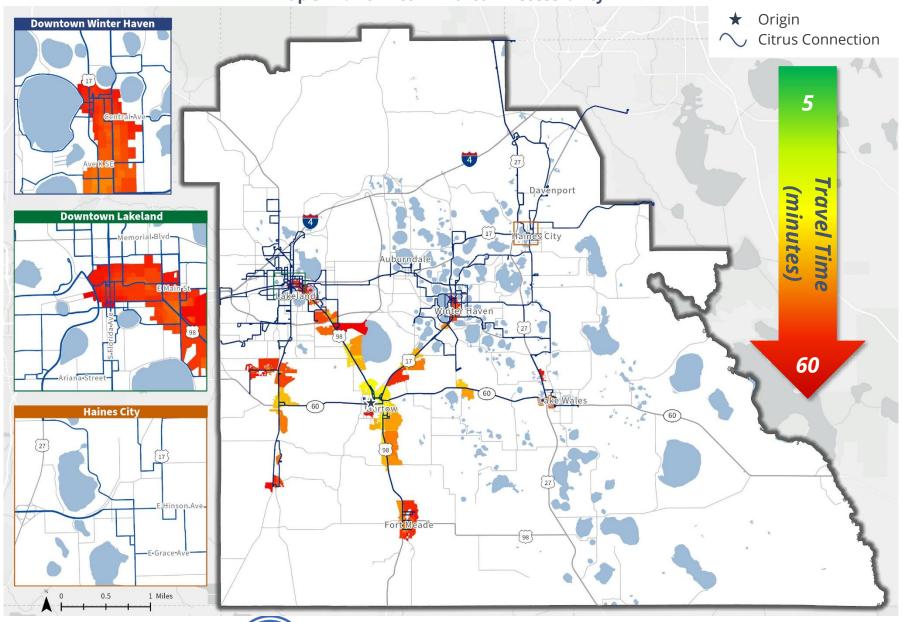
The central stop within Lake Wales is located near West Central Avenue and South 1st Street, providing immediate access to downtown businesses located around Stewart Avenue and Park Avenue. The routes that serve Lake Wales provide access to most of west and south Lake Wales, Legoland, Winter Haven, and central Bartow. Approximately 23,516 people and 17,408 jobs are within a 60-minute travel shed from this stop.







Map 3-22: Downtown Bartow Accessibility

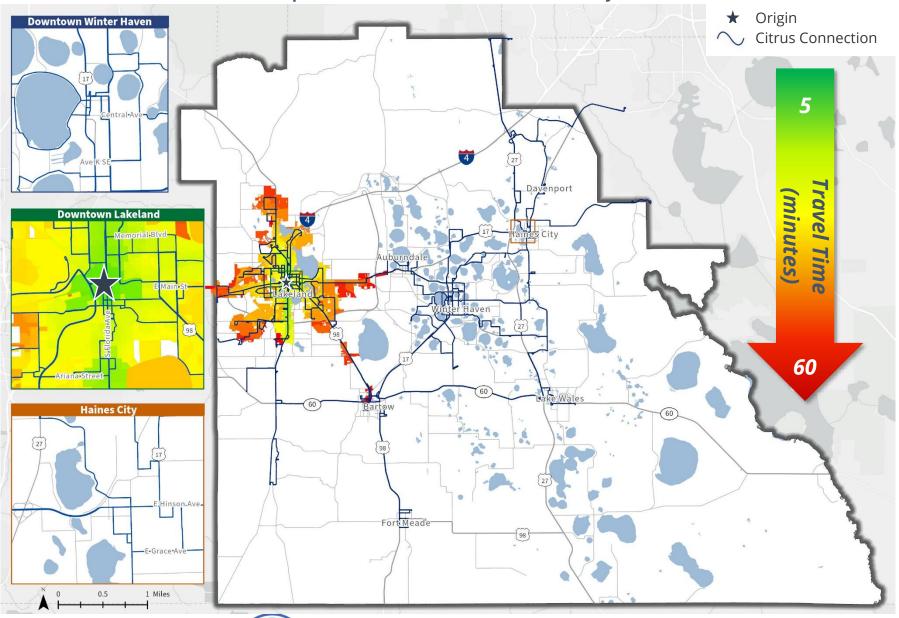








Map 3-23: Downtown Lakeland Accessibility

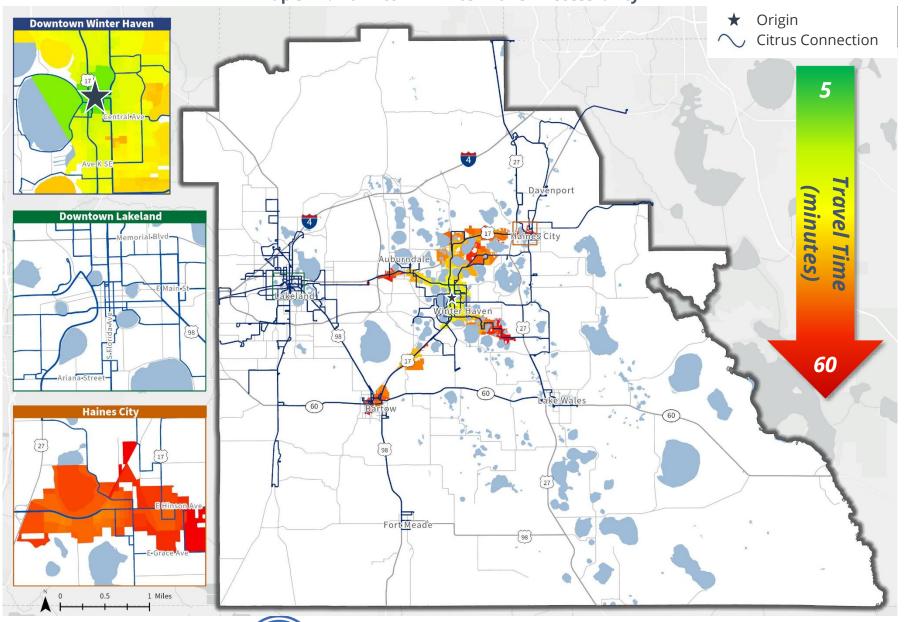








Map 3-24: Downtown Winter Haven Accessibility

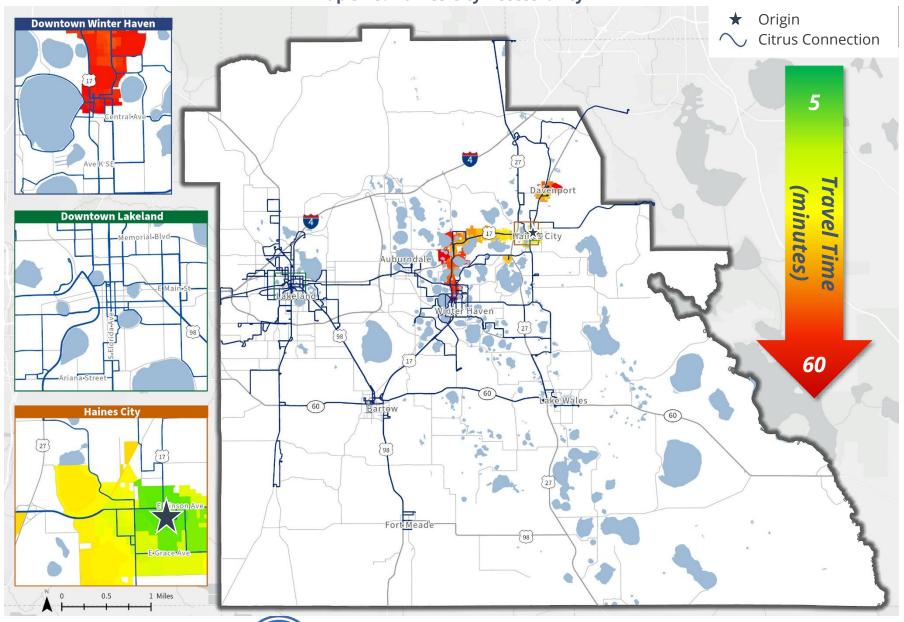








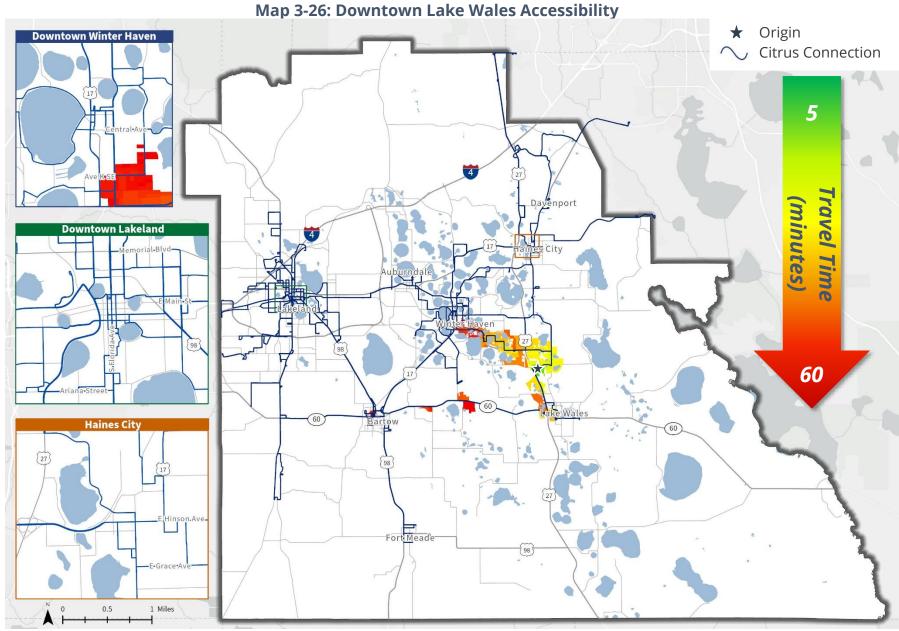
Map 3-25: Haines City Accessibility

















Discretionary Markets

A DTA was conducted using industry-standard density thresholds to identify areas with transit-supportive residential and employee density levels today and in the future. Socioeconomic data for the study area, including dwelling units and employment levels developed for the regional travel demand model, were used.

Discretionary Market Assessment Methodology

Socioeconomic data forecasts developed for the Polk County TPO's 2050 Envision LRTP, including dwelling unit and employment data by TAZ, were used for the DTA. These results are also critical for subsequent assessment of transit needs and demand.

Three density thresholds based on industry standards and available research were used to define corresponding investment levels for transit (Table 3-12).

Table 3-12: DTA | Dwelling Unit and Employment Density Thresholds

Level Of Transit Investment	Dwelling Unit Density Threshold ¹	Employment Density Threshold ²
Minimum	4.5–5 Dwelling	4 Employees/
Investment	Units/Acre	Acre
High	6–7 Dwelling	5–6 Employees/
Investment	Units/Acre	Acre
Very High	≥8 Dwelling	≥7 Employees/
Investment	Units/Acre	Acre

¹ Transportation Research Board (TRB), National Research Council, Transit Cooperative Research Program (TCRP) Report 16, Volume 1 (1996), "Transit and Land Use Form," November 2002, MTC Resolution 3434 TOD Policy for Regional Transit Expansion Projects.





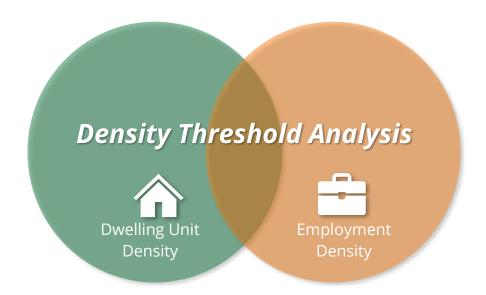
² Based on review of research on relationship between transit technology and employment densities.



Discretionary Market Assessment Summary

Maps 3-27 and 3-28 illustrate the results of the 2025 and 2050 DTA analyses for Polk County. Each identify areas that support the various levels of transit investment within their respective timeframe, based on existing and future dwelling unit and employment densities.

The 2025 DTA shows a current need for transit development in the central areas of Lakeland and Winter Haven, with specific blocks being home to the "minimum" and "high" levels of transit intensity necessary. There is also a "minimum" and "high" need for transit in several areas outside of these downtowns, such as south, west, and north Lakeland, central Bartow, central Lake Wales, and Auburndale. The second map shows that the Lakeland and Winter Haven downtown areas are expected to continue developing and, by 2050, will need "high" and "very high" transit intensity. It is also expected that the neighborhoods outside the aforementioned downtowns will need "high" levels of investment. Many neighborhoods located between these areas of Lakeland and Winter Haven will grow to need "minimum" to "high" investment.

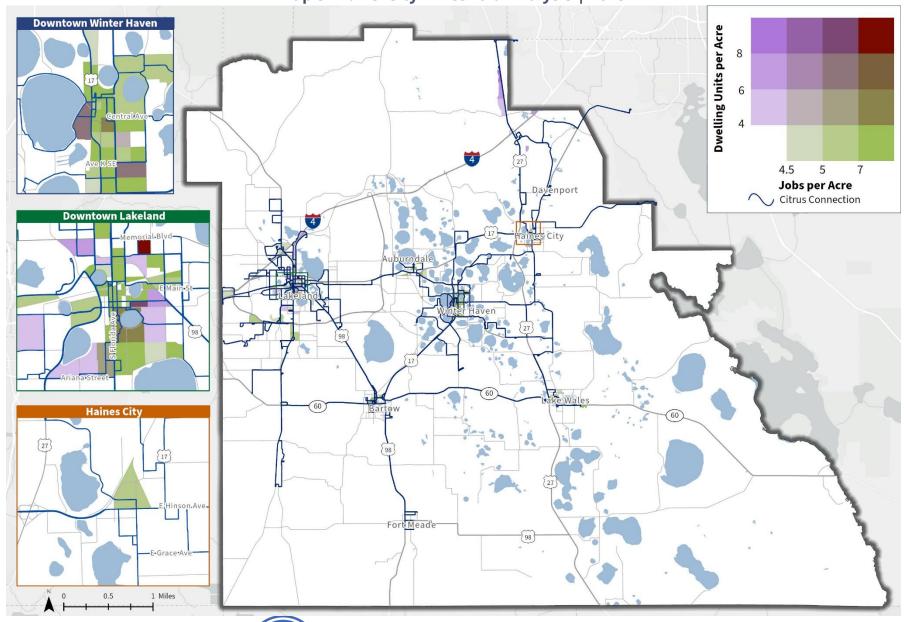








Map 3-27: Density Threshold Analysis | 2025

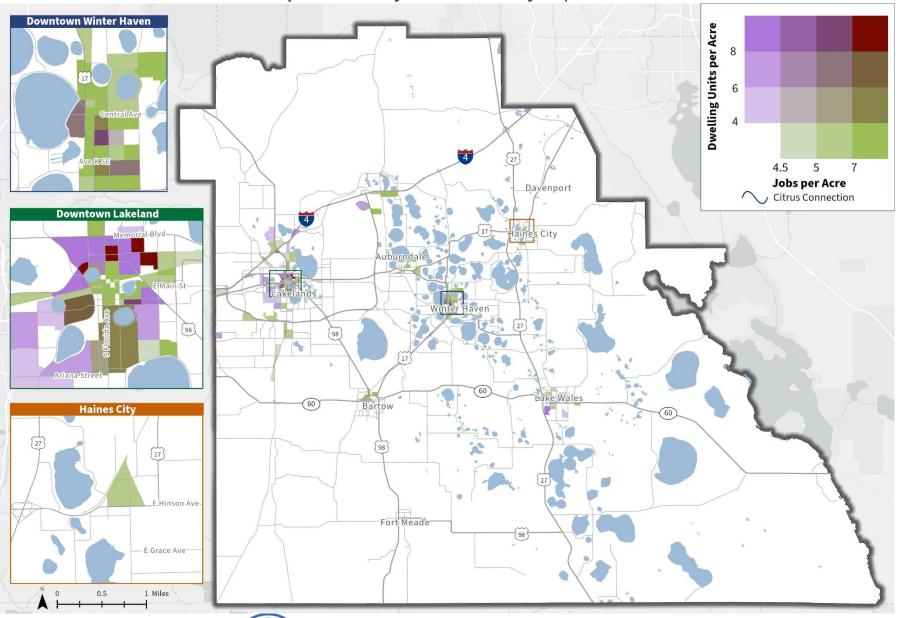
















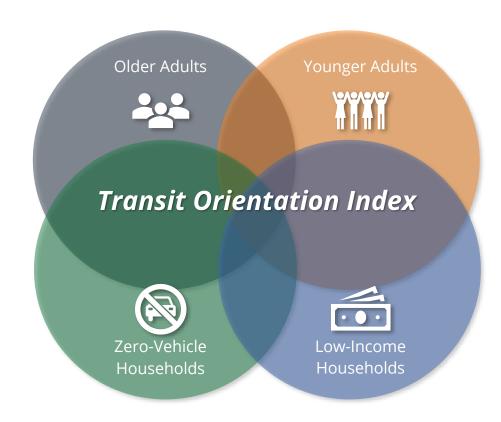


Traditional Markets

The traditional market includes population segments that historically have a higher propensity to use or depend on transit for their transportation needs. For some individuals, the ability to drive is greatly diminished with age and they must rely on others for transportation. Younger people may not have a driver's license, access to a car, or may prefer using transit to reach work, school, and recreational activities than prior generations. For lower-income households, transportation costs can be more burdensome, resulting in less vehicle access and more reliance on public transportation.

The TOI assists in identifying residential areas of the county where traditional markets exist defined as:

- Younger Adults—persons 17 to 24 years
- Low-income households—households that meet the federal poverty definition
- Zero-vehicle households—households that report not having access to a vehicle
- Older adults—persons 65 years and older









Traditional Market Methodology

To create the TOI, the selected demographic data from the 2023 ACS 5-Year Estimates (2019–2023) were analyzed by block group to develop a composite ranking. Each block group was assigned a transit orientation of "very high," "high," "medium," or "low." Any block group with a population density under 100 people per square mile was assigned "very low" and excluded from the analysis.

Map 3-29 illustrates the 2023 TOI results, reflecting areas throughout Polk County with varying traditional market densities.

Traditional Market Summary

Areas that exhibit "low" and "medium" TOI are primarily rural lands surrounding municipalities.

- Between FL-570 and FL-60 south of Lakeland
- Along and between FL-570 (north of Auburndale), I-4, US-27 (north of Haines City)
- US-17 between Bartow and Winter Haven
- US-27 between Lake Wales and Haines City
- US-98 through Gibsonia
- US-27 between Lake Wales and US-98

Areas that exhibit "high" and "very high" TOI exist mainly within the central neighborhoods of municipalities, including:

Lakeland

- Downtown neighborhoods between Memorial Boulevard, Cresap Street, FL-563, and Lake Mirror
- o FL-539 between West 10th Street and I-4.
- Between US-92, North Galloway Road, West Memorial Boulevard, and North Wabash Avenue

• Winter Haven

- The 1st Street North corridor between Martin Luther King Boulevard and Central Avenue
- Between Lake Hartridge, Lake Alfred Road, and Havendale Boulevard Northwest
- Around Polk State College and other educational facilities on FL-540

Davenport

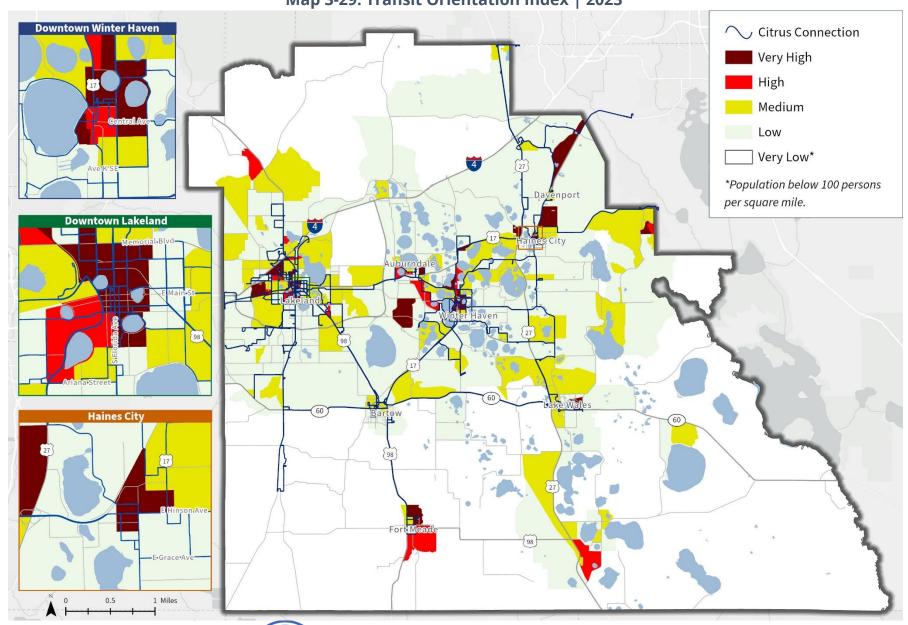
- Neighborhoods north of/along US-17 between Haines City and the Polk/Osceola county line
- Haines City
 - Central Haines City and north of Baker Avenue
- Fort Meade
 - o East of US-98







Map 3-29: Transit Orientation Index | 2023









Relationship Review to Other Plans

A coordinated and integrated approach is essential to ensure that the Citrus Connection's future services align with broader transportation objectives and community development goals. The plans review provided in this section is a TDP Rule requirement and provides Citrus Connection with a thorough understanding of the direction and policies of other relevant plans.

By analyzing planning documents at the local, regional, state, and federal levels, Citrus Connection can identify opportunities for strategic coordination, anticipate potential policy conflicts, and highlight initiatives that may improve service delivery and operational effectiveness. This review included a range of foundational plans and studies, including the Florida Transportation Plan, local government comprehensive plans, LRTPs, regional transportation goals, and strategic plans.

Additionally, the review includes the Citrus Connection's adopted TDP and recent Annual Progress Report (APR), transit plans from neighboring agencies, relevant economic development strategies, and existing management frameworks for consistency with established priorities and long-term objectives.

The key findings from the review process highlight relevant recommendations, policies, initiatives, and objectives that may impact the TDP's operational and capital program priorities. Ultimately, the insights from these plans will contribute to the development of the schedule of projects, to better serve the community. Appendix E includes a full review of all listed plans.







Local Plans

Local planning documents, including comprehensive plans and strategic plans, outline the need to expand and enhance Citrus Connection in conjunction with existing and anticipated land uses. The plans discuss and include goals, objectives, and policies, including enhanced multimodal integration and improved connectivity throughout Polk County. The following plans were reviewed:

- Polk County Comprehensive Plan
- City of Lakeland Comprehensive Plan
- City of Winter Haven Comprehensive Plan
- City of Bartow Comprehensive Plan
- Lakeland Area Alternatives Analysis US-98 BRT Feasibility Study
- Lakeland Intermodal Study
- East Polk Transit Maintenance Facility Siting Analysis
- Feasibility of Premium Transit
- 2045 Polk County LRTP
- Polk County Transportation Disadvantaged Service Plan (TDSP)
- Polk UPWP
- Polk TIP
- Polk County SunRail Extension Study
- Polk Transit Vision 2032 TDP
- Polk Transit Vision 2032: 2024 APR
- Polk TPO Strategic Plan

Key Takeaways

Goals, policies, and recommendations from the plans were reviewed. Key takeaways from the plans focus on:

Service

- Extend SunRail service to Lakeland, with additional stations in Auburndale, Lake Alfred, Loughman, Davenport, Haines City, a location adjacent to the Central Polk Parkway (FL-570), and Lakeland.
- Implement BRT on Florida Avenue and US-98.
- Increase frequency and extend service span on routes with high demand.

Infrastructure/Technology/Policy

- Invest in the Lakeland Intermodal Center.
- Implement improved and upgraded SmartCard or digital payment systems.
- Encourage employers to participate in commuter assistance programs, such as UAP.
- With BRT service, implement transit signal priority (TSP), branded BRT stations, and a dedicated bus lane on certain road segments.
- Continue to coordinate with necessary partners to implement the East Polk Transit Maintenance Facility.







Regional Plans

Strategic regional planning coordination is critical to enhancing long-term economic resilience, advancing sustainable growth, and identifying meaningful infrastructure investment. To analyze the influence on Citrus Connection, several key regional plans were identified and reviewed to assess goals, policies, and recommendations related to regional transportation strategies and economic development. These plans also emphasize the importance of coordination to address regional mobility needs and support an integrated transit network. The following regional plans were reviewed:

- Hillsborough Area Regional Transit (HART) TDP
- Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority (dba LYNX) TDP
- Lake County TDP
- West Central Florida Regional Long Range Transportation Plan 2045
- Tampa Bay Economic Development Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) for 2023-2027

Key Takeaways

Key insights on priorities, strategic policies, and actionable steps that may influence Citrus Connection include:

Service

- Expand regional express service, including connections to Tampa.
- Consider future BRT service in Lakeland and Winter Haven.
- Continue to support existing regional connections.

Infrastructure/Technology/Policy

- Promote regional multimodal transportation options.
- Continue coordination with neighboring agencies.
- Support diversified economy by expanding job opportunities and quality.
- Provide a network of public infrastructure with supportive land uses.







State and Federal Plans

State and federal planning efforts play a critical role in guiding long-term growth, infrastructure investment, and policy development. The key state and federal plans and frameworks include goals, policies, and strategic recommendations that may influence future transit service and capital improvements over time. These findings offer a foundation for coordinated decision-making and ensure alignment with broader state and federal priorities, supporting the development of a more resilient, integrated, and connected transportation network. The following plans were reviewed as part of this analysis:

- FDOT Districtwide Bus Rapid Transit Feasibility Study
- State of Florida Transportation Disadvantaged 5-Year/20-Year Plan
- Update: Handbook and Design Manual
- 2055 FDOT Florida Transportation Plan (ongoing)
- Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117–58)
- Implications to Public Transportation of Emerging Technologies

Key Takeaways

Key insights at the state and federal levels that may affect Citrus Connection's future include the following priorities, strategic policies, and actionable steps include the following:

Service

- Implement BRT on Florida Avenue, US-98, and US-92.
- Expand transit service areas.
- Develop a universal cost-effective transportation system.
- Add and implement regional connections.
- Implement a uniform funding system.
- Add transportation solutions that strengthen Florida's economy.
- Implement mobility solutions that enhance Florida communities and preserve its environment.
- Meet transportation needs for all.

Infrastructure/Technology/Policy

- Repair and upgrade existing infrastructure.
- Increase access to transit services.







Section 4. Land Use & Corridor Development Assessment

This effort assesses the effectiveness of local land use policies and urban design patterns to help Citrus Connection focus on areas that may accommodate transit now or in the future. This section also includes an assessment of key Polk County roadway corridors for focusing transit in the next 10 years, which may assist Citrus Connection in planning and prioritizing services and facilities improvements in the future.

Land Use & Urban Design Assessment

There is a need to understand the existing and future developments that affect the built environment in which Citrus Connection functions. Assessing the existing plans and initiatives regarding transit and surrounding land uses provides context for transit development projects.

Polk County's Comprehensive Plan, the county's blueprint for growth, includes several policies that support transit. Notably this includes promoting land use strategies that encourage higher density developments such as transit supportive development areas on key corridors and growth areas.

The remainder of this section discusses these strategies and policies to support transit and minimize barriers over time.









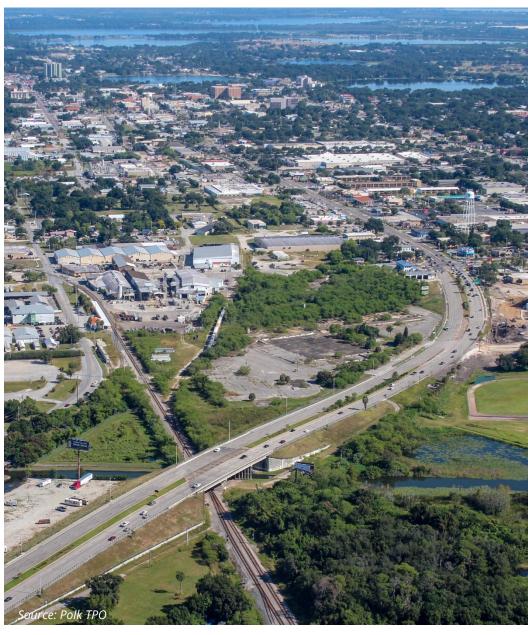
Future Land Use Review

Transit is best supported by land uses such as high-density residential areas and employment centers. Examining Future Land Use (FLU) data may provide valuable guidance for transit in Polk County. FLU data and the key trends for Polk County, Lakeland, Winter Haven, and Haines City are noted below.

Polk County

According to the 2030 Future Land Use Map, most of the county is dedicated to environmentally sensitive areas such as agriculture, conservation, recreation and open space, and preservation (Map 4-1).

- A significant area is classified as Agriculture/Residential-Rural, Recreation Open Space, or Phosphate Mining, which are concentrated adjacent to each other and on the boundaries of the county.
- Most residential land uses are low-density up to five dwelling units per acre.
- High Density Residential uses are present near incorporated areas in Polk County.









Lakeland

Map 4-2 shows the City of Lakeland 2030 Future Land Use Map and notably:

- The top land uses are Residential Medium, Residential Low, and Conservation.
- Low-Density Residential is found on the periphery of the city and mostly found adjacent to Conservation uses.
- High-Density Residential and Regional Activity Center land uses are found in and around downtown Lakeland.
- Industrial land uses are found in the southern parts of the city and north of Lake Parker.

Winter Haven

A review of the City of Winter Haven 2025 Future Land Use Map (Map 4-3) shows the following:

- Low density and estate are the primary residential land uses.
- High density residential land uses are adjacent to traditional neighborhood areas and commercial land uses.
- Primary activity center land uses, which may have up to 20 units per acre, are adjacent to US-17 in downtown Winter Haven.
- Regional activity centers are found along Cypress Gardens Boulevard.

 Industrial and institutional land uses can be found in the southern part of the city, adjacent to Conservation and Estate Residential uses.

Haines City

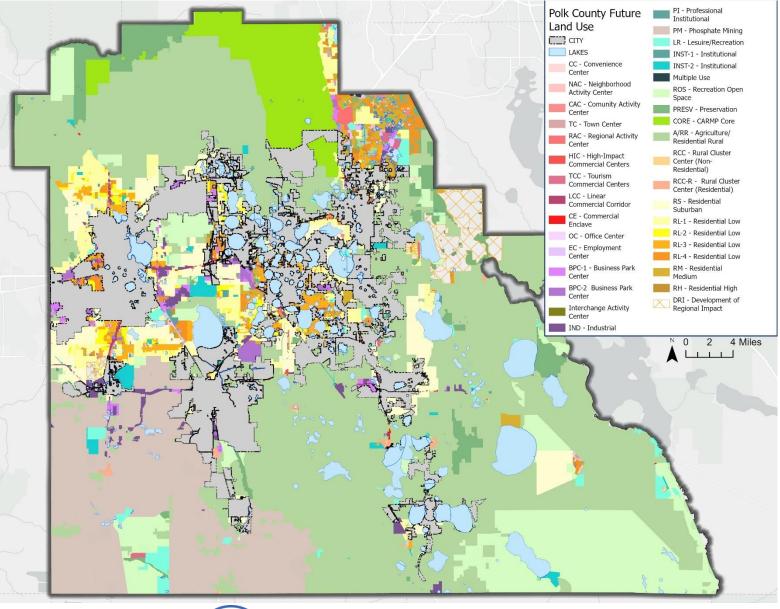
The City of Haines City 2030 Future Land Use Map, shown in Map 4-4, highlights the following:

- Residential land uses make up the majority, with low density residential the primary residential uses.
- Neighborhood Activity Centers, Community Activity Centers, and Professional Institutional Centers land uses are found adjacent to US-27.
- Commercial uses are found adjacent to US-27 and US-17/92.
- Industrial land uses are found along Marion Road.





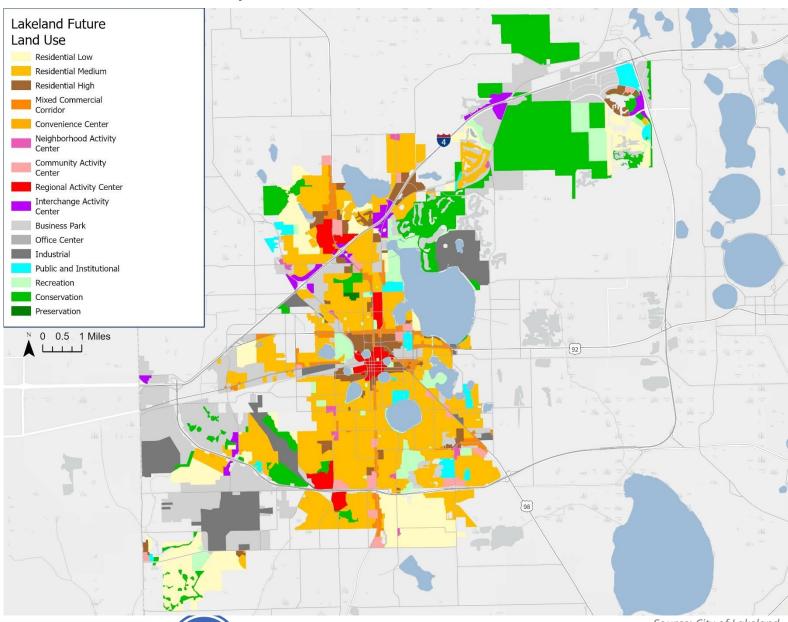
ORANGE LINE 1 Map 4-1: Polk County 2030 Future Land Use







Map 4-2: Lakeland 2030 Future Land Use

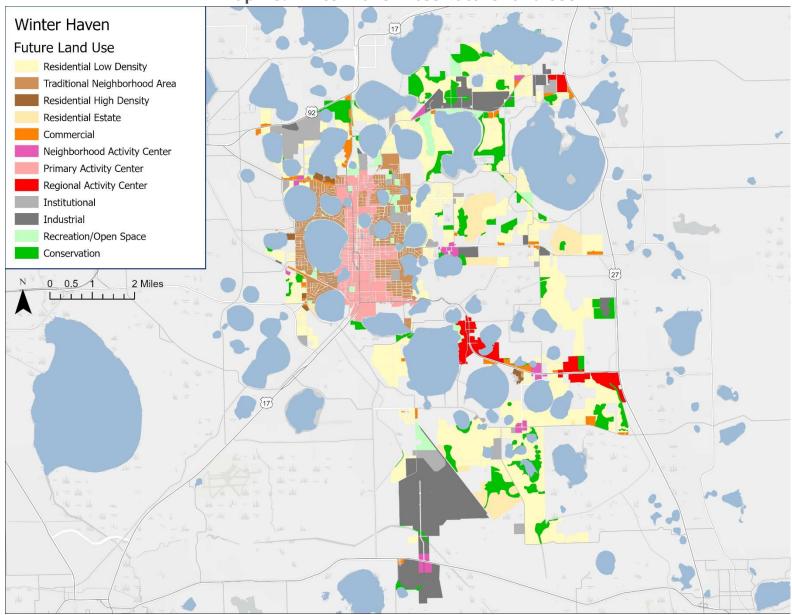






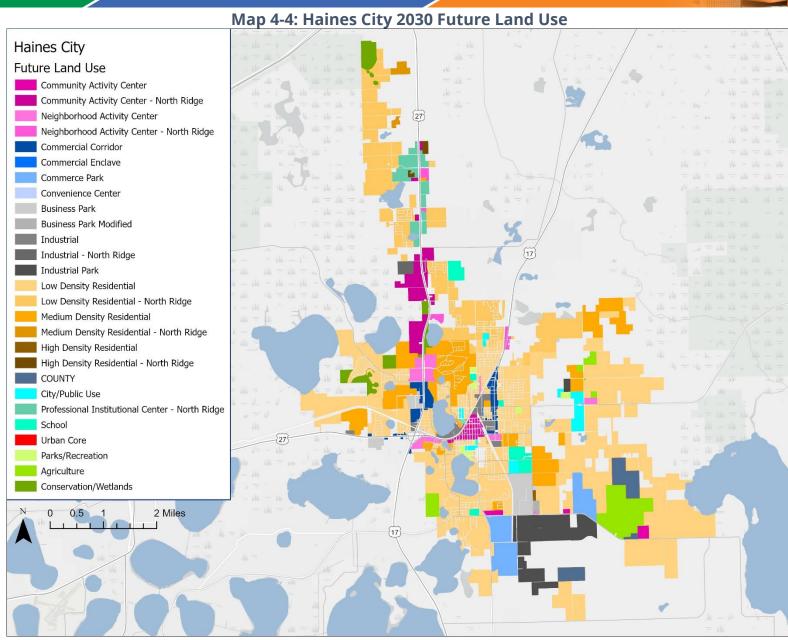
ORANGE LINE 1

Map 4-3: Winter Haven 2035 Future Land Use















Ongoing Land Use Developments and Associated Transit Initiatives

As Polk County continues to grow, Citrus Connection should evaluate planned developments and identify opportunities where dedicated transit infrastructure may be provided.

Planned Developments

Within non-incorporated areas of Polk County there are many planned developments (SPDS, PDS, PUDS, etc.). Most are in northeastern Polk County, closer to the Orlando suburbs. Once constructed, these developments will increase population densities, creating greater demand for transit over time.

Clear Springs Stewardship District

In 2023, a nearly 18,000-acre site within the south and east portions of Bartow was designated as the Clear Springs Stewardship District by Governor Ron DeSantis (Figure 4-1). This designation allows the area to act as a local government to develop Clear Springs, a site for mixed-use development within Bartow. Upon development, the site will include 11,000 residential units, approximately 22 million square feet of industrial and warehousing space, 7 million square feet of commercial space, a research park, multiple schools, and several large tracts of land for conservation. This development aims to promote

housing and economic development through employment opportunities. Bartow and the Clear Springs Stewardship District began reviewing applications for housing developments in early 2025, which would mark the beginning of residential construction along SR-60 through the site.

This development will substantially increase the population of Bartow and produce new pockets of density within the city. Coordination between developers and Citrus Connection will be vital in ensuring accessibility between the development, the City of Bartow, and Polk County.

Figure 4-1: Clear Springs Stewardship District







Central Florida Innovation District

The Central Florida Development Council is partnering with local agencies to create the Central Florida Innovation District, planned to encompass approximately 3,000 acres surrounding I-4 and the eastern section of the Central Polk Parkway (FL-570) (Figure 4-2). The goal of the Innovation District is to provide opportunities to diversify the economy and contribute to cutting-edge technology development within Polk County. The implementation of an innovation district, given its connection to local anchor institutions and community groups, will require funding for transportation infrastructure. Also, the project's intention of providing resources for innovative technology may allow for technological advancements within the local transit system, potentially enabling service improvements in the longterm. The SunRail Transit Concept and Alternatives Review (TCAR) Study considered this area as a potential stop.

Figure 4-2: Central Florida Innovation District





Source: https://www.cfdc.org/





Polk County FDOT Projects

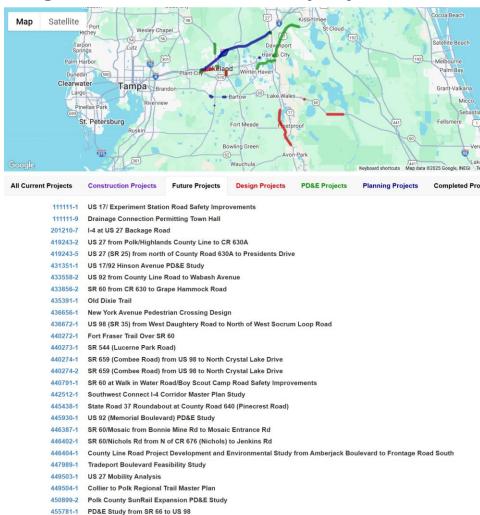
FDOT is currently conducting several projects which have goals to expand transportation options. Eight ongoing projects specifically mention outcomes that increase pedestrian accessibility through new and upgraded sidewalks and crossings. Three additional projects include implementing bike lanes/facilities and include two that are part of a complete streets project, aiming to create transportation corridors accessible to various modes of transportation.

The specific corridors with bike or complete streets projects ongoing are:

- SR-559 between SR-33 and I-4
- US-92 between E Gary Road and Combee Road
- US-98 between Griffin Road and Sharon Drive (segment crossing I-4)

Several other FDOT projects in Polk County include elements of pedestrian accessibility and safety like new sidewalks, curb cuts, increased lighting, crosswalks, and other visibility infrastructure (Figure 4-3).

Figure 4-3: Future FDOT Polk County Projects



Source: https://www.swflroads.com/







Other Development Projects

Other development projects that may spur additional demand for transit are ongoing throughout Polk County. Citrus Connection may coordinate to provide sufficient transportation options as development occurs. Some of these include:

- Richland Communities acquired 4,100 acres southwest of US-27 and SR-60 near Lake Wales.
 While no formal plans have been announced as of March 2025, future residential or mixed-use development is speculated.
- Lake Wales Commons (558-acres) will be a mixed-use development including 3,200 housing units of varying types and more than 1 million square feet of light industrial and warehousing space.
- The future Crossroads Village (120-acres) in Haines City will provide 130,000 square feet of commercial space by the end of 2026 but also plan on implementing housing and other mixed-use amenities along the rest of the site.
- Lake Wire Mixed-Use Development (25-acres) in Lakeland is a project that will provide 630 multifamily apartments and two retail buildings.

Multimodal Initiatives

The City of Lakeland had a bike-sharing service from 2015 to 2018. The City and the Lakeland Downtown Development Authority are exploring re-establishing this service in downtown Lakeland. The Lakeland Downtown Development Authority is considering implementing a micromobility program with options, including pedal bikes, e-bikes, and scooters.







Existing Transit-Supportive Planning Efforts

Polk County has ongoing planning initiatives regarding transit supportive development areas and transit development corridors within the county.

According to Polk County's Comprehensive Plan²,

Transit Supportive Development Areas (TSDA) are adjacent to established city limits and meet the following criteria:

- Where the availability of infrastructure and other community facilities and services, including, but not limited to mass transit and other transportation alternatives, utilities, public safety, recreational and educational services, promotes and supports the location of higher density and intensity compact, mixed-use development.
- Be supported by existing or planned urban type services that are programmed or expected for the 10-year planning horizon.
- Be designated as part of a coordinated land use and transportation strategy that supports the provision of improved and expanded transit services, as identified in the TPO's 2060 Transportation Vision Plan and the connecting

circulator routes, to increase mobility and travel options.

- Include development criteria that:
 - Promote the development of walkable communities, which includes a balance between employment opportunities, mix of complementary uses and activities, and a range of housing opportunities.
 - Improve access to employment areas, schools, shopping and recreational opportunities.

The Polk County Transit Corridors and Centers Overlay (TCCO) identifies where key transit projects are expected to occur over future years. Map 4-5 illustrates these corridors and centers. The overlay provides a framework for land use policies and mobility strategies that:

- Connect city centers.
- Improve access to transit services including high speed rail service.
- Improve transit access to/from rural areas.
- Promote compact, mixed-use development.
- Improve travel connections and access between land uses.

² Since the Polk Comprehensive Plan, TDP, and LRTP 2050 updates are all occurring simultaneously, the Comprehensive Planning Department was consulted and data was incorporated as appropriate.







- Provide a pedestrian-scale built environment and encourage pedestrian activity.
- Promote the provision of public spaces and improved access to public spaces.
- Implement reduced or flexible parking standards.
- Increase travel options as part of a multimodal transportation system.
- Reduce reliance on single-occupant vehicles (SOV) and vehicle miles of travel.
- Reduce energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.

Design principles within the corridor and overlay areas include:

- Convenient, direct and safe pedestrian connections to building entrances, existing and planned transit stops, parking facilities, mixed land uses and public spaces.
- Pedestrian-scale blocks and interconnected street networks to promote pedestrian mobility.
- Architecture and streetscape features, such as awnings, articulated facades, pedestrian lighting, sidewalk furniture, street trees and store front display windows to create a humanscale or pedestrian focused environment.
- Orientation of buildings and entrances towards streets or public spaces to encourage and support pedestrian activity.

- Discouragement of auto-dependent uses in proximity to transit hubs.
- Provision of complete streets to increase mobility for transportation system users.
- Provision of parks, plazas and greenways to create community gathering places.
- Provision of bicycle parking.
- Incorporating transit facilities and amenities into site design, e.g., shelters, benches, and lighting.
- Provision of structured parking as part of mixed land uses.
- Reduced or shared parking.

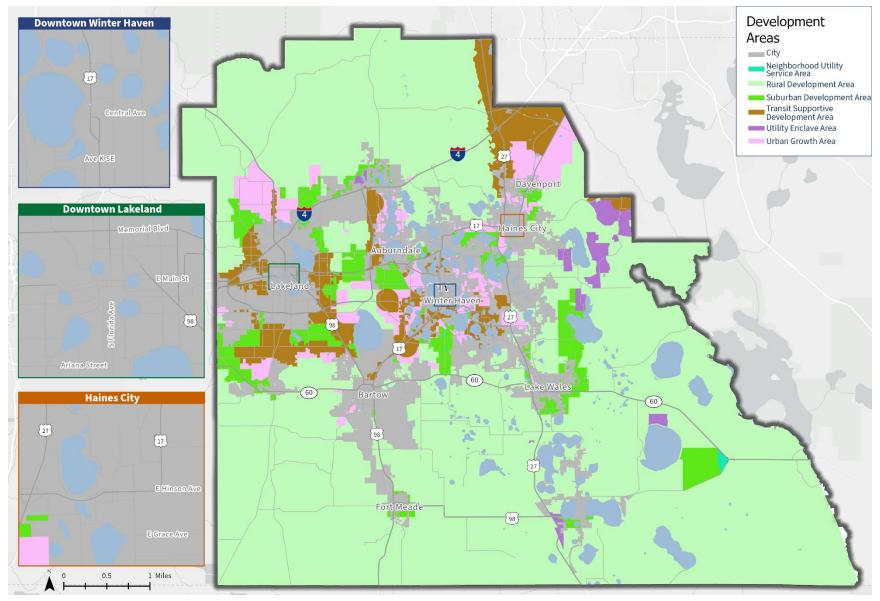
Polk County seeks to encourage higher-density and mixed-use developments within TSDAs and TCCOs. Areas within the overlap of TSDAs and TCCOs may allow higher densities and intensities of development. Table 4-1 shows the maximum densities within these areas.







Map 4-5: Transit Supportive Development Area (TSDA)











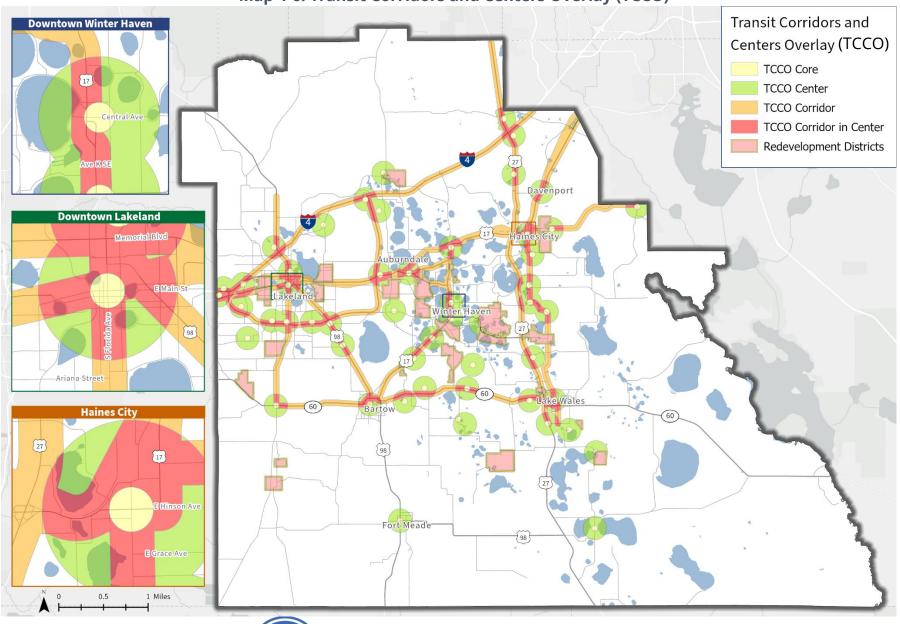








Table 4-1: TSDAs and TCCOs Maximum Densities

Density Schedule	Residential Low		Residential Medium		Residential High		Mixed Use	
(Dwelling Units per Acre)	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
TSDA	3	7	5	10	7	15		
Transit Corridor	4	10	7	12	10	17		
Transit Center	6	12	10	15	12	18	10	18
Transit Corridor within Transit Center	8	15	12	18	15	20	10	20
Transit Center Core	10	25	15	30	20	40	15	40







Priority Transit Corridor Assessment

Identifying key corridors to improve transit services and facilities is now a requirement under the TDP Rule. This section draws on data and findings from previously completed analyses and outreach to identify corridors to prioritize improving transit in the next 10 years.

Approach

The chosen methodology for selecting and prioritizing the corridors includes a two-phase multi-criteria analysis.

In the first phase, corridor selection, all key corridors in Polk County are reviewed to select a pool of priority corridors using quantifiable and qualitative criteria and data.

Under the second phase, corridor prioritization, an expanded set of criteria are used to score the selected corridors. Each criterion is given a weight to reflect the importance.

Corridor Selection Methodology

The corridor selection process identifies the most suitable corridors in the county based on criteria that consider a holistic review of the multimodal environment. The process used GIS software and spreadsheet model-based approach. The criteria used

to select the initial set of priority transit corridors are described below.

Existing & Planned Services

The existing roadways currently served by Citrus Connection or identified for improved/future transit service in the currently adopted TDP were reviewed.

Population and Employment Projections

Higher population and employment densities are shown to support transit services. Using socioeconomic data consistent with the Polk County TPO's 2050 Envision LRTP, existing and future population and employment density projections and other relevant information from the operating environment were reviewed.

Plans Review

Key takeaways from the Relationship to Plans Review in Section 2 provide insight into the study area at the local, regional, state, and federal levels.

Selected Corridors

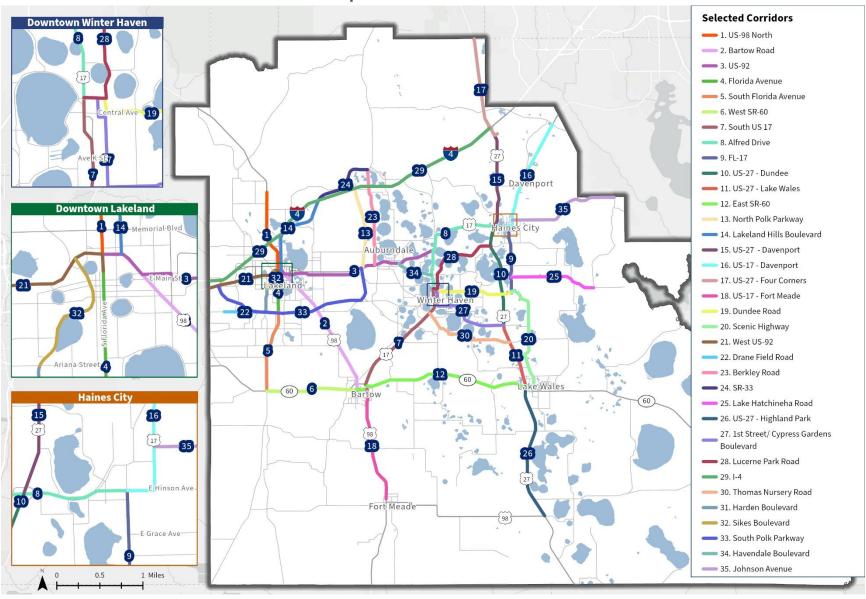
Using these criteria, 35 corridors were selected (Map 4-7 and Table 4-2).







Map 4-7: Selected Corridors



Note: The selected corridors are numbered and shown on the map. The selected corridors are not listed in priority order.







Table 4-2: Selected Corridors

Corridor #	Corridor Name	From	То	Existing/Proposed Transit Availability	
1	North US-98	Banana Road/Wilder Road	Pine Street	Yes	
2	Bartow Road	Pine Street	SR-60	Yes	
3	US-92	Pine Street	Lake Alfred Road	Partial	
4	Florida Avenue	Pine Street	Central Polk Parkway	Yes	
5	South Florida Avenue	Polk Parkway	Canal Street	Yes	
6	West SR-60	S Florida Avenue	Broadway Avenue	Yes	
7	South US-17	Bartow Road	Avenue E	Yes	
8	Alfred Drive	Avenue E	S 10 Street	Yes	
9	FL-17	Hinson Avenue	Main Street	Yes	
10	US-27 - Dundee	US-17	Cypress Gardens Boulevard	Partial	
11	US-27 - Lake Wales	Cypress Gardens Boulevard	SR-60	Partial	
12	East SR-60	Broadway Avenue	US-27	Yes	
13	North Polk Parkway	I-4	US-92	No	
14	Lakeland Hills Boulevard	I-4	Bartow Road	Partial	
15	US-27 - Davenport	Ernie Caldwell Boulevard	US-17	Yes	
16	US-17 - Davenport	Poinciana Parkway	Hinson Avenue	Partial	
17	US-27 - Four Corners	US-27	Ernie Caldwell Boulevard	Yes	
18	US-17 - Fort Meade	SR-60	Broadway Street	Yes	
19	Dundee Road	6 th Street	Center Street	Yes	
20	Scenic Highway	Center Street	US-27	Partial	

Note: The selected corridors are not listed in priority order.







Table 4-2: Selected Corridors (continued)

Corridor #	Corridor Name	From	То	Existing/Proposed Transit Availability
21	West US-92	County Line Road	S Florida Avenue	Yes
22	Drane Field Road	Fiddle Leaf Way	Harden Boulevard	Yes
23	Berkley Road	Commonwealth Avenue	US-92	Partial
24	SR-33	I-4	Berkley Road	No
25	Lake Hatchineha Road	Scenic Highway	Poinciana Parkway	No
26	US-27 - Highland Park	SR-60	US-98	No
27	1st Street/ Cypress Gardens Boulevard	6th Street	US-27	Partial
28	Lucerne Park Road	6th Street	US-27	Partial
29	I-4	County Line Road	US-27	No
30	Thomas Nursery Road	US-17	US-27	Partial
31	Harden Boulevard	Ariana Street	Drane Field Road	Yes
32	Sikes Boulevard	George Jenkins Boulevard	Ariana Street	Yes
33	South Polk Parkway	US-92	US-92	No
34	Havendale Boulevard	US-92	Lake Alfred Road	Yes
35	Johnson Avenue	10th Street	Marigold Avenue	Partial

Note: The selected corridors are not listed in priority order.







Corridor Prioritization Methodology

This section presents the methodology used to prioritize the selected corridors, structured to cover a spectrum of qualitative and quantitative factors to prioritize those best able to improve transit.

Each corridor was evaluated using the weighted criteria in Table 4-3. The composite score is used to rank the 35 corridors. The evaluation criteria used to prioritize the corridors are described in detail thereafter.

The prioritization of the selected corridors assists Citrus Connection and the Polk TPO with identifying its short- and mid-term transit needs, the level of investment, and the type of improvement and enhancement necessary.

Table 4-3: Prioritization Criteria

Category	Measure	Weights		
Provider's Service Area	Key Local Hub/Regional Connectivity	25%	40%	
Sel vice Al ea	Ridership Productivity	15%		
Urban Design	Transit Supportive Land Use	20%	40%	
Pattern	Metropolitan Planning Input	20%	4070	
MultimodalMultimodalEnvironmentinfrastructure/ facilities		20%	20%	
		Total	100%	







Key Local Hub/Regional Connectivity

Enhanced connectivity between key local hubs or major regional hubs complement the larger economic development and growth efforts in Polk County. The opportunity for travel to and from selected local/regional activity hubs using transit was reviewed for each corridor.

Existing Ridership Productivity

Gauging existing demand can help determine which areas have potential to increase ridership with enhanced or additional services. Existing demand, measured by ridership per revenue mile in each corridor, will help prioritize areas with high potential to enhance service and serve the most customers efficiently. The ratio of existing transit service mileage per corridor mileage was measured in GIS.

Transit Supportive Land Use

The availability of transit service to serve transitsupportive land use was an important consideration. Land uses considered to be transit-supportive include higher density residential, multi-family residential, public uses, commercial, restaurants, shopping centers, higher education, hotel, medical, and office uses. The proportion of these land uses in each corridor was scored in GIS.

Stakeholder/Community Input

Public support and input helped support the prioritization of the transit corridors. The conclusions from public outreach efforts, such as comments made at public workshops and quantitative survey results, and input from stakeholder interviews were reviewed to gauge public and key stakeholder support.

Multimodal Facility Access

A large presence of sidewalk and bicycle facilities could suggest that an area is pedestrian-supportive and may be more accessible for customers. The sidewalk and bicycle facility mileage per corridor was measured.







The thresholds for the criteria were determined using the average of the entire data set and one standard deviation above or below the average. Table 4-4 shows the thresholds and scoring for each criterion.

Prioritized Corridors

The prioritized corridors are shown on Map 4-5 and summarized in Table 4-4. The North US-98 (from Banana Road/Wilder Road to Pine Street) and Florida Avenue (from Pine Street to Central Polk Parkway) corridors scored the highest. These are in the Lakeland area where population and employment growth, along with transit-supportive land uses, is expected.

Table 4-4: Prioritization Criteria Thresholds

Criteria	Range	Score
Karri a aal	None	1
Key Local	Moderate	3
Hub/Regional Connectivity	High	5
Connectivity	Very High	7
Evicting	Less than (Average – 1 SD)	1
Existing Ridership	Between (Average – 1 SD) to Average	3
Productivity	More than Average to (Average + 1 SD)	5
Productivity	More than (Average + 1 SD)	7
Tuonoit	Less than (Average – 1 SD)	1
Transit	Between (Average – 1 SD) to Average	3
Supportive Land Use	More than Average to (Average + 1 SD)	5
Land OSE	More than (Average + 1 SD)	7
Stakeholder/	None	1
	Moderate	3
Community	High	5
Input	Very High	7
Multimodal	Less than (Average – 1 SD)	1
Multimodal	Between (Average – 1 SD) to Average	3
infrastructure/ facilities	More than Average to (Average + 1 SD)	5
iacilities	More than (Average + 1 SD)	7

Note: SD = statistical Standard Deviation







Map 4-8: Prioritized Corridors

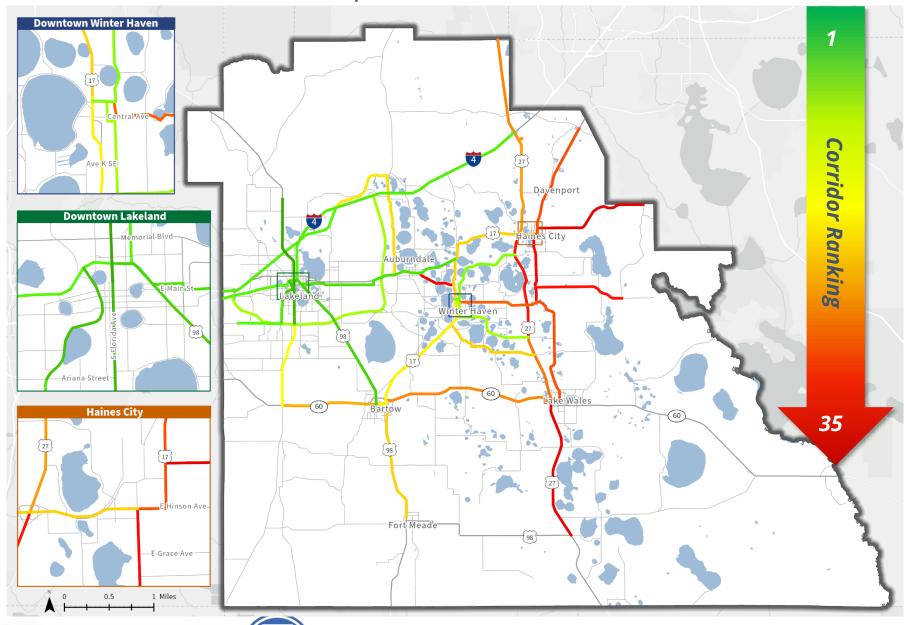








Table 4-5: Prioritized Corridors Evaluation Summary

Rank	Corridor #	Corridor Name	Key Local Hub/Regional Connectivity	Ridership Productivity	Stakeholder/ Community Input	Transit Supportive Land Use	Multimodal infrastructure/ facilities	Priority Corridor Weighted Score
1	1	North US-98	7	5	7	7	7	6.7
1	4	Florida Avenue	7	5	7	7	7	6.7
3	32	Sikes Boulevard	5	5	7	7	7	6.2
4	2	Bartow Road	7	5	7	5	5	5.9
5	3	US-92	7	5	5	5	5	5.5
6	31	Harden Boulevard	5	5	7	5	5	5.4
7	29	I-4	7	5	7	3	3	5.1
8	22	Drane Field Road	5	5	3	7	3	4.6
9	14	Lakeland Hills Boulevard	5	5	3	5	5	4.6
9	21	West US-92	5	5	3	5	5	4.6
11	28	Lucerne Park Road	3	5	5	7	3	4.5
12	33	South Polk Parkway	5	5	5	5	1	4.2
12	13	North Polk Parkway	5	5	5	3	3	4.2
14	27	1st Street/ Cypress Gardens Boulevard	5	5	3	5	3	4.2
15	5	South Florida Avenue	3	5	3	5	5	4.1
16	7	South US-17	3	5	3	5	5	4.1
17	24	SR-33	3	5	3	5	3	3.7
18	23	Berkley Road	5	1	3	5	3	3.6







Table 4-5: Prioritized Corridors Evaluation Summary (continued)

Rank	Corridor #	Corridor Name	Key Local Hub/Regional Connectivity	Ridership Productivity	Stakeholder/ Community Input	Transit Supportive Land Use	Multimodal infrastructure/ facilities	Priority Corridor Weighted Score
19	30	Thomas Nursery Road	3	5	5	1	3	3.3
20	8	Alfred Drive	3	5	3	3	3	3.3
21	18	US-17 - Fort Meade	3	5	3	3	3	3.3
22	6	West SR-60	3	5	1	3	5	3.3
23	15	US-27 - Davenport	5	1	3	3	3	3.2
24	17	US-27 - Four Corners	3	3	3	3	3	3.0
25	11	US-27 - Lake Wales	3	5	1	3	3	2.9
26	12	East SR-60	3	5	1	3	3	2.9
27	16	US-17 - Davenport	3	1	3	3	3	2.7
28	19	Dundee Road	3	1	3	3	3	2.7
29	20	Scenic Highway	3	1	3	3	3	2.7
30	25	Lake Hatchineha Road	3	5	3	1	1	2.5
31	9	FL-17	3	5	1	1	3	2.5
32	10	US-27 Dundee	3	5	1	1	3	2.5
33	34	Havendale Boulevard	3	1	3	3	1	2.3
34	26	US-27 - Highland Park	3	1	3	1	3	2.3
35	35	Johnson Avenue	3	1	1	3	1	1.9







Section 5. Ten-Year Operating & Capital Program

This section presents the Ten-Year Operating and Capital Program for Citrus Connection TDP, including the schedule of projects. The schedule of projects summarizes the 10-year transit needs, including service, capital/infrastructure, technology projects and policy initiatives developed without considering financial constraints. Later in the process, the financial plan details the operating and capital costs and revenues and proposed 10-year list of priority projects.









Schedule of Projects Development

The schedule of projects describes improvements needed to fulfill the community's vision for transit and provides an unconstrained outlook on the community's transit service and capital needs. The following provides the basis for the schedule of projects.

- **Community Direction**—Findings from public outreach efforts and input from stakeholders were reviewed to gauge public interest.
- Operating Context Review—Understandings from the review of the study area data that influence how transit functions in Polk County.
- **Plans and Policy Direction**—Review of related plans and policies at the local, regional, state, and federal levels.
- Land Use and Corridor Assessment—Insight from the review of transit supportive land use and urban design efforts in combination with direction from the Priority Transit Corridor Assessment.







Schedule of Projects

A range of transit improvements to support the creation of a practical, actionable, and evolving plan reflecting Polk County's long-term vision for growth and enhancement was developed. As noted earlier, the project schedule presents the initiatives in an unconstrained manner.

TDP Service Improvements

Service improvements were developed to improve transit access to jobs and services in and next to Polk County and help reduce traffic congestion in core areas and corridors. These include strategies to enhance existing services and new services. New services include premium transit options, new express and local routes, and technology-based microtransit services.







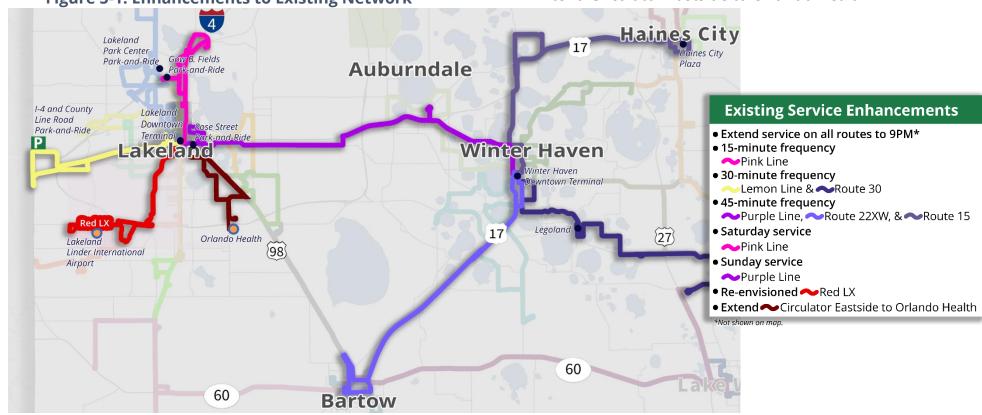
Enhancements to Existing Network

A review of the operating environment, existing service performance data, and input from the public and bus operators indicate a need to improve the existing network by extending service and increasing frequency. These improvements will enhance customer experience and provide direct connections to key destinations.

Figure 5-1: Enhancements to Existing Network

The following are the recommended improvements:

- Extend weekday service span until 9:00 PM
- 15-minute service on Pink Line
- 30-minute service on Lemon Line and Route 30
- 45-minute service on Purple Line and Routes 15 and 22XW
- Saturday service on Pink Line
- Sunday service on Purple Line
- Convert Red Line to limited express service
- Extend Circulator Eastside to Orlando Health









New Local Service

As Polk County's population and employment continues to grow, the need for alternative mobility options increases. Transit will continue to potentially mitigate worsening traffic congestion resulting from this growth. To increase network connectivity and expand service coverage, the new services shown in Figure 5-2 are recommended.

- US-27 LX—Demand analyses indicated a need for additional connections from Winter Haven to Haines City and service along US-27. This route will connect Legoland to Haines City while also serving other businesses and residential areas every 45 minutes Monday through Friday.
- Bonnet Springs Park/Downtown Circulator—Staff direction and outreach suggest adding additional connections in Lakeland. This service will connect customers to the area adjacent to Bonnet Springs Park and downtown.

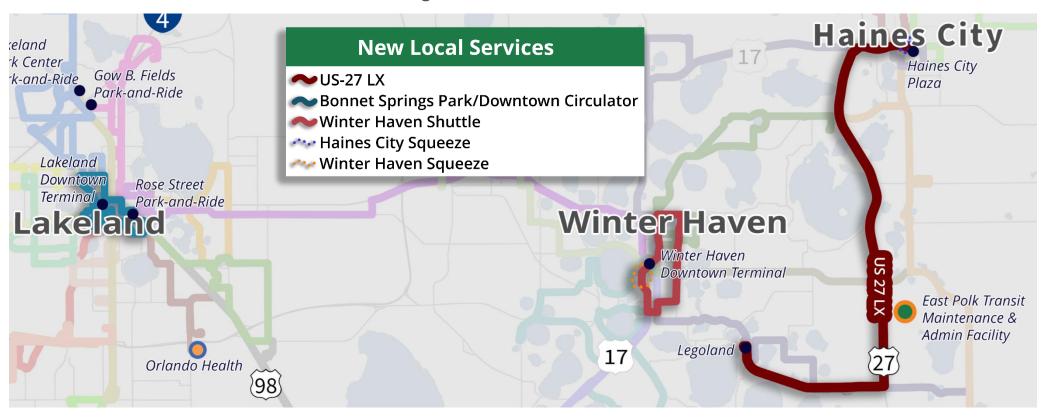
- Winter Haven Shuttle—Growing population and employment densities indicate the need for a flex service to connect residents in the northeast to businesses and medical offices in southwest Winter Haven. This route will enhance connectivity in Winter Haven Monday through Friday.
- Haines City Squeeze—This service will connect residents and workers to businesses and the proposed SunRail station when implemented on the weekdays.
- Winter Haven Squeeze—Throughout the community outreach process, stakeholders and the public indicated a need for a convenient travel alternative to restaurants and other businesses during lunch time on the weekdays.
 Depending on demand, this service may be extended to nights and weekends.







Figure 5-2: New Local Service







New Regional and Rail Services

Regional services were identified by the public and key stakeholders as a key need to support growth and enhance connectivity within and beyond Polk County. There was consensus that such services may help bolster economic development, quickly connecting growth centers and jobs to people regionally. Figure 5-3 shows the following improvements were identified to address this need:

• Proposed SunRail Extension— The existing SunRail system spans 51 miles, connecting 17 stations from DeLand to Poinciana. In 2023, FDOT completed the Polk County SunRail Extension Study, which recommended extending SunRail service into Polk County. The preferred alternative includes seven proposed stations: Lakeland, a site near the Polk Parkway, Auburndale, Lake Alfred, Haines City, Davenport, and Loughman. The study also recommended a phased approach to implementation. Phase One focuses on extending service to the eastern portion of the alignment, with proposed stations in Haines City, Davenport, and Loughman. This phase is currently in the Project Development and Environment (PD&E) stage. It is assumed in this TDP that SunRail service will be extended to

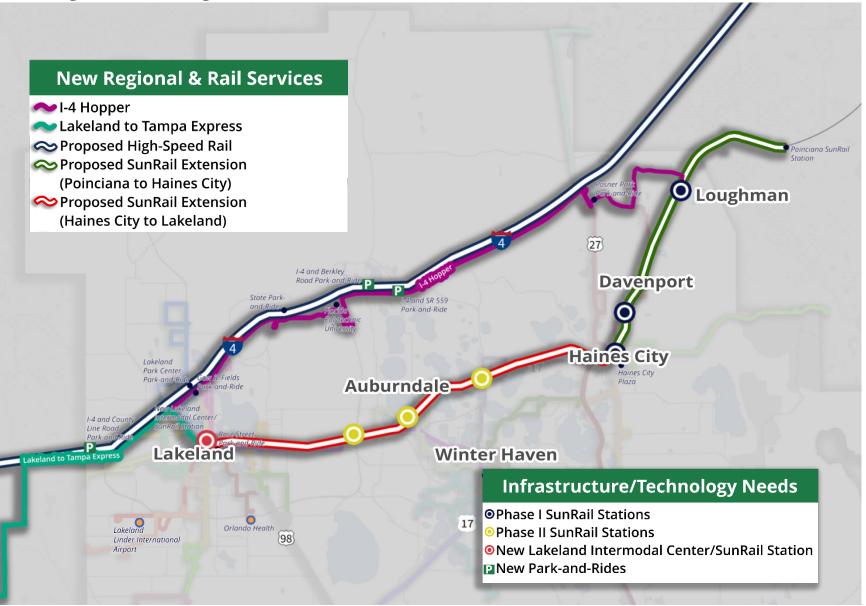
- Lakeland by 2035, the designated horizon year for the plan.
- I-4 Hopper—Public outreach and guidance from staff indicate a need to conveniently and quickly connect key trip generators, higher education centers, and shopping hubs adjacent to I-4. The I-4 Hopper would connect downtown Lakeland to Florida Polytechnic University, the Innovation District, and Posner Park during peak hours. If SunRail is extended to Polk County, this route would then extend to either the Loughman, Davenport, or Haines City station for a direct connection to SunRail.
- Lakeland-Tampa Express—This regional connection would link Lakeland to Tampa and the HART bus network via the eastern stop on SR-60 in Dover. Regional travel flow data in combination with discussion group feedback supports the connection to Hillsborough County during peak hours.
- High-Speed Rail—This TDP assumes high-speed rail on the I-4 corridor. This improvement is included as a long-term service option per TPO staff. No time frame, scale, or stations have been identified.





ORANGE LINE 1

Figure 5-3: New Regional and Rail Services









Pre-SunRail Bus Connections

- Lakeland to Poinciana Express—This express
 route would provide a direct connection from
 Lakeland to the existing Poinciana SunRail
 station until SunRail is expanded into Polk
 County. This express service would have limited
 stops and provide direct connections near the
 Polk Parkway, in Auburndale, Lake Alfred,
 Haines City, Davenport, and Loughman on
 weekdays every hour.
- Haines City-Posner Express—Until SunRail is extended to Polk County, this direct connection would link the Haines City Plaza to the Posner Park-and-Ride every 60 minutes. This route would connect to Route 19X, providing a connection to the Poinciana SunRail station.

New Premium Service

With direction from previously reviewed plans, demand assessments, and support from stakeholders and the community, adding premium service on high demand corridors/areas is recommended. Enhancing service on already high performing corridors and adding transit-supportive technology/infrastructure on them may not only help attract new customers but improve the quality of service for current customers. Key features of the service may include bus preferential treatments such as TSP/queue jumps at needed/applicable intersections, branded stations with enhanced amenities (covered/ sheltered bus stops with real-time passenger information, WiFi, information kiosks, etc.), and branded low-floor BRT vehicles. Figure 5-4 shows the recommended premium service improvements summarized below:

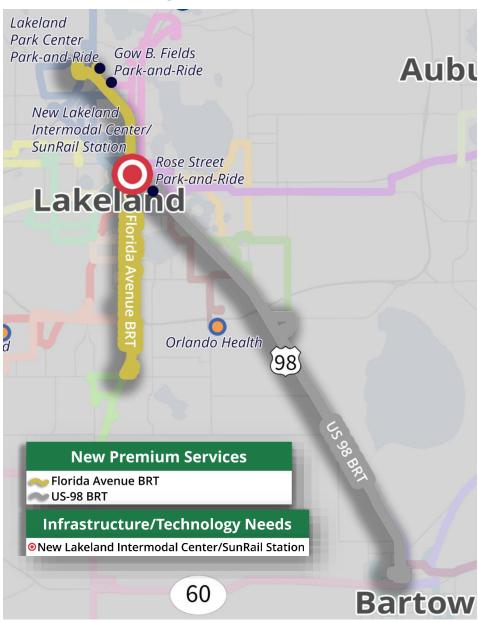
- Florida Avenue BRT—This high-frequency, 15-minute service premium transit connection would link the new Lakeland Intermodal Center to the Lake Miriam Shopping Center. The Florida Avenue BRT would serve the same areas as the existing highly productive Gold Line. The recommended BRT service would operate in mixed traffic (sometimes called "BRT Lite") along Florida Avenue.
- US-98 BRT—Plans previously conducted by FDOT and Polk County recommended to enhance the





existing Silver Line by adding mixed-traffic BRT service on US-98. When implemented, the US-98 BRT will link Lakeland and Bartow every 20 minutes, providing much-needed travel options for thousands of residents, workers, and visitors in these growing areas.









ORANGE LINE 1

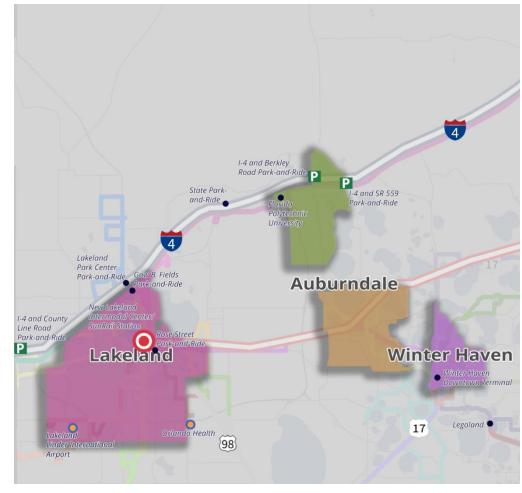
New Microtransit Service

Microtransit has become a popular transit option due to its on-demand technology-based trip hailing options and convenience. It is also accessible to people with disabilities who cannot access a fixed route stop and would otherwise rely on ADA paratransit service. The concept can promote transit, provide efficient service in low-density areas where traditional bus may be inefficient, and provide a way for transit agencies to enhance access. These services also serve as first/last-mile service for fixed-route customers. The following zones, as shown in Figure 5-5, are recommended to meet localized mobility needs:

- The Lakeland/Airport microtransit zone will connect customers to the Lakeland Linder International Airport, neighborhoods, and businesses in Lakeland.
- The Innovation District/Polk City microtransit zone will link customers in Polk City to Florida Polytechnic University, attractions, shops, and the developing Innovation District.
- The Auburndale microtransit zone will connect customers to lifeline trips in the area from Lake Ariana Boulevard to K-Ville Ave between Berkley Road and Lynchburg Road.
- The Winter Haven microtransit zone will link customers to medical and grocery shopping in

- and around downtown from US 17 to Buckeye Loop, north of Dundee Road.
- There is a consideration for a new Bartow microtransit zone. The boundaries will be defined when demand is determined.

Figure 5-5: New Microtransit Service









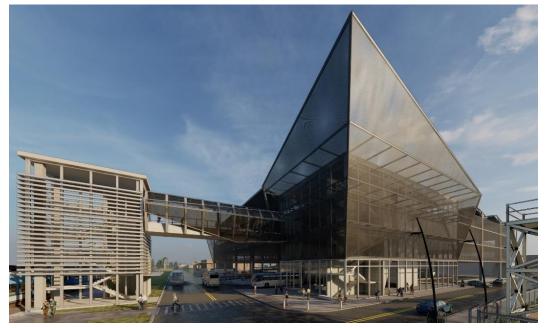
Capital Improvements

The implementation of these transit services should be supported by necessary infrastructure and technological improvements to ensure enhanced experience. The following have been identified to support the operational investments.

Lakeland Intermodal Center/SunRail Station

The Lakeland Downtown Terminal is currently the only major transfer center for west Polk County and is served by the west Polk County routes. The terminal size is not adequate to serve expanded transit service. It is anticipated that the Lakeland Intermodal Center will be relocated to the location identified in the Lakeland Intermodal Study (Figure 5-6). The proposed facility design includes bus bays, park-and-ride facilities, multimodal amenities, a drop-off and pick-up area, and other amenities. The proposed new transfer center would also be adjacent to the existing railroad track which could facilitate access to any future rail service. A PD&E study to support this effort will be conducted.

Figure 5-6: Lakeland Intermodal Center









This new facility is already planned to increase efficiency by reducing deadhead mileage for services in east Polk County. The already acquired site is located along Lincoln Avenue and will consolidate administration, maintenance, and vehicle storage for these routes.

Proposed New Transit Center/Super Stop

Transit centers and super stops are critical infrastructure upgrades that will support the growing Citrus Connection network.

A new transit center serving Lakeland Linder International Airport is proposed to connect passengers and workers to and from the Airport, which now provides commercial flights.

A super stop, or enhanced bus stop with enhanced amenities, is proposed at the new Orlando Health location adjacent to Lakeland Highlands Road to provide quality experience for customers with comfort and ease to access services.









ORANGE LINE



New Park and Ride Facilities

Park-and-ride facilities allow commuters to avoid traffic congestion and do other activities while traveling to their destination. Currently, there are five park-and-ride facilities in Polk County, four located in or around Lakeland and one in Davenport.

To support the new regional/express services and the extended route network growth, three additional park and ride facilities are proposed at the following locations.

- I-4 and Berkley Road
- I-4 and SR-559
- I-4 and County Line Road

Before these park-and-ride facilities are implemented, feasibility studies will be conducted.







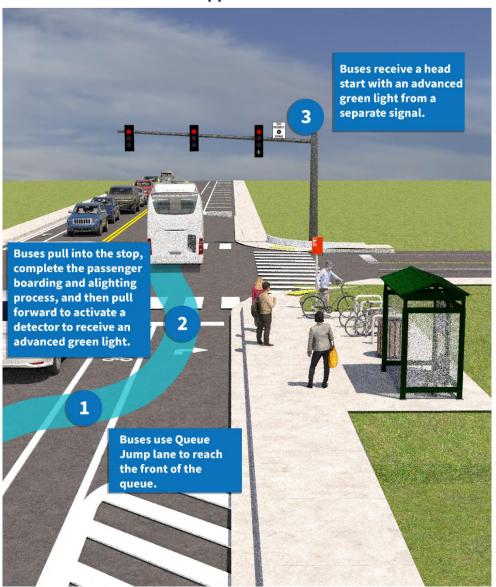
ORANGE LINE 1

TSP/Queue Jumps

To mitigate the effects of increased traffic on critical corridors, such as Florida Avenue and US-98, implementation of bus preferential treatments such as TSP and queue jumps is recommended. Traffic congestion significantly influences travel times for services operating in mixed-flow conditions, potentially diminishing the attractiveness of transit to prospective customers and reducing reliability for existing customers. TSP and queue jumps are strategic enhancements to create more efficient transit travel, particularly during peak periods of congestion. These technologies should be prioritized at identified intersections and are essential to the successful implementation of BRT services. By reducing delays and improving on time performance, these measures enhance the overall attractiveness of transit compared to SOV travel. Figure 5-7 shows a TSP and queue jump configuration to prioritize transit movement at an intersection.

It is recommended that Citrus Connection review the 2024 FDOT District One Districtwide BRT Feasibility Study to plan for potential TSP and queue jump implementation, in coordination with the appropriate local agencies.

Figure 5-7: TSP with Queue Jump Concept to Support BRT









Implement Alternative Fuel Vehicles

Citrus Connection continues to replace its fleet and add new vehicles to provide service improvements. With the proposed on-demand and Squeeze services, it is recommended that Citrus Connection consider acquiring alternative fuel vehicles as replacements, when possible. This may not only attract potential new customers, including the younger and environmentally conscious car drivers to transit, but may also help the overall marketing strategy and image building.

Additional/Enhanced Facilities and Bus Stop Infrastructure

Citrus Connection's dedication to enhancing its infrastructure with amenities such as bus shelters, benches, and bike racks should continue, with plans to invest in facilities to support the existing and proposed routes. Installing these amenities will enhance the existing customer experience and may encourage new customers to try the service.

Expand Pass Sale Location and Implement Mobile Payment

Public outreach feedback suggests that Citrus Connection needs to expand the locations that bus passes can be bought by customers. Citrus Connection should consider partnering with libraries, county facilities, and any other businesses willing to host bus pass sales. While the existing Citrus Connection mobile app is helpful to customers to anticipate the next bus arrival, customers would also like to pay fares via mobile payment. Furthermore, if the microtransit services are implemented, enhancing the app to include a way to procure a ride via microtransit should be considered. Furthermore, fareboxes will be upgraded to be able to accept mobile payment.

Enhance Marketing and Promote UAP Partnerships

Citrus Connection should broaden its marketing reach by engaging major employers and higher education centers. Additionally, increased public education on the benefits of transit is essential, along with the use of targeted social media campaigns to reach specific audiences. Expanding access to transit information is also important, including an array of outreach tools. Tables 5-1 and 5-2 show schedule of projects for services and capital improvements, respectively. Thereafter, Map 5-1 shows the 10-Year Schedule of Projects for the TDP.







Table 5-1: 10-Year Schedule of Projects | Services

Project	Description/ Location	Type of Service		Level of Service		Associato (202		Recommended Implementation	Consistent with/Support for
	Eocación	Scrvice	Freq (min)	Span of Service	Days of Service	Operating	Capital	Timeframe	Related Plan
			Enhance	ements to Existing Sei	rvices				
Extend weekday service until 9:00 PM	Throughout Polk County	Local	Various	Various	Monday - Friday	\$3,951,176*	N/A	2-3 years	Local
15-minute Frequency on Pink Line	Along SR 33, Parkview Place, and Florida Avenue	Local	15	6:15 AM - 6:08 PM	Monday - Friday	\$570,673*	\$1,400,000	2-5 years	Local
30-minute Frequency on Lemon Line	Along George Jenkins Boulevard, US 92, and County Line Road	Local	30	5:45 AM - 5:38 PM	Monday - Friday	\$397,109*	\$700,000	2-5 years	Local
30-minute Frequency on Route 30	Along Central Avenue, Cypress Gardens Boulevard, Waverly Road, and Scenic Highway	Local	30	6:15 AM - 7:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$871,520*	\$1,400,000	2-5 years	Local
45-minute Frequency on Purple Line	Along Main Street, US 92, Havendale Boulevard, and US 17	Local	45	5:45 AM - 6:53 PM	Monday - Friday	\$551,851*	\$1,400,000	2-5 years	Local
45-minute Frequency on Route 15	Along 6 th Street, Lake Alfred Road, and US 17	Local	45	5:45 AM - 7:10 PM	Monday - Friday	\$440,171*	\$700,000	2-5 years	Local
45-minute Frequency on Route 22XW	Along US 17, US-98, and Main Street	Local	45	5:45 AM - 7:04 PM	Monday - Friday	\$439,139*	\$700,000	2-5 years	Local
Saturday service on Pink Line	Along SR 33, Parkview Place, and Florida Avenue	Local	30	7:00 AM - 3:00 PM	Saturday	\$103,533*	N/A	5-10 years	Local
Sunday service on Purple Line	Along Main Street, US 92, Havendale Boulevard, and US 17	Local	90	9:00 AM - 3:00 PM	Sunday	\$77,650*	N/A	5-10 years	Local
Convert Red Line to Limited Express	Along Sikes Boulevard and Drane Field Road	Local	30	5:45 AM - 5:35 PM	Monday - Friday	N/A	N/A	2-3 years	Local
Extend Circulator Eastside to Orlando Health	Along Lakeland Highlands Road	Local	60	6:15 AM - 6:15 PM	Monday - Saturday	\$86,236*	N/A	1-2 years	Local

^{*}Incremental cost.







Table 5-1: 10-Year Schedule of Projects | Services (continued)

	Description/	Type of		Level of Service		Associated Co	osts (2025\$)	Recommended	Consistent
Project	Location	Service	Freq (min)	Span of Service	Days of Service	Operating	Capital	Implementation Timeframe	with/Support for Related Plan
				New Local Service					
US-27 LX	Along US 301 and Eiland Boulevard	Local	45	6:00 AM - 7:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$689,888	\$1,400,000	5-10 years	Local
Bonnet Springs Park/ Downtown Circulator	Along Kathleen Street, 5 th Street, Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard, George Jenkins Boulevard, Lake Morton Drive, Bonnet Springs Boulevard	Local	45	7:30 AM - 6:45 PM	Monday - Friday	\$208,768	\$250,000	1-2 years	Local
Winter Haven Shuttle	Along 6 th Street, 1 st Street, Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard, 7 th Street, Avenue O, and Cypress Gardens Boulevard	Local	30	9:00 AM - 5:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$148,457	\$250,000	1-2 years	Local
Haines City Squeeze	Along Main Street,4 th Street, Oak Avenue, Ledwith Avenue, and 8 th Street	Local	10	11:00 AM – 2:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$37,800	\$75,000	5-10 years	Local
Winter Haven Squeeze	Along Lake Howard Drive, Avenue C, 1 st Street North, and Avenue E	Local	10	11:00 AM – 2:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$37,800	\$75,000	2-3 years	Local
			Nev	v Regional and Rail Ser	vices				
I-4 Hopper	Along I-4 from US-98 to Loughman SunRail station	Express	60	6:00 AM - 9:00 AM/ 3:00 PM - 6:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$376,303	\$1,400,000	5-10 years	Local, Regional
Lakeland – Tampa Express	Along I-4 from downtown Lakeland to SR-60 in Dover	Express	90	6:00 AM - 9:00 AM/ 3:00 PM - 6:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$188,151	\$700,000	5-10 years	Local, Regional
Haines City – Posner Express (Pre-SunRail)	Along US-27 from 17 th Street to Ernie Caldwell Boulevard	Express	60	6:00 AM - 9:00 AM/ 3:00 PM - 6:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$188,151	\$700,000	2-5 years	Local
Lakeland – Haines City Express (Pre-SunRail)	Along US-92 from downtown Lakeland to Poinciana SunRail station	Express	60	6:00 AM - 11:00 AM/ 3:00 PM - 8:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$1,254,342	\$2,800,000	2-5 years	Local







Table 5-1: 10-Year Schedule of Projects | Services (continued)

	Description/	Type of		Level of Servic	e	Associated Co	sts (2025\$)	Recommended	Consistent
Project	Location	Service	Freq (min)	Span of Service	Days of Service	Operating	Capital	Implementation Timeframe	with/Support for Related Plan
			1	New Premium Servic	е				
Florida Avenue BRT	Along Florida Avenue from downtown Lakeland to Lake Miriam Shopping Center	BRT	15	6:00 AM - 6:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$1,121,591*	\$2,800,000	5-10 years	Local, Regional, State
US-98 BRT	Along US-98 from downtown Lakeland to downtown Bartow	BRT	20	6:00 AM - 6:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$3,469,350 *	\$4,200,000	5-10 years	Local, Regional, State
			Ne	ew Microtransit Serv	ice				
Auburndale	In Auburndale from Lake Ariana Boulevard to K-Ville Avenue between Berkley Road and Lynchburg Road.	Microtransit	On- Demand	9:00 AM - 5:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$201,600	\$500,000	1-2 years	Local
Innovation District/Polk City	In central Polk County adjacent to I-4 and Polk Parkway	Microtransit	On- Demand	9:00 AM - 5:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$201,600	\$500,000	2-5 years	Local
Lakeland/Airport	In Lakeland, west of County Road 33A along Drane Field Road	Microtransit	On- Demand	9:00 AM - 5:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$403,200	\$1,000,000	1-2 years	Local
Winter Haven	In central Winter Haven from US 17 to Buckeye Loop, north of Dundee Road.	Microtransit	On- Demand	9:00 AM - 5:00 PM	Monday - Friday	\$100,800	\$250,000	1-2 years	Local

^{*}Incremental cost.

Note: The High Speed Rail project and SunRail extension to Polk County are not included in the TDP Schedule of Projects. The SunRail extension continues to be studied by FDOT.







Table 5-2: 10-Year Schedule of Projects | Capital

	Description/	Type of		Level of Service		Associated (Costs (2025\$)	Recommended	Consistent
Project	Location	Service	Freq (min)	Span of Service	Days of Service	Operating	Capital	Implementation Timeframe	with/Support for Related Plan
			Co	apital Improvements					
Lakeland Intermodal Center/SunRail Station	Intermodal facility in downtown Lakeland	Intermodal Center	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$30,000,000	5-10 years	Local
East Polk Transit Maintenance & Administration Facility	Maintenance and Administration in Dundee, Florida	Maintenance/ Administration Facility	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$13,500,000	5-10 years	Local
Proposed New Transit Center/Super Stop	At the Lakeland Linder International Airport and Orlando Health facility	Infrastructure	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$500,000/ \$250,000	2-5 years	Local
I-4 and County Line Road Park-and-Ride	Park-and-Ride facility adjacent to I-4 and County Line Road	Park-and-Ride	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$12/parking spot**	TBD*	5-10 years	Local
I-4 and Berkley Road Park-and-Ride	Park-and-Ride facility adjacent to I-4 and Berkley Road	Park-and-Ride	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$12/parking spot**	TBD*	5-10 years	Local
I-4 and SR 559 Park-and- Ride	Park-and-Ride facility adjacent to I-4 and SR 559	Park-and-Ride	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$12/parking spot**	TBD*	5-10 years	Local
Transit Signal Priority	Florida Avenue and US-98	Technology	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$32,000 each	5-10 years	Local, State
Queue Jumps	Florida Avenue and US-98	Technology	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$150,000 each	5-10 years	Local, State
Alternate-Fuel Vehicles	Throughout Polk County	Technology	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$1,000,000 each	5-10 years	Local
Lakeland Intermodal Center PD&E Study	Intermodal facility in downtown Lakeland	Study	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$2,000,000	1-2 years	Local
Additional/Enhanced Facilities and Bus Stop Infrastructure	Throughout Polk County	Infrastructure	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$250,000**	5-10 years	Local
Expand Pass Sale Locations/Mobile Payment/Fare Options	Throughout Polk County	Technology	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$25,000	2-5 years	Local
Expand Transit Marketing/UAP	Throughout Polk County	Marketing	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$150,000**	2-5 years	Local

^{*}Note: To Be Determined. The cost will be determined based on the cost of land and development. This cost will be explored in a later study.

**Annually





East Routes 15 **→** 16X **─** 17X 18X ~~20X ~21X East 22XW ~ 25 ~ 27X ~30 **40/44 >>** 50 **~**60 **∼** Lake Wales Circulator **West Routes ∼** Blue Line Circulator East Circulator West Coral Line

Map 5-1: TDP Schedule of Projects | 2035 inciana SunRaii **O** Loughman I-4 and Berkley **EXPLYNX** Haines City **Auburndale** Lakeland Winter Haven Health Bartow Fort Meade 0 1.5

New Transit Services

- Florida Avenue BRT
- US-98 BRT
- ✓ I-4 Hopper
- Lakeland to Tampa Express
- **∼** US-27 LX
- Bonnet Springs Park/Downtown Circulator
- Winter Haven Shuttle
- Haines City Squeeze
- **Winter Haven Squeeze**
- Proposed High-Speed Rail
- Proposed SunRail Extension (Poinciana to Haines City)
- Proposed SunRail Extension (Haines City to Lakeland)
- Auburndale Microtransit
- Innovation District/Polk City Microtransit
- Lakeland/Airport Microtransit
- Winter Haven Microtransit

Existing Service Enhancements

- Extend service on all routes to 9PM*
- 15-minute frequency
- **∼**Pink Line
- 30-minute frequency
- —Lemon Line &

 —Route 30
- 45-minute frequency
- Purple Line, Noute 22XW, & Noute 15
- Saturday service
- →Pink Line
- Sunday service
- **∼**Purple Line
- Re-envisioned ~ Red LX
- Extend Circulator Eastside to Orlando Health

*Not shown on map.

Infrastructure/Technology Needs

- Phase I SunRail Stations
- Phase II SunRail Stations
- New Lakeland Intermodal Center/SunRail Station
- East Polk Transit Maintenance & Admin Facility
- Proposed New Transit Center/Super Stop

■New Park-and-Rides

- Transit Signal Priority/Queue Jumps for BRT*
- Alternate-Fuel Vehicles*
- Expand Pass Sale Location and Add Mobile Payment*
- Enhance Marketing and Promote Universal Access Partnership*

t shown on map.

Green Line

Lemon Line

Orange Line

Peach Line

∼ Purple Line

Yellow Line

21X West

Pink Line

Lime Flex Line





Transit Demand Estimation

The existing and proposed fixed-route transit networks were analyzed using the ridership forecast data from TBEST, the FDOT-approved ridership estimation software for TDPs. This analysis was completed to gauge route-level and system-wide demand, assuming the maintenance of existing transit service and implementation of the potential improvements proposed by the TDP. The transit route network for all existing Citrus Connection routes was created to reflect 2024 conditions, the validation year for the model. General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS) data as of October 2024 were used to provide the input for the base transit system.

Although TBEST is an important tool for evaluating improvements to existing and future transit services, model outputs do not account for latent demand for transit that could yield significantly higher ridership. In addition, TBEST cannot display sensitivities to external factors such as an improved marketing and advertising program, changes in fare service for customers, fuel prices, parking supply, walkability, and other local conditions and, correspondingly, model outputs may under- or over-estimate demand in isolated cases. As a result, model outputs are not absolute ridership projections, but, rather, are

comparative estimates best used for evaluation in actual service implementation decisions.

Microtransit Ridership Estimation

TBEST cannot currently estimate ridership for ondemand transit services and there are few external methodologies available to do this easily. Therefore, Remix was utilized to estimate microtransit ridership for the 10-year TDP. Remix is a data-driven transit planning software that uses Census and other opensource data.







Special Generators

Special generators were identified and coded into TBEST to evaluate the opportunity for generating high ridership. Citrus Connection special generators include the following:

- Higher Education Centers—Florida Polytechnic University, Polk State College campuses throughout Polk County, Keiser University, Florida Southern College, Southern Technical College, Ridge Technical College, Warner University, and Webber International University
- Transfer Hubs—Winter Haven Downtown Terminal, Lakeland Downtown Terminal, Haines City Plaza
- Major Rail Transfer Stations—future SunRail stations
- Park and Rides—Gow B Fields Park-and-Ride, Lakeland Park Center Park-and-Ride, Rose Street Park-and-Ride, Posner Park Park-and-Ride, I-4 and Berkley Road, I-4 and SR-559, and I-4 and County Line Road
- Shopping Malls—Eagle Ridge Mall, Lakeland Square Mall, Lakeland Town Center
- Hospitals—Bartow Regional Medical Center, Heart of Florida Hospital, Lakeland Regional Health Medical Center, Lake Wales Medical Center, Winter Haven Hospital, and Orlando Health in Lakeland Highlands

Ridership Forecasts

The following model scenarios and ridership forecasts were developed for this TDP major update:

- Existing Network Scenario—Assumes no change will be implemented to the existing route network.
- TDP Network Scenario—Assumes implementation of the TDP Network.

Table 5-3 shows the projected ridership for the Existing Network Scenario and TDP Network Scenario for 2026 and 2035.







Table 5-3: TBEST Scenario | Existing Network*

Douto/Corvigo	Existing	Network	Schedule of Pro	ojects Network	2035 Ridership Growth
Route/Service	2026	2035	2026	2035	Potential (% Change) [†]
15	43,772	63,269	45,453	65,584	3.7%
16X	5,121	6,690	9,108	11,884	77.6%
17X	6,500	9,265	13,845	19,714	112.8%
18X	14,239	21,408	23,236	34,827	62.7%
19X	3,964	5,170	7,038	9,166	77.3%
20X	16,895	24,024	23,640	33,490	39.4%
21X East	4,079	5,360	4,610	6,102	13.8%
21X West	8,136	11,009	8,794	11,867	7.8%
22XW	31,918	46,607	36,106	56,657	21.6%
25	23,320	32,790	23,610	33,033	0.7%
27X	584	752	605	774	2.9%
30	62,158	90,007	71,823	104,495	16.1%
60	9,284	15,866	9,944	16,839	6.1%
Blue	38,831	57,531	162,619	241,562	319.9%
Circulator E	6,324	9,446	6,835	10,274	8.8%
Circulator W	9,773	14,654	13,188	19,553	33.4%
Coral	1,722	2,303	2,034	2,739	18.9%
Gold**	161,494	230,496	480,768	684,156	196.8%
Green	21,580	33,000	27,331	41,766	26.6%
Lake Wales Circulator	4,980	6,837	10,220	14,111	106.4%
Lemon	23,904	33,045	37,685	52,023	57.4%
Lime	16,010	22,254	25,765	35,164	58.0%
Orange	20,335	29,830	23,750	34,789	16.6%
Peach	13,950	21,174	20,589	30,479	43.9%
Pink	35,581	52,896	99,380	146,324	176.6%
Purple	93,043	137,002	146,437	239,392	74.7%
Red	8,670	11,998	13,174	18,316	52.7%
Silver***	29,137	40,987	101,815	167,462	308.6%
Yellow	13,150	20,248	15,164	23,235	14.8%
Total	728,454	1,055,918	1,464,566	2,165,777	105.1%

[◆]Compares 2035 Existing Network to 2035 Schedule of Projects Network.





^{*}Based on TBEST Model

^{**}Becomes Florida Ave BRT in 2035 Schedule of Projects Network Scenario

^{***}Becomes US-98 BRT in 2035 Schedule of Projects Network Scenario



Table 5-4: TBEST Scenario | New Services*

	N C		
Route/Service	New S	ervices	Ridership Growth Potential
Noute/Sel vice	2026	2035	(% Change)⁴
	Fixed-Route		
Bonnet Springs Park/Downtown Circulator	31,385	49,478	57.6%
Haines City Squeeze	13,668	18,007	31.7%
I-4 Hopper	5,313	7,623	43.5%
Lakeland to Tampa Express	25,056	37,862	51.1%
US-27 LX	11,798	16,988	44.0%
Winter Haven Shuttle	49,301	84,526	71.4%
Winter Haven Squeeze	12,914	17,827	38.0%
	Microtransit		
Lakeland/Airport	44,460	66,642	49.9%
Innovation District/Polk City	5,096	6,094	19.6%
Auburndale	16,744	25,132	50.1%
Winter Haven	12,896	19,318	49.8%
Total	228,631	349,497	52.9%

◆Compares 2026 New Services estimates to 2035 New Services estimates.

*Based on TBEST Model

Table 5-5: TBEST Scenario | Total Ridership Estimates*

	Existing	Network	Schedule of Pro	jects Network	2035 Ridership Growth	
	2026	2035	2026	2035	Potential (% Change)*	
Total	728,454	1,055,918	1,693,197	2,515,274	138.2%	

◆Compares 2035 Existing Network to 2035 Schedule of Projects Network.

*Based on TBEST Model







Finance Plan

A financial plan was developed as part of the TDP's 10-Year operating and capital program that identifies operating and capital costs for the schedule of projects, matched with the available and anticipated new revenues. The estimated costs in this plan also help to develop the TDP's list of priority projects, which is discussed in the next section.

First, cost and revenue assumptions used to develop the financial plan are presented below. That is followed by a summary of cost and revenue projections for Citrus Connection's 10-year TDP. The summary includes annual costs for service and capital/infrastructure/technology/policy improvements programmed for implementation within the next 10 years, together with supporting revenues that are reasonably expected to be available to fund the implementation.

Operating Cost Assumptions

Numerous assumptions were made to forecast the transit-operating costs, including:

- Based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) data for the last 10 years (from 2014 to 2024), an average annual inflation rate of 2.5% is used for all operating cost projections.
- Annual operating costs for fixed-route services are based on FY 2023 NTD operating expense

- information at a unit cost of \$124.44 (2025\$) per revenue service hour.
- Annual operating costs for ADA paratransit services are based on FY 2023 operating expense information from NTD and inflated.
- Annual operating costs for microtransit and the Squeeze services are estimated using a perrevenue-hour cost of \$50.00 (2025\$), based on industry data.

Capital Cost Assumptions

Assumptions developed to project costs for capital/infrastructure/technology needs described previously include:

- New bus facilities repair and upgrades, farebox replacement and system upgrades, and mobile app/fare options are based on data from Citrus Connection.
- Additional bus stop infrastructure and amenities at high ridership stops are planned to be \$250,000 (2025\$) annually.
- Expanding marketing efforts and the UAP are assumed to cost \$150,000 (2025\$) annually.
- The PD&E study for the new Lakeland Intermodal Center is estimated to cost \$2 million (2026\$).
- The cost of deploying TSP at an intersection is assumed at \$32,000 (2025\$) and converting







already existing right turn lanes to Queue Jump lanes at an intersection is assumed at \$150,000 (2025\$) per intersection. This is based on recent data from FDOT and studies from the southeastern U.S.

- The cost for establishing a new transit center is assumed at \$500,000 (2025\$) and the cost of a super stop is assumed at \$250,000 (2025\$), as provided by Citrus Connection staff.
- The cost of studies to support establishing new park-and-rides is assumed at \$250,000 (2025\$).
- The cost for additional technology upgrades is assumed at \$250,000 (2025\$).

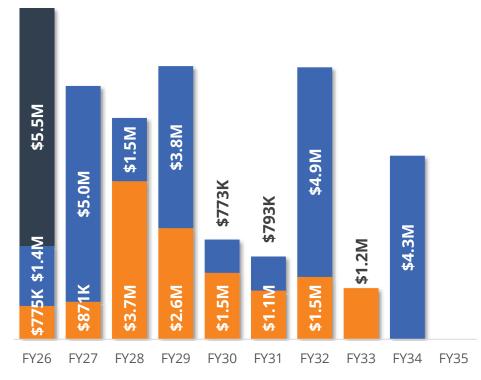
Vehicle Acquisition Plan

Acquisition of new and replacement vehicles is a critical component of the capital investment to improve Citrus Connection services. Figure 5-8 shows the new vehicles needed by year for the TDP.

- The FTA-standard rate of 20% spare vehicle ratio is assumed for new vehicle purchases.
- Vehicle useful life cycle assumptions are based on guidelines from FTA. A fixed-route bus is 14 years and demand response vehicle is 10 years.
- Replacement vehicles will replace those in the existing fleet that reach their useful life within the TDP planning period. The cost of a diesel bus is assumed at \$700,000 (2025\$). The cost of

- a microtransit vehicle is assumed at \$250,000 (2025\$).
- An annual growth rate of 2.5% is also used for cost projections to adjust for inflationary pressures in the future.

Figure 5-8: 10-Year Vehicle Acquisition Plan



- Replacement Vehicles -Paratransit and Microtransit vehicles
- Replacement Vehicles Existing Fixed-Route
- New Vehicles







Revenue Assumptions

The following key assumptions are used to project Citrus Connection's TDP revenues.

- Annual grants/revenue information for existing federal, state, and local sources is from Citrus Connection for FY 2026. Based on discussions with Citrus Connection, an annual growth rate of 2.5% was used to project the revenues for the 10-year TDP.
- Revenues from FTA Section 5307 and 5311 grants are assumed at \$106.1 million throughout the 10-year period.
- Existing funds received from FDOT, including Congestion Management, Transit Corridor, Block Grant, and Transportation Disadvantaged Program funding, are assumed to be \$67.2 million throughout the 10-year period.
- Based on Citrus Connection guidance, local contributions are \$94.5 million throughout the 10-year period.
- Farebox and contract revenues are expected to generate \$127.1 million throughout the 10-year period.
- Paratransit and microtransit vehicle replacement, new bus facilities repair and upgrades, farebox replacement and system upgrades, and mobile/app fare options are

assumed to be covered by an already earmarked federal grant totaling \$8 million.

This plan also assumes the following additional new funding to support the implementation of new service and capital projects:

- Contributions from the Winter Haven
 Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) are
 expected to support the Winter Haven Shuttle
 with \$150,000 (2025\$) annually.
- To be conservative, a farebox recovery ratio of 4% (based on 2023 farebox recovery data from NTD) is used to estimate fare revenue for new services.
- New Public Private Partnerships (PPP) are expected to provide service support for five years, a vehicle, new transit center, and super stop.

10-Year Cost/Revenue Summary

The annual operating and capital costs and supporting revenues are summarized in Table 5-6. As shown, it is estimated to cost \$373.4 million to operate Citrus Connection over the next 10 years with another \$56.6 million in capital costs to support the necessary technology, fleet, and capital infrastructure. It is anticipated that the operating costs will continue to be funded mainly with a mix of local, state, and federal







sources and fare revenues generated by existing and new transit services.

Figure 5-9 shows the annual operating and capital costs for the TDP implementation plan, and Figure 5-10 shows the revenues by source to support the system.

Figure 5-9: Annual Operating and Capital Costs

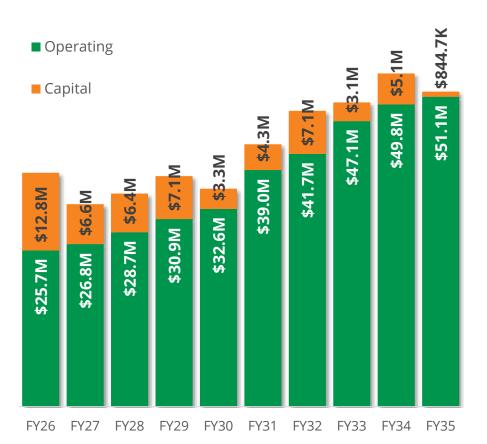


Figure 5-10: Revenues

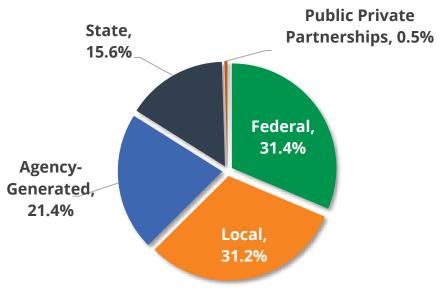






Table 5-6: 2035 Financial Plan

			Tubic 5	7. 2033 I	inanciai F	Idii					
Cost/Revenue	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	FY33	FY34	FY35	Total
Operating Costs											
Citrus Connection Network	\$16,386,403	\$16,799,787	\$17,223,600	\$17,658,105	\$18,103,570	\$18,560,274	\$19,028,499	\$19,508,536	\$20,000,684	\$20,505,246	\$183,774,706
Existing ADA Paratransit Service	\$9,043,450	\$9,271,592	\$9,505,489	\$9,745,286	\$9,991,133	\$10,243,182	\$10,501,590	\$10,766,516	\$11,038,126	\$11,316,588	
Enhancements to Existing Service	\$88,411	\$90,642		\$1,774,151	\$1,818,908	\$7,465,088	\$7,745,856	\$8,067,632	\$8,271,156	\$8,479,815	
New Transit Services - Local Services	\$213,851	\$414,886		\$1,198,265	\$1,228,494	\$1,259,486	\$1,291,259	\$1,323,834	\$2,926,861	\$3,000,697	\$14,026,413
New Transit Services - Microtransit	\$0	\$211,900	\$325,868	\$334,089	\$799,207	\$819,369	\$1,080,051	\$1,107,297	\$1,135,231	\$1,163,870	
New Transit Services - Regional Services	\$0	\$0	·	\$207,868	\$639,336	\$655,465	\$672,000	\$688,953	\$706,333	\$724,152	\$4,294,107
New Transit Services - Premium Services New Transit Services - Premium Services	\$0	\$0		\$207,868	\$039,330	\$033,403	\$1,335,289	\$5,603,545	\$5,744,907	\$5,889,835	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								\$5,009,035	· ·
Total Operating Costs	\$25,732,116	\$26,788,807	\$28,744,593	\$30,917,764	\$32,580,649	\$39,002,864	\$41,654,545	\$47,066,314	\$49,823,298	\$51,080,204	\$373,391,154
Capital Costs	¢775 000	6071 442	62.670.010	¢2 506 257	Ć1 F4C 700	61 122 662	Ć1 451 54C	ć1 100 F22	¢0	ĆO	442 222 262
New Vehicles	\$775,000	\$871,443		\$2,586,257	\$1,546,709	\$1,132,663	\$1,451,546	\$1,190,532	\$0	\$0	\$13,232,969
Replacement Vehicles - Existing Fixed-Route	\$1,400,000	\$5,023,614	\$1,471,527	\$3,771,625	\$773,355	\$792,864	\$4,877,196	\$0	\$4,271,980	\$0	\$22,382,161
Replacement Vehicles -Paratransit and microtransit vehicles	\$5,533,206	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,533,206
Expand Transit Marketing/UAP	\$150,000	\$153,784	\$157,664	\$161,641	\$165,719	\$169,899	\$174,186	\$178,580	\$183,085	\$187,704	\$1,682,261
Additional Bus Stop Infrastructure	\$250,000	\$256,307	\$262,773	\$269,402	\$276,198	\$283,166	\$290,309	\$297,633	\$305,141	\$312,839	\$2,803,768
Queue Jumps	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$1,019,397	\$0	\$714,319	\$0	\$0	\$1,733,716
Transit Signal Priority	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$543,678	\$0	\$380,970	\$0	\$0	\$924,649
New Transit Center	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$525,545
Super Stop	\$250,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$250,000
Bus Facilities Repair and Enhancement	\$1,656,120	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,656,120
Farebox Replacement and System Upgrades	\$462,157	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$462,157
Mobile App/ Fare Options	\$350,000	\$25,631	\$26,277	\$26,940	\$27,620	\$28,317	\$29,031	\$29,763	\$30,514	\$31,284	\$605,377
Lakeland Intermodal PD&E Study	\$2,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000
Park-and-Ride Studies	\$0	\$256,307	\$262,773	\$269,402	\$276,198	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,064,679
New Technology Upgrades	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$276,198	\$283,166	\$290,309	\$297,633	\$305,141	\$312,839	\$1,765,287
Total Capital Costs	\$12,826,483	\$6,587,085	\$6,385,378	\$7,085,267	\$3,341,996	\$4,253,150	\$7,112,577	\$3,089,430	\$5,095,862	\$844,666	\$56,621,895
All Costs	\$38,558,599	\$33,375,892	\$35,129,971	\$38,003,031	\$35,922,645	\$43,256,014	\$48,767,122	\$50,155,744	\$54,919,161	\$51,924,870	\$430,013,049
Revenues											
Revenues LAMTD - Local General Revenue	\$1,489,149	\$1,526,717	\$1,565,232	\$1,604,718	\$1,645,201	\$1,686,705	\$1,729,256	\$1,772,880	\$1,817,605	\$1,863,458	\$16,700,920
LAMTD - Local General Revenue	\$1,489,149 \$600,584	\$1,526,717 \$615.735	\$1,565,232 \$631,268	\$1,604,718 \$647.193	\$1,645,201 \$663.520	\$1,686,705 \$680,259	\$1,729,256 \$697,420	\$1,772,880 \$715.014	\$1,817,605 \$733,052	\$1,863,458 \$751.545	, ,
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions	\$600,584	\$615,735	\$631,268	\$647,193	\$663,520	\$680,259	\$697,420	\$715,014	\$733,052	\$751,545	\$6,735,592
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue	\$600,584 \$3,409,461	\$615,735 \$3,495,472	\$631,268 \$3,583,654	\$647,193 \$3,674,060	\$663,520 \$3,766,746	\$680,259 \$3,861,771	\$697,420 \$3,959,193	\$715,014 \$4,059,072	\$733,052 \$4,161,472	\$751,545 \$4,266,454	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5301 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5301 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - BTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PTOPERTY Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA New Service Farebox Recovery	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000 \$0 \$11,239	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908 \$26,677	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841 \$74,944	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874 \$130,677	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008 \$166,804	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246 \$379,252	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592 \$450,832	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046 \$624,361	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614 \$698,477	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296 \$716,097	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426 \$3,279,360
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA New Service Farebox Recovery Public Private Partnerships	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000 \$0 \$11,239 \$900,000	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908 \$26,677 \$150,000	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841 \$74,944 \$675,545	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874 \$130,677 \$150,000	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008 \$166,804 \$150,000	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246 \$379,252	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592 \$450,832 \$0	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046 \$624,361 \$0	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614 \$698,477 \$0	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296 \$716,097	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426 \$3,279,360 \$2,025,545
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA New Service Farebox Recovery Public Private Partnerships All Revenues	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000 \$0 \$11,239 \$900,000	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908 \$26,677 \$150,000	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841 \$74,944	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874 \$130,677	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008 \$166,804	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246 \$379,252	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592 \$450,832	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046 \$624,361 \$0	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614 \$698,477	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296 \$716,097	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426 \$3,279,360 \$2,025,545
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA New Service Farebox Recovery Public Private Partnerships All Revenues 10-Year Cost & Revenue Summary	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000 \$0 \$11,239 \$900,000 \$44,116,683	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908 \$26,677 \$150,000 \$41,449,780	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841 \$74,944 \$675,545 \$39,385,982	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874 \$130,677 \$150,000 \$42,153,813	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008 \$166,804 \$150,000 \$40,152,866	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246 \$379,252 \$0 \$41,220,269	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592 \$450,832 \$0 \$46,386,487	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046 \$624,361 \$0 \$42,718,613	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614 \$698,477 \$0 \$48,126,632	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296 \$716,097 \$0 \$444,960,985	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426 \$3,279,360 \$2,025,545 \$430,672,110
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA New Service Farebox Recovery Public Private Partnerships All Revenues 10-Year Cost & Revenue Summary Total Revenues	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000 \$0 \$11,239 \$900,000 \$44,116,683	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908 \$26,677 \$150,000 \$41,449,780	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841 \$74,944 \$675,545 \$39,385,982	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874 \$130,677 \$150,000 \$42,153,813	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008 \$166,804 \$150,000 \$40,152,866	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246 \$379,252 \$0 \$41,220,269	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592 \$450,832 \$0 \$46,386,487	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046 \$624,361 \$0 \$42,718,613	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614 \$698,477 \$0 \$48,126,632	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296 \$716,097 \$0 \$44,960,985	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426 \$3,279,360 \$2,025,545 \$430,672,110
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA New Service Farebox Recovery Public Private Partnerships All Revenues 10-Year Cost & Revenue Summary Total Revenues Total Costs Revenues Minus Costs	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000 \$0 \$11,239 \$900,000 \$44,116,683 \$44,116,683	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908 \$26,677 \$150,000 \$41,449,780 \$33,375,892 \$8,073,888	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841 \$74,944 \$675,545 \$39,385,982 \$39,385,982 \$39,385,982	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874 \$130,677 \$150,000 \$42,153,813 \$42,153,813	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008 \$166,804 \$150,000 \$40,152,866 \$35,922,645 \$4,230,221	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246 \$379,252 \$0 \$41,220,269	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592 \$450,832 \$0 \$46,386,487 \$48,767,122 -\$2,380,635	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046 \$624,361 \$0 \$42,718,613	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614 \$698,477 \$0 \$48,126,632	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296 \$716,097 \$0 \$44,960,985 \$51,924,870 -\$6,963,885	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426 \$3,279,360 \$2,025,545 \$430,672,110 \$430,672,110
LAMTD - Local General Revenue PCTA - City Contributions PCTA - Contract Revenue LAMTD - Farebox Revenue PCTA - Farebox Revenue LAMTD - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5307 Operating PCTA - FTA 5311 Operating Property Tax State Block Grant FL Transportation Disadvantaged Program FDOT Congestion Management FDOT Transit Corridor FDOT - Travel Trainer FTA - 5307 Capital FDOT Urban Transit Capital Paratransit Operating Revenue FTA Bus and Bus Facilities Grant Winter Haven CRA New Service Farebox Recovery Public Private Partnerships All Revenues 10-Year Cost & Revenue Summary Total Revenues Total Costs	\$600,584 \$3,409,461 \$1,000,853 \$197,949 \$2,860,942 \$3,291,592 \$2,519,648 \$6,336,997 \$1,803,808 \$1,436,567 \$421,627 \$850,885 \$66,428 \$788,065 \$1,408,843 \$6,722,045 \$8,000,000 \$11,239 \$900,000 \$44,116,683 \$38,558,599 \$5,558,084	\$615,735 \$3,495,472 \$1,026,102 \$202,943 \$2,933,116 \$3,374,630 \$2,583,212 \$6,496,862 \$1,849,313 \$1,472,807 \$432,263 \$872,350 \$68,103 \$807,946 \$1,444,385 \$6,891,624 \$5,023,614 \$155,908 \$26,677 \$150,000 \$41,449,780 \$33,375,892 \$8,073,888 \$5,558,084	\$631,268 \$3,583,654 \$1,051,988 \$208,062 \$3,007,110 \$3,459,763 \$2,648,380 \$6,660,761 \$1,895,966 \$1,509,962 \$443,168 \$894,357 \$69,821 \$828,328 \$1,480,822 \$7,065,481 \$1,471,527 \$159,841 \$74,944 \$675,545 \$39,385,982 \$39,385,982	\$647,193 \$3,674,060 \$1,078,526 \$213,311 \$3,082,972 \$3,547,043 \$2,715,191 \$6,828,793 \$1,943,796 \$1,548,055 \$454,348 \$916,919 \$71,583 \$849,224 \$1,518,180 \$7,243,724 \$3,771,625 \$163,874 \$130,677 \$150,000 \$42,153,813 \$38,003,031 \$41,507,782 \$17,887,983	\$663,520 \$3,766,746 \$1,105,735 \$218,692 \$3,160,747 \$3,636,525 \$2,783,688 \$7,001,065 \$1,992,833 \$1,587,108 \$465,810 \$940,051 \$73,389 \$870,648 \$1,556,479 \$7,426,463 \$773,355 \$168,008 \$166,804 \$150,000 \$40,152,866 \$35,922,645 \$42,038,764	\$680,259 \$3,861,771 \$1,133,629 \$224,209 \$3,240,484 \$3,728,265 \$2,853,913 \$7,177,683 \$2,043,107 \$1,627,146 \$477,561 \$963,766 \$75,240 \$892,612 \$1,595,745 \$7,613,813 \$792,864 \$172,246 \$379,252 \$0 \$41,220,269 \$41,220,269	\$697,420 \$3,959,193 \$1,162,228 \$229,866 \$3,322,232 \$3,822,319 \$2,925,909 \$7,358,756 \$2,094,649 \$1,668,195 \$489,609 \$988,079 \$77,138 \$915,130 \$1,636,001 \$7,805,889 \$4,877,196 \$176,592 \$450,832 \$0 \$46,386,487 \$48,767,122 -\$2,380,635	\$715,014 \$4,059,072 \$1,191,548 \$235,664 \$3,406,043 \$3,918,746 \$2,999,722 \$7,544,398 \$2,147,491 \$1,710,279 \$501,960 \$1,013,005 \$79,084 \$938,216 \$1,677,273 \$8,002,810 \$0 \$181,046 \$624,361 \$0 \$42,718,613 \$42,718,613 \$42,718,613	\$733,052 \$4,161,472 \$1,221,607 \$241,610 \$3,491,968 \$4,017,605 \$3,075,397 \$7,734,722 \$2,201,666 \$1,753,424 \$514,623 \$1,038,561 \$81,079 \$961,885 \$1,719,586 \$8,204,699 \$4,271,980 \$185,614 \$698,477 \$0 \$48,126,632 \$48,126,632	\$751,545 \$4,266,454 \$1,252,425 \$247,705 \$3,580,061 \$4,118,958 \$3,152,981 \$7,929,848 \$2,257,208 \$1,797,658 \$527,606 \$1,064,761 \$83,125 \$986,151 \$1,762,966 \$8,411,681 \$0 \$190,296 \$716,097 \$0 \$44,960,985 \$44,960,985	\$6,735,592 \$38,237,354 \$11,224,640 \$2,220,011 \$32,085,674 \$36,915,446 \$28,258,041 \$71,069,886 \$20,229,838 \$16,111,201 \$4,728,576 \$9,542,733 \$744,990 \$8,838,205 \$15,800,280 \$75,388,230 \$28,982,161 \$1,553,426 \$3,279,360 \$2,025,545 \$430,672,110 \$430,672,110







List of Priority Projects

After the Schedule of Projects were developed, a prioritization process framework also was developed to rank the Schedule of Projects and help Citrus Connection develop its list of priority projects, which sets priorities for the next 10 years. The prioritization process is structured to cover a wide spectrum of factors that are qualitative and quantitative to ensure it is complete as well as comprehensive.

A quantitative-qualitative hybrid methodology was used to evaluate and prioritize the transit needs. By conducting this evaluation, Citrus Connection can meaningfully prioritize projects for its consideration as well as the consideration of its regional partners, such as FDOT and the TPO. The criteria used for the process reflect Citrus Connection's priorities to accomplish its own vision and secure necessary local and state support.

Evaluation Process

The seven evaluation measures used to develop the Citrus Connection TDP list of priority projects are identified in Table 5-7. In addition, it shows the category weights that were used to rank the TDP schedule of projects. The projects are ranked using the criteria described below.

Table 5-7: Prioritization Criteria

Criteria	Measure	Measure Weight	Criteria Weight
Public Support	Public Input Survey Results	15%	30%
	Stakeholder Input	15%	
Priority Transit Corridor	Priority Transit Corridors Access and Connectivity	15%	30%
Access & Connectivity	Transit-Supportive Land Use & Urban Design Interface	15%	30%
Funding Feasibility	Likelihood of securing funding	20%	20%
Quality of Life Improvement	Anticipated benefits to customers	10%	10%
Cross- Geographic Connectivity	Connections to local/regional hubs	10%	10%
Total Weight			100%







Public Support

The public outreach process conducted for this TDP effort resulted in numerous opinions and suggestions about transit services from customers and non-customers. In addition, the public outreach process also included discussions with local business/community leaders and policy makers, as well as meetings with Citrus Connection and TPO staff to gauge their views on transit services. Based on an in-depth review of this input received, this criterion considers interest in a particular route or type of service was considered.

Priority Transit Corridor Access and Connectivity

The corridor assessment conducted for the Citrus Connection TDP brings data and findings from all TDP components and, therefore, consideration of these priority transit corridors can assist in ranking projects for implementation in the next 10 years. These priority transit corridors have been previously identified and evaluated for the TDP based on key factors, such as context evaluation and land use/urban design assessments, as well as input and direction from the community resulting from the public involvement process. This criterion considers the access and connectivity to the identified corridors.

Transit-Supportive Land Use & Urban Design Interface

Analysis conducted for the TDP pertaining to transitsupportive land use and projected developments is pertinent to understanding the built environment that Citrus Connection serves. This criterion considers the geographic distribution of major development and policies to support transit in Polk County.

Funding Feasibility

This criterion considers the likelihood of securing stable operational funding for the recommended improvements. The funding potential for each improvement was evaluated based on the possibility of securing eligible sources at Federal, State, and/or local levels. For example, the likelihood of securing local funding may be higher if a transit investment would serve as a catalyst for development/redevelopment, whereas a regional connection may enhance the likelihood of securing funding from regional or state sources. Qualitative information on perceived policy support was derived

Quality of Life Improvement

judgement.

This criterion was used to assess how a service improvement may enhance the overall well-being of the community it serves. This criterion considers both direct and indirect impacts on customer experience,

from discussions with stakeholders and professional







including increased access to essential services, potential to reduce traffic, improved safety, and environmental benefits. Furthermore, these improvements may encourage multimodal access, promote healthy living, and expand access to commuters. This criterion assesses the improvement's ability to expand current and potential customers' transit access, encourage public health benefits, and decrease SOV trips.

Cross-Geographic Connectivity

The level of connectivity to key hubs and areas for each project was assessed for potential local/regional connectivity. Intra- and inter-county routes with connections to key activity centers (existing and future) or hubs were scored higher than those not serving such locations. This criterion considers whether an improvement improves quick and convenient connectivity between local or regional major activity centers.

10-Year Project Priorities

Table 5-8 shows the list of priority projects for the Citrus Connection TDP, evaluated and ranked using the process previously discussed. Table 5-9 shows the capital projects that are proposed to support the implementation of the listed service priorities. Appendix F shows the detailed list of priority projects' evaluation and ranking scoring matrix. It should be noted that the implementation timelines

It should be noted that the implementation timelines shown in these tables do not preclude Citrus Connection the opportunity to advance or delay any project. As priorities change, funding does not materialize as assumed, or more funding becomes available, this list of priority projects can and should be adjusted accordingly. The changes in implementation and shifts in priorities should be reported in the Annual TDP Update.







Table 5-8: List of Priority Projects

Rank	Project	Description/ Location	Type of Service	Implementation Year	Funding Availability
1	Florida Avenue BRT	Along Florida Avenue from downtown Lakeland to Lake Miriam Shopping Center	BRT	2032	Federal/State/Local
2	US-98 BRT	Along US-98 from downtown Lakeland to downtown Bartow	BRT	2033	Federal/State/Local
3	Lakeland – Tampa Express	Along I-4 from downtown Lakeland to SR- 60 in Dover	Express	2029	Federal/State/Local
4	15-minute Frequency on Pink Line	Along SR 33, Parkview Place, and Florida Avenue	Local	2029	Federal/State/Local
5	30-minute Frequency on Lemon Line	Along George Jenkins Boulevard, US 92, and County Line Road	Local	2028	Federal/State/Local
6	30-minute Frequency on Route 30	Along Central Avenue, Cypress Gardens Boulevard, Waverly Road, and Scenic Highway	Local	2031	Federal/State/Local
7	Extend weekday service until 9PM	Throughout Polk County	Local	2031	Federal/State/Local
8	US-27 LX	Along US 301 and Eiland Boulevard	Local	2028	Federal/State/Local
9	Bonnet Springs Park/ Downtown Circulator	Along Kathleen Street, 5th Street, Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard, George Jenkins Boulevard, Lake Morton Drive, Bonnet Springs Boulevard	Local	2026	Federal/State/Local
10	I-4 Hopper	Along I-4 from US-98 to Loughman SunRail station	Express	2030	Federal/State/Local







Table 5-8: List of Priority Projects (continued)

Rank	Project	Description/ Location	Type of Service	Implementation Year	Funding Availability
11	Convert Red Line to Limited Express	Along Sikes Boulevard and Drane Field Road	Local	2026	Federal/State/Local
12	45-minute Frequency on Purple Line	Along Main Street, US 92, Havendale, and US 17	Local	2029	Federal/State/Local
13	Lakeland – Haines City Express (Pre- SunRail)	Along US 92 from downtown Lakeland to Poinciana SunRail station	Express	2034	Federal/State/Local
14	Winter Haven Squeeze	Along Lake Howard Drive, Avenue C, 1st Street North, and Avenue E	Local	2027	Federal/State/Local
15	45-minute Frequency on Route 15	Along 6th Street, Lake Alfred Road, and US 17	Local	Unfunded	Unfunded
16	45-minute Frequency on Route 22XW	Along US 17, US-98, and Main Street	Local	Unfunded	Unfunded
17	Extend Circulator Eastside to Orlando Health	Along Lakeland Highlands Road	Local	2026	Federal/State/Local
18	Winter Haven Shuttle	Along 6th Street, 1st Street, Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard, 7th Street, Avenue O, and Cypress Gardens Boulevard	Local	2027	Local







Table 5-8: List of Priority Projects (continued)

Rank	Project	Description/ Location	Type of Service	Implementation Year	Funding Availability
19	Haines City Squeeze	Along Main Street,4th Street, Oak Avenue, Ledwith Avenue, and 8th Street	Local	Unfunded	Unfunded
20	Lakeland/Airport Microtransit	In Lakeland, west of Florida Avenue and north of Drane Field Road	Microtransit	2030	Federal/State/Local
21	Haines City – Posner Express (Pre-SunRail)	Along US-27 from 17th Street to Ernie Caldwell Boulevard	Express	Unfunded	Unfunded
22	Saturday service on Pink Line	Along SR 33, Parkview Place, and Florida Avenue	Local	2033	Federal/State/Local
23	Sunday service on Purple Line	Along Main Street, US 92, Havendale, and US 17	Local	2032	Federal/State/Local
24	Innovation District/Polk City Microtransit	In central Polk County adjacent to I-4 and Polk Parkway	Microtransit	2032	Federal/State/Local
25	Auburndale Microtransit	In Auburndale from Lake Ariana Boulevard to K-Ville Ave between Berkley Road and Lynchburg Road.	Microtransit	2027	Federal/State/Local
26	Winter Haven Microtransit	In central Winter Haven from US 17 to Buckeye Loop, north of Dundee Road.	Microtransit	2028	Federal/State/Local

Note: The High Speed Rail project and SunRail extension to Polk County is not included in the TDP List of Priority Projects. The SunRail extension continues to be studied by FDOT.







Table 5-9: Supporting Priority Projects | Capital

Rank	Project	Description/ Location	Type of Capital	Implementation Year	Funding Availability
1	Lakeland Intermodal Center PD&E Study	Intermodal facility in downtown Lakeland	Study	2026	Federal/State/Local
2	Lakeland Intermodal Center/SunRail Station	Intermodal facility in downtown Lakeland	Intermodal Center	Unfunded	Unfunded
3	Expand Pass Sale Locations/Mobile Payment/Fare Options	Throughout Polk County	Technology	2026	Federal/State/Local
4	Additional/Enhanced Facilities and Bus Stop Infrastructure	Throughout Polk County	Infrastructure	2026	Federal/State/Local
5	East Polk Transit Maintenance & Administration Facility	Maintenance and Administration in Dundee, Florida	Maintenance/ Administration Facility	Unfunded	Unfunded
6	Transit Signal Priority	Florida Avenue and US-98	Technology	2031& 2033	Federal/State/Local
7	Queue Jumps	Florida Avenue and US-98	Technology	2031& 2033	Federal/State/Local
8	Proposed New Transit Center/Super Stop	At the Lakeland Linder International Airport and Orlando Health facility	Infrastructure	2026, 2028	PPP
9	Expand Transit Marketing/UAP	Throughout Polk County	Marketing	2026	Local







Table 5-9: Supporting Priority Projects | Capital (continued)

Rank	Project	Description/ Location	Type of Capital	Implementation Year	Funding Availability
10	I-4 and County Line Road Park-and-Ride	Park-and-Ride facility adjacent to I-4 and County Line Road	Park-and-Ride	Unfunded	Unfunded
11	I-4 and Berkley Road Park-and-Ride	Park-and-Ride facility adjacent to I-4 and Berkley Road	Park-and-Ride	Unfunded	Unfunded
12	I-4 and SR 559 Park- and-Ride	Park-and-Ride facility adjacent to I-4 and SR 559	Park-and-Ride	Unfunded	Unfunded
13	Alternate-Fuel Vehicles	Throughout Polk County	Technology	Unfunded	Unfunded





TDP Post-Adoption Action Items

Obtaining the support of decision-makers who support Citrus Connection is only the first step in a longer process of bringing the TDP to fruition. The following are action items to complete to carry out the transit vision:

Coordinate with Polk TPO

Citrus Connection will continue to build off existing coordination efforts with the TPO to support its efforts to consider/include TDP project priorities in TPO's TIP updates, corridor development, and other studies.

Engage FDOT as a Partner

Continuing to engage FDOT District One staff is a key and mutually beneficial endeavor as Citrus Connection and FDOT share a lot of common goals when it comes to making travel using alternatives a viable and attractive option. Citrus Connection will continue to coordinate with the TPO and District One to ensure the TDP project priorities are considered in UPWP updates and other applicable studies.

Continue Marketing/Outreach

During the TDP process, Citrus Connection conducted public outreach that can be leveraged and expanded to market other planning efforts, such as service initiation efforts, marketing programs and campaigns, and budget plans.









Appendix A. Public Outreach







Citrus Connection TDP Public Involvement Plan









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1. Introduction

This Public Involvement Plan (PIP) summarizes the details and proposed schedule for the public outreach activities planned for Citrus Connection's 10-Year Transit Development Plan (TDP) Major Update. The TDP, led by the Polk Transportation Planning Organization (TPO) in collaboration with transit agency serving Polk County, Citrus Connection, will guide the transit vision in Polk County. The Polk TPO conducts the transportation planning activities in Polk County and is currently updating its Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). The TPO will manage this TDP update and oversee its coordination with the 2050 LRTP update.

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) requires that transit agencies receiving State Block Grant funding prepare a major TDP update every five years, with annual updates to the TDP to track implementation progress in the interim years. The State of Florida Public Transit Block Grant Program was enacted by the Florida Legislature to provide a stable source of funding for public transit.

This 10-year TDP Major Update covers FYs 2026-2035 and will be approved by the Lakeland Area Mass Transit District (LAMTD) Board, as the governing body for the Citrus Connection system, prior to submitting it to FDOT District One for approval.

A primary goal of this TDP update is to identify strategies to increase ridership and efficiency of Citrus Connection's current services and enhance connectivity to other local or regional transit services.

The resulting TDP will be compliant with the latest TDP Rule adopted July 9, 2024, as outlined in Chapter 14-73, F.A.C. As a strategic plan, the TDP will identify needs in an unconstrained fashion and identify service improvements that are currently unfunded. The 10-year vision will identify improvements and provide a beneficial tie and be consistent with the Polk TPO's LRTP goals and priorities.

This PIP also has been developed in accordance with the 2024 TDP Rule, which continues to require a PIP. If developed specifically for a TDP, as in this effort, the PIP must be approved by FDOT. In addition, the Rule now requires enhanced coordination with the area MPO/TPO's LRTP efforts.

The Rule also requires that the TDP preparation meets the following requirements:

- Soliciting comments from local and the regional Workforce Development Board.
- Notifying FDOT, the local/regional workforce board, local government comprehensive planning departments, and the TPO on all public meetings. It also requires that these





entities are given an opportunity to review and comment on the TDP during the development of the proposed public transportation projects and services, and the TDP ten-year implementation program.

The goal of this PIP is to engage the public and key stakeholders with a broad spectrum of perspectives, interests, and backgrounds. This will provide valuable public input on transit needs, priorities, and implementation strategies to enhance public transportation in Polk County. The Polk TDP PIP outlines strategies that encourage community input and buy-in. It provides ample opportunities for the private sector, state, and local agency stakeholders to understand the components and benefits of the plan and to provide feedback through open, two-way communication options.

This PIP is prepared to provide flexibility as the TDP is developed. While the outreach activities are set, the exact time frame and format or number may change to accomplish the best results for the TPO and Citrus Connection within the available resources.

As a public transit agency and recipient of Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funding, Citrus Connection is required to adhere to federal non-discrimination regulations, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Citrus Connection has developed

and maintains a Title VI Plan, outlining the procedures and policies to ensure inclusive and representative participation of minorities and persons who are LEP. By reference, the policies and procedures of the Title VI Plan are integrated into the programs, activities, and services of this PIP.

The remainder of this PIP illustrates how the public and stakeholders will be engaged to inform the TDP.





2. TDP Public Involvement Process

The public involvement process seeks transit user and non-user public input on transit needs, priorities, and implementation strategies to enhance public transportation in Polk County over the next 10 years.

To gather meaningful input for the TDP, this public outreach effort will ensure that a broad range of groups are consulted, including riders, major employers, social service providers, Citrus Connection operators, and the public. Furthermore, a variety of public involvement techniques were selected for inclusion in the PIP to ensure the active participation of community members, including residents, employees, and other visitors.

Coordination with and/or notification of key agencies is also included to ensure the TDP is consistent and collaborates with other applicable planning processes in the study area.

Table 2-1 presents the types of activities that will be completed for the TDP and the tools associated with each.

Table 2-1: TDP Public Involvement Activities

Public Involve	Citrus Connection PIP	
Collateral	Flyers/fact sheets	✓
Materials and	Web outreach	✓
Visual Aids	Social media & email outreach	✓
	Public opinion surveys	✓
Community	Public workshops	✓
Engagement,	Stakeholder interviews	✓
Review,	Discussion group workshops	✓
and Comment	Email, in-person, and telephone comments	✓
	Public Meeting Notifications	✓
	TDP review/guiding team	✓
Agonov 9	MPO, FDOT coordination	✓
Agency & LRTP Coordination	Workforce, comprehensive planning agency notifications	√
	LRTP outreach/goals/data coordination	✓





Phases of TDP Outreach

The approach to this TDP outreach process consists of two phases.

Phase I Outreach

Public involvement activities during this phase will gauge public opinion on current transit services and gather input on future transit service, capital, technology, and infrastructure needs. A public online survey, stakeholder interviews, discussion group workshops, an operator survey, and an open house public workshop will be conducted during this phase.

The TDP team will also coordinate with the TPO's ongoing LRTP update to incorporate any transit input from those outreach activities and/or share resources, as applicable.

Phase II Outreach

This phase will include outreach activities following the identification of 10-year needs, developed based on an assessment of the input received during Phase I and various data analyses conducted for the TDP. As part of this phase, another open house public workshop and public input survey (piggybacking on the LRTP survey process) will be conducted. As in Phase I, the TDP team will continue to coordinate with the LRTP.

The following section summarizes these activities in detail. Efforts will also be made to gather input from

LEP individuals in Polk County. To the extent possible, the TDP project team will provide pertinent materials such as surveys and workshop flyers in Spanish.

3. Public Involvement Activities

Several public involvement techniques described in this PIP support direct and indirect participation from the community within Citrus Connection's service area. The remainder of this section summarizes these activities.

Review/Coordination Team Meetings

As one of the initial outreach tasks for the TDP, a team of representatives from the FDOT, Polk TPO, Citrus Connection, Polk County Comprehensive Planning Department, and local/regional workforce development board will be established to support and guide the TDP effort and to serve as a technical resource for data and information.

The initial meeting was held with Citrus Connection and the Polk TPO in August 2024, to discuss the project scope, project schedule, milestones, and deliverables.

Key timelines, particularly for near-term anticipated completion dates, were clarified and a substantial discussion took place regarding the composition and timeline for the public involvement activities. Two





additional meetings are envisioned at key technical/outreach milestones:

- March 2025 Present draft TDP needs
- July 2025 Present draft 10-Year TDP

Stakeholder Interviews

Identifying key stakeholders and early coordination with various agencies, organizations, and elected officials is crucial to the success of any transportation project. Having a proactive outreach program to engage these stakeholders allows the opportunity to offer important feedback and be informed when addressing questions from their constituents or the media on the TDP.

Citrus Connection and TPO staff will identify representatives of key public and private sector stakeholders to obtain feedback about perceptions and attitudes towards transit in Polk County and its immediate region. The project consultant will conduct interviews with the identified stakeholders.

This is a key component of the public involvement effort and will enhance the understanding of local conditions from those who rely on transit.

In total, up to 25 stakeholders will be engaged through interviews to better understand the commuting habits of their employees or constituents, their current use of transit, and the transit use of their clients or

customers, if applicable. This will allow them to provide suggestions for improvements to transit services. Prior to conducting interviews, a draft interview questionnaire will be submitted to Citrus Connection and TPO staff for review and approval. The interviews will be scheduled in advance and conducted virtually. Once all stakeholder interviews are complete, the TDP project team will prepare a draft summary of the stakeholder interviews as part of its public involvement documentation records.

In addition to providing input on transit's future in the county, the stakeholders will also be asked to assist the outreach campaign by distributing information and to spread the word on any upcoming outreach efforts.

Bus Operator Survey

As ambassadors of the transit agency, bus operators have the most opportunity for, and greatest depth of, contact with existing patrons on a day-to-day basis. This makes them an asset for vetting rider input and providing important insights into route and system network issues related to operations, safety, scheduling, and other concerns.

The TDP project team will obtain valuable system and route level observations from Citrus Connection bus operators and supervisors through an online survey.





TDP Needs Survey

The TDP project team will also conduct an online public input survey. A survey instrument will be developed and will be reviewed/coordinated with TPO and Citrus Connection staff. The survey will be conducted in the first phase of the TDP outreach to seek public input on needs and obtain information related to attitudes, latent demand, and general support of the community related to transit services.

This online survey will be posted on the TPO and Citrus Connection websites and distributed via available email and social media outlets. As feasible, the survey link will be posted on other stakeholder websites and provided at public workshops and discussion groups. Participants will be encouraged to complete the survey online to improve the ease and accuracy of data collection and reporting. As noted earlier, participants of the stakeholder interviews and discussion group workshops will be invited to disseminate the survey links.

Discussion Group Workshops

The TDP outreach will include three invitation-based discussion group workshops, each involving a group of 8-12 participants in a small group to promote more indepth, open-ended discussion about transit issues, needs, and opportunities. The project team will

coordinate with Citrus Connection and TPO staff to identify and invite workshop participants.

Each discussion group will be attended by participants from organizations and groups of similar interests to engage in a productive and robust discussion that will help Citrus Connection plan its future transit services and allocate resources efficiently.

The outreach process includes three types of discussion groups:

- Business and Neighborhood Leaders
- Social Services/Workforce/Community Representatives
- Current Citrus Connection Bus Riders

To make it convenient for stakeholders to attend and participate, these discussions will be held virtually. A presentation to provide project background information will be given, followed by a guided discussion.

TDP Public Workshops

Two open house style public workshops will be conducted to solicit feedback. One workshop during Phase I outreach for feedback on the proposed transit needs and one to solicit feedback on the proposed transit improvements developed in Phase II. The workshops will be held at locations identified by Citrus Connection/TPO staff and accessible by transit. They





will be designed to capture information from participants about community values, needs, and priorities. Additionally, they may feature displays, interactive information exchange, public surveys, or enlistment for social media outreach.

Social Media Outreach

The project team will coordinate with Polk County's Communications Department, via the Polk TPO to utilize existing social media channels to inform the public on TDP outreach opportunities. Posts to social media will occur as necessary, mostly to advertise any survey input opportunities and outreach events.

Collateral Materials and Public Notification

Collateral materials will be developed, as applicable and necessary, to distribute information about public outreach activities. These materials may include the following:

- Fact Sheets These will provide information to the public at outreach events and public workshops to offer an overview of Citrus Connection services, while promoting the value and importance of TDP and public involvement efforts. The flyers will direct and encourage the public to reach out to the TDP project team to share input.
- Flyers To share information with the public about upcoming events and the value of

- their participation; will direct the public to visit the Citrus Connection and Polk TPO websites to stay involved and informed with the development of the TDP.
- Display Boards These will illustrate service and demographic maps, plan proposals, and more at public workshops.
- Public Meeting Notifications Notifications of all public meetings at least 14 days in advance will be provided through one or more of the following: media advertisements/news articles; Polk County, Citrus Connection, and Polk TPO websites; bus seat flyer drops; flyers; social media, and emails to TDP stakeholders to share within their organizations or to people they represent.

4. TDP-LRTP Coordination Program

Per the 2024 TDP Rule requirement concerning coordination with the TPO's planning process, close coordination with the ongoing Polk TPO's 2050 LRTP will be conducted throughout this TDP process. This may include coordination and information sharing in key steps of the TDP-LRTP process discussed below.





Data/Analysis

Coordination on baseline year and future year data so the TDP utilizes any readily available data from the LRTP on the multimodal system deficiencies identified considering land use, state and local transportation plans, other governmental actions and policies, and socioeconomic trends.

Public Outreach

To maximize coordination and financial resources for the TDP, the project team will utilize LRTP outreach events to obtain transit input while also sharing TDP findings, mutually benefiting both the TDP and LRTP processes.

Key public outreach coordination with the 2050 LRTP will include the following:

TDP Phase I Outreach – In addition to the Phase I public workshop planned for the TDP, the project team will coordinate with TPO staff to prepare for and attend one LRTP workshop that may be conducted during the early part (Phase I) of the TDP outreach timeline. The display material developed for the TDP Phase I workshop will be used to obtain additional input as well as the online TDP survey to obtain more direction from the community. The display materials will also be made available for the LRTP workshop.

TDP Phase II Outreach – This phase of TDP outreach will take advantage of the LRTP outreach activities to gather transit input. Instead of an TDP-exclusive transit priorities survey as previously done, the LRTP needs survey will be used to gather input on 10-year priorities to inform the TDP. In addition to the Phase II public workshop planned for the TDP, the TDP project team will also coordinate with TPO staff to prepare for and attend one LRTP workshop as well to share the 10-year needs plan for the TDP.

LRTP Goals & Plan Consistency

The third main component under TDP-LRTP coordination program supports consistency between the two plans on the short-term transit improvements/strategies. The TPO, which is managing the TDP, can then use the service, capital, technology, and policy needs in the 10-year TDP to guide transit-related goals and objectives in its LRTP. The TDP project team, in its identification and development of transit priority corridors, will ensure consistency with applicable LRTP multimodal emphasis/priority corridors.

5. Agency Review & Coordination

Several key agencies will also be involved in various capacities in the development of this TDP major





update. As required by Section 341.052, F.S., comments will be solicited from local and regional workforce boards established under Chapter 445, F.S. In addition, FDOT District One, CareerSource Polk, local government comprehensive planning departments, and the Polk TPO will be advised of all public meetings where the draft TDP is to be presented or discussed. These agencies will also be given an opportunity to review and comment on the draft TDP during the development of the proposed public transportation projects and services and the ten-year implementation program.

6. Public Involvement Activity Schedule

The public outreach schedule supports planning and completion of the previously summarized public outreach activities and coordination efforts. Table 4-1 presents the tentative schedule for the public outreach activities included in this major update to the Citrus Connection TDP.

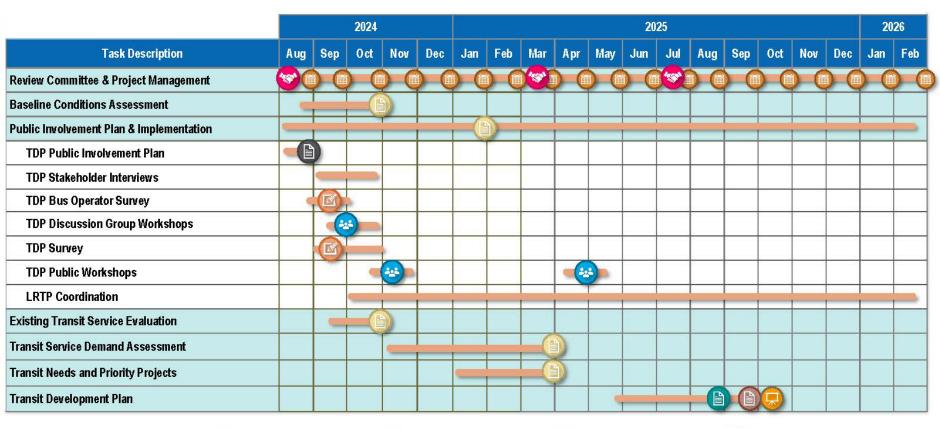
The overall schedule for completing the TDP, which includes outreach and all other components, is shown in Appendix A.

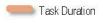
Table 4-1: Tentative Public Involvement Schedule

Outreach Activity	Date
Stakeholder Interviews	September-October 2024
Bus Operator Survey	September 2024
Discussion Group Workshops	September-October 2024
TDP Needs Survey	September-October 2024
LRTP Coordination	October 2024–December 2025
Phase I Public Workshop	November 2024
Phase II Public Workshop	April/May 2025
TDP Presentations	September/October 2025

Appendix A

TDP Project Schedule



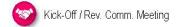




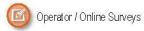


















RON DESANTIS GOVERNOR 605 Suwannee Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-0450 JARED W. PERDUE, P.E. SECRETARY

August 30, 2024

Polk TPO Ms. Julia Davis 330 W. Church St., P.O. Box 9005, Drawer TS 0 5 Bartow, FL 33831-9005

RE: 2026-2035 Transit Development Plan Public Involvement Plan

Dear Ms. Davis:

This letter pertains to the Department's review of Citrus Connection's Public Involvement Plan (PIP) of the 2026-2035 Transit Development Plan (TDP). District One Department staff received the PIP on August 29, 2024.

The Department has completed its review of the document based on Rule Chapter 14-73.001(3)(a), F.A.C. pertinent to the requirements for the TDP. The Department finds Citrus Connection's PIP for the TDP to be in compliance with Chapter 14-73, F.A.C.

Please provide a copy of this compliance letter as an attachment within the final TDP Major Update.

If you have any questions, please contact me via email at Peyton.McLeod@dot.state.fl.us or at (813) 486-6917.

Sincerely,

Peyton McLeod

Congestion Management Multi-Modal Planner

yt Meld

Cc: Michelle Peronto, Transit Programs Administrator

Dale Hanson, Transit Projects Coordinator

Rohan Sadhai, Congestion Management Multi-Modal Planner





Please take the Bus Operator Survey.

Scan the QR code below!



Citrus Connection Transit Development Plan Major Update

Bus Operator Survey

We Need Your Input! As representatives of Citrus Connection, bus operators and route supervisors engage with bus riders daily. As ambassadors for Citrus Connection, you are a valuable resource for gathering insights into riders' needs and needed enhancements/changes to services. Your input will help inform the ongoing Transit Development Plan (TDP) Major Update, which will guide improvements to Citrus Connection over the next 10 years.

Please scan the QR code to take the survey online!

This survey is estimated to take 5-10 minutes. Please do NOT put your name or other identifying mark on the survey. If you complete a printed version of this survey, please return the survey to the secure box in the Breakroom at George Jenkins.



Please complete this survey by October 15, 2024.

	- C.C.	_	E
	riders. Riders say Citrus Connection is		
١.	Please select the top 3 positive comments that y	ou r	near most frequently from

Safe	Frequent
Convenient	Reliable
Clean	Other
Affordable	

- 2. Please select the top 3 most common challenges or complaints riders voice to you.
 - Need more frequent service
 - Need earlier/later service
 - Need more weekend service
 - Need better sidewalk connections
 - Need express service
 - Need regional connections
 - Bus doesn't go where I want
 - Bus is late
 - Other_____

Please turn over to complete other side!







Bus Operator Survey

- 3. How could technology be better utilized to improve efficiency or passenger experience? Please select the top 3 needed technology improvements.
 - Wi-Fi on the bus
 - Stop announcements on buses
 - □ Replace diesel-fueled buses with electric and other alternate-fuel vehicles
 - Traffic signal that gives the bus priority to go before traffic at busy intersections

neede -Ex	on what you hear and your own ideas, what service improvements are ed? This can be on any route, including ones that you don't drive. amples of service improvements include: adding new destinations/areas, proving service frequency, service start times and end times, new service types,
etc	•
Route	Comment or Suggestion
-	
	add any additional comments to help improve public transportation es in Polk County.













WEDNESDAY
November 6, 2024

2PM to 4PM
Lakeland Public Library
100 Lake Morton Drive
Lakeland, Florida 33801
(On Circulator Eastside Route)

Can't attend?

Take the online survey!

Go to: https://arcg.is/1iW8yP1 or

scan this QR code:



Please stop by and let us know how public transportation in Polk County should grow!

SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS

Any person requiring special accommodations to attend or participate, pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act, should contact Citrus Connection within at least three (3) business days before the meeting at (863) 534-5500. For Citrus Connection route and schedule information, please visit ridecitrus.com



Citrus Connection Transit Development Plan

Discussion Group Workshops
October 2024





Agenda

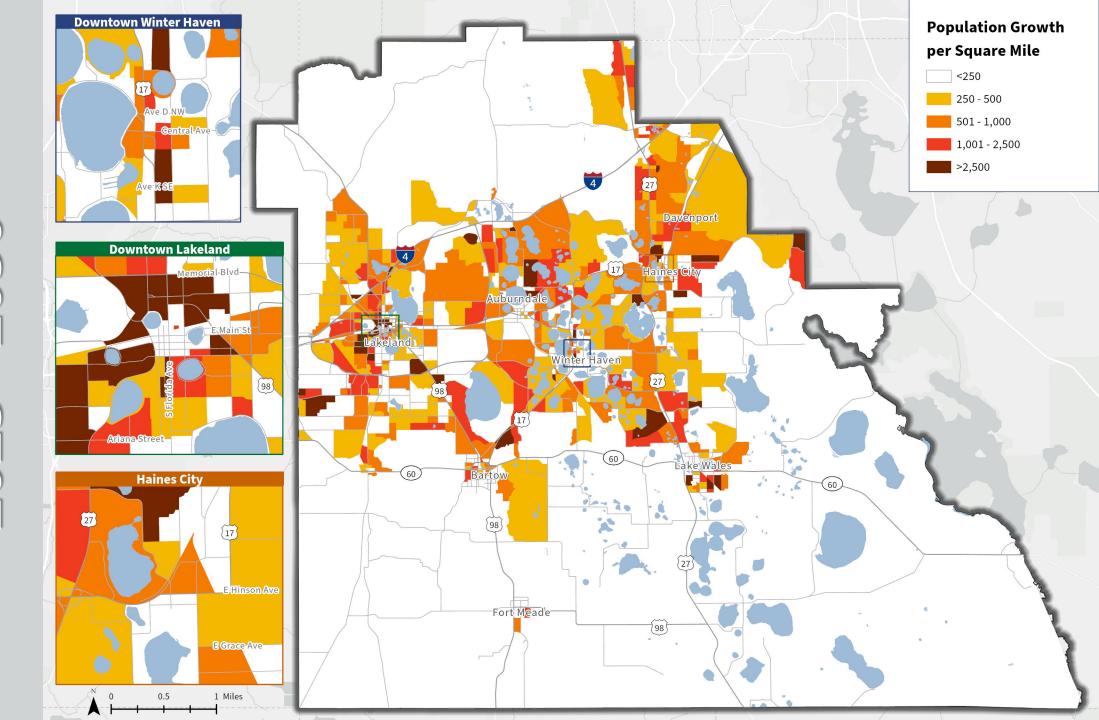
- Introduction
- What is a TDP?
- Existing Conditions Review
- Public Outreach
- Guided Discussion
- Next steps

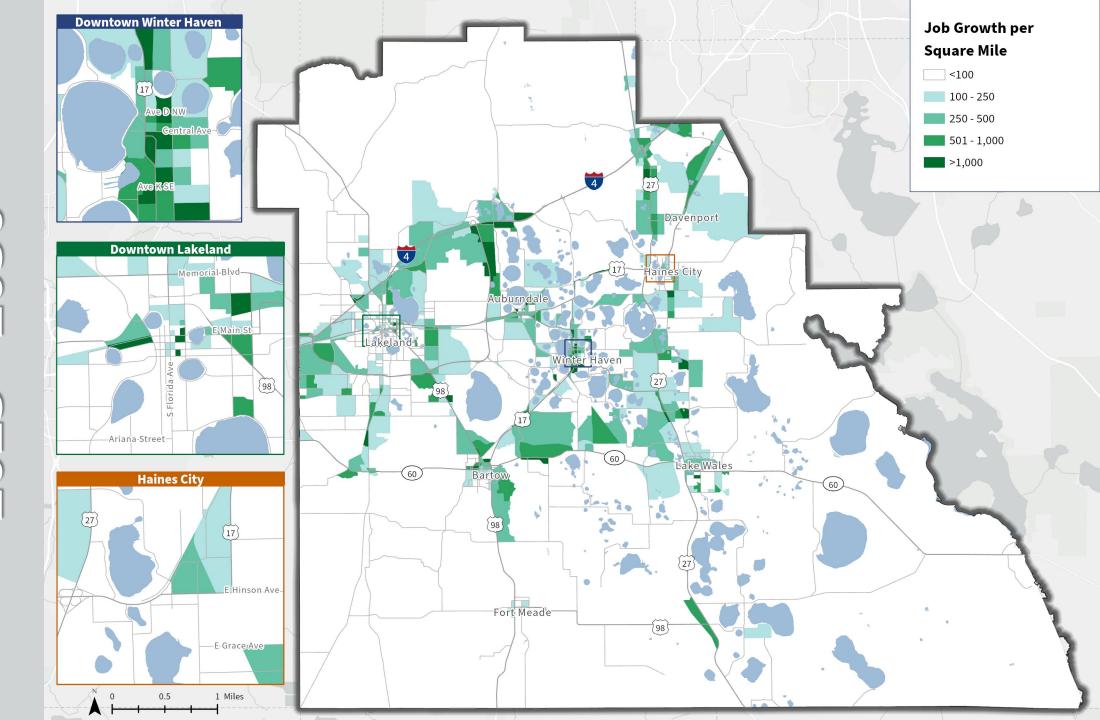


What is a TDP?

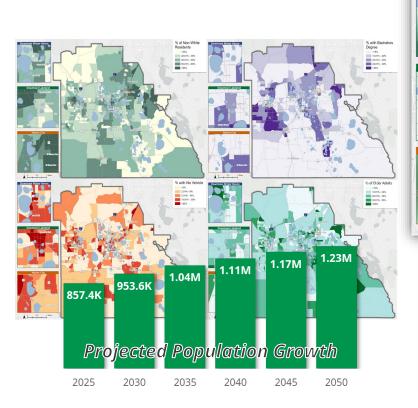
- 10-Year strategic plan for transit
 - Evaluated existing conditions
 - Integrates outreach for local input
 - Determines future needs
 - Outlines phased service and implementation plans
- FDOT requirement Rule updated in July 2024
- Incorporates best practices



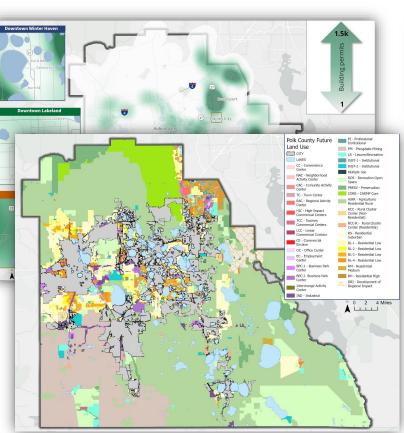




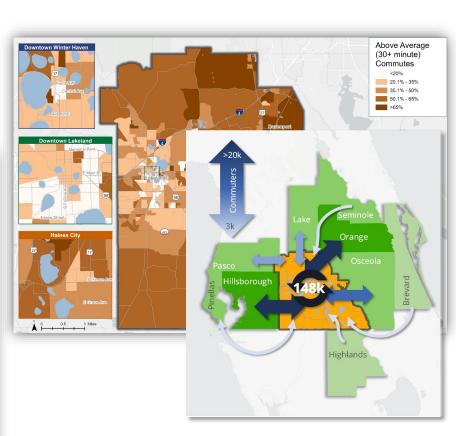
Baseline Conditions



Socio-Demographic Data



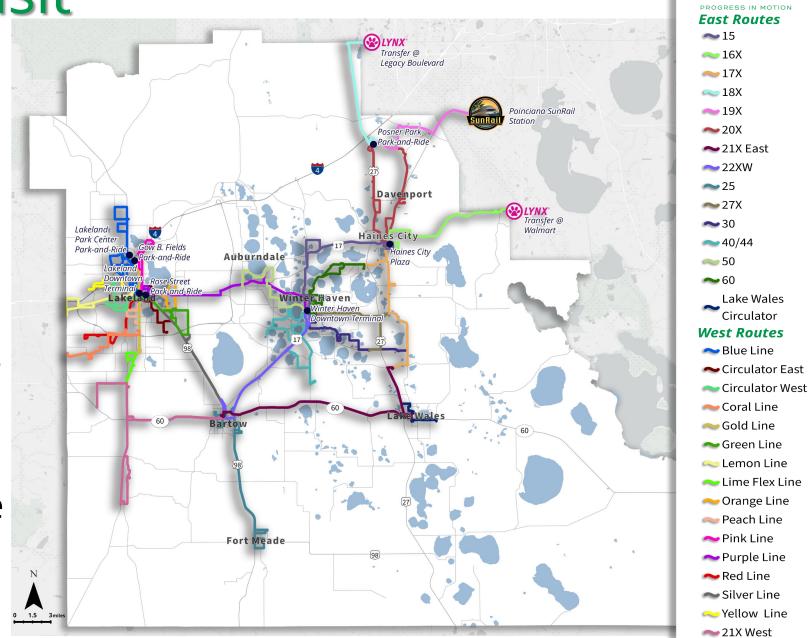
Land Use and Development Hot Spots



Commuter/Travel Flow

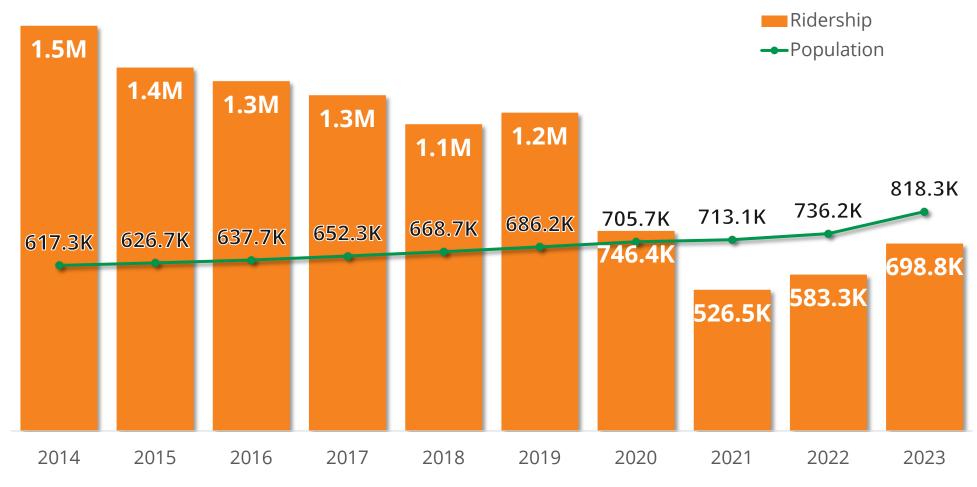
Existing Transit Service

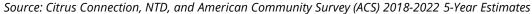
- 31 routes
 - East- 15 routes
 - West- 15 routes
 - 1 East-West Connector
- 3 Squeeze Services
- Monday-Saturday
 - One Sunday route
- \$1.50 one-way fare



Lake Wales Circulator

Ridership & Population







Public Outreach









- What is your view on the role of transit in Polk County?
 - Is it to transport workers, elderly, low income, individuals with disabilities, tourists, attracting choice riders, to prevent congestion, to reduce emissions, to create economic opportunities?
- What is the level of awareness and support for Citrus Connection in the community?
 - Have the levels of awareness and support changed (increased or decreased) since 2020?





- How well do you feel Citrus Connection responds to the needs and feedback of the community?
 - Are new avenues needed to ensure proper feedback and communication to Citrus Connection?
- Is information about Citrus Connection easily accessible in the community?
 - If not, where should transit information be available and in what forms?





- Where is the growth and development occurring in Polk County? How can transit best respond to these trends?
- What should the priorities and goals for Citrus Connection to serve in the next 5 to 10 years?





• Is more regional transportation needed to connect Polk County with surrounding areas?

 How can Citrus Connection better support regional travel and reduce traffic congestion?





- What type of connections should be made to the next planned SunRail station in Polk County?
 - From where should the service connect?
- What are your thoughts on a Brightline stop in Polk County?





- Would you support additional funding for Citrus Connection by increasing bus fares, sales tax, or property tax, etc.?
- How do you think private-public partnerships can enhance Citrus Connection services?
 - To which entities should Citrus Connection reach out?





- What are the most critical improvements you would like to see in Citrus Connection services in the next 10 years?
- Is there a need for more park and ride lots?
 - In conjunction with SunRail and Brightline services?
 - Express bus or BRT services to local and regional destinations?





- Are there specific communities or neighborhoods that are underserved by Citrus Connection?
- What role do you think Citrus Connection should play in the future development of Polk County?





 If you could pick one thing to change about Citrus Connection, what would it be?

- What is your vision for transit in the next 10 years? Next 25 years?
- What are the major strengths and weaknesses of Citrus Connection?



What is Next?

- Review and incorporate your input
- Spread the word about the survey!
- Attend the public workshops!
 - Next week! November 6th 2PM 4PM
 - Lakeland Public Library
- Develop transit needs
- Prepare TDP priority projects and schedule of projects

Please scan and take the survey!







Citrus Connection Transit Development Plan

What is Citrus Connection?

Citrus Connection operates 31 routes, with 15 routes dedicated to serving the eastern part of Polk County and 15 routes covering the western part of Polk County. Additionally, one route connects the East and West. The Squeeze shuttles serve Bartow, Lakeland, and Lake Wales.





What is the Citrus Connection Transit Development Plan?

A Transit Development Plan (TDP) is being developed by the Polk County Transportation Planning Organization (TPO) in collaboration with Citrus Connection to serve as a guide for the future of public transportation in Polk County from 2026 to 2035. It will represent the County's vision to promote transit growth and improvement over the next decade.

Why Do We Need Your Input?

Public participation is an important part of developing the 10-Year TDP, and numerous public outreach activities will support the plan, including stakeholder interviews, discussion groups, open house public workshops, online surveys, and web and email outreach.

Your participation and input are needed so we can learn more about the public transportation needs in Polk County.

Scan your phone here to take the survey!





Public Input Survey

	PROGRESS IN MOTION Have you or a member of your house public transportation service in Polk	
	O Yes, I have used Citrus Connectio	n
	O No, I have never used Citrus Con	nection
	O I did not know public transportat	ion was available in Polk County
	o you think there is a need for addi	tional/improved transit services in
P	Polk County?	
	O Yes	
. .	O No	le Courte als aut Cituus Cours atiant
	low much awareness is there in Poll ervices?	County about Citrus Connection's
3	O High	O Low
	O Moderate	O Low
4. P		trus Connection bus stop from your
	ome or work.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	○ Easy	O Difficult
	O Neutral	O I do not know
5. l 1	f you use Citrus Connection's service	es now or decide to use them in the
f	uture, where would you go using it?	(Select up to THREE)
	O Work	O Medical
	Shopping	O Religious
	O Social/Recreational	O To get to/from a major
	 Education/College 	airport (Tampa or Orlando)
	Vhat should Citrus Connection consi O years? (Select up to THREE)	ider as top improvements for the next
	O More frequent bus service (which	n route or routes?)
	O Regional express (to where?)
	O SunRail to Polk County	
	O Brightline service through Polk Co	ounty
	O Direct connections/feeder service	es to future rail stations
	O App-based on-demand microtrar	nsit (where?)
	O More weekend service	
	O Earlier & later weekday service	
	More open-air community shuttle and Bartow (where?)	es like the Squeeze in Lakeland, Lake Wa

/.	wnat	is your top capital/technology improv	eme	ents for the next 10 years?
	0	Wi-Fi on the bus		
	0	Stop announcements on buses		
	0	Improve bus stop amenities (shelters, bi	ke st	torage, etc.)
	0	Replace diesel-powered buses with elect	ric a	and other alternate-fuel vehicles
		Other (please specify)		
		ı are currently employed, has your wo	rk co	ommute changed since the
	pand	emic?		
	0	Nothing has changed, I still commute to	wor	k 5 (or more) days per week
	0	I work from home occasionally, but com	mut	e at least 3-4 days per week
	0	I work from home most of the week and	con	nmute only 1-2 days per week
		I now work from home all of the time		
9.		ge is		
	0	17 years or under	0	41 to 60 years
	0	18 to 24 years	0	Over 60 years
4.0		25 to 40 years	0	Prefer not to answer
10.		ender is		
		Male		Other
		Female	0	Prefer not to answer
4.4		Non-binary		
11.	-	ode of my		
		Residence is	-	
12		Work/School is (if applicable)		
۱۷.		nce/ethnic group is	_	MI : 16
	O	American Indian/Alaska Native		White/Caucasian
	\circ	Asian		Other
		Black/African American	O	Prefer not to answer
13.	l am			
	0	Not Hispanic/Latino	0	Prefer not to answer
	0	Hispanic/Latino	Ū	
14.		otal household income for 2023 was		
		Less than \$25,000	0	\$75,000 or greater
		Between \$25,000 - \$44,999		Prefer not to answer
	0	Between \$45,000 - \$74,999		



Encuesta de Aporte Publico

1.	_	na vez han acudido usted o algún mie porte público del condado Polk, Citrus	_
	0	Si, he(mos) acudido a Citrus Connection	
	0	No, nunca he(mos) acudido a Citrus Cor	nnection
	0	No sabía que hay transporte público en	el condado de Polk
2.			r/mejorar los servicios de transporte público
	en el	condado Polk?	
	0	Si	
	_	No	
3.		nto conocimiento hay en el condado d ection?	e Polk acerca de los servicios de Citrus
	0	Mucho	O Poco
		Suficiente	O No estoy seguro/a
4.		-	la parada de autobús de Citrus Connection
		ercana de su casa o lugar de empleo.	
	0	Facil	O Dificil
_		Neutro	O No estoy seguro/a
ο.			ide usarlos en un futuro, ¿adónde iría?
	-	ccione hsata TRES OPCIONES)	
		Trabajo	O Citas Medicas
		De Compras	O Actividades Religiosas
		Actividades sociales o de recreación	O Aeropuerto de ida o regreso
_		Centro Educativo/Universidad	(Tampa u Orlando)
Ö.			ad Citrus Connection en los próximos 10
		(Seleccione hasta TRES OPCIONES)	
		Servicio de autobús más frecuente (cua	
		Mas conexiones directas en la región (h	acia donde?)
		SunRail al condado de Polk	
	_	Servicios de Brightline a traves del cond	
	0	Rutas directas o de suministro a futuras	
	0	Transporte de puerta a puerta a deman (¿hacia dónde?)	da del cliente accesible por aplicación móvil
	0	Mejorar servicios los fines de semana	
		Servicio de semana en horarios mas ter	•
	0	Mas transporte pequeños al aire libre c Wales, y Bartow (adonde?)	omo "the Squeeze" en Lakeland, Lake

7.	¿A cu	áles mejoras de tecnología o capital le daría	prio	ridad en los próximos 10 años?
	0	Wi-Fi en el autobús		
	0	Anuncios de paradas en los autobuses		
	0	Mejoras de comodidades que existen las para para almacenar bicicletas, etc.)	das c	le autobús (garitas, instalaciones
	0	Reemplazar buses de combustible tipo diesel alternativas al diesel	con b	ouses eléctricos u otras tecnologías
		Otro (especifique por favor)		
		estos momentos esta empleado/a, ¿Cómo h	a car	nbiado su rutina laboral a causa
	de la	pandemia?		
	0	No ha cambiado, siempre tengo que entrar al	traba	ajo 5 (o más) veces a la semana
	0	Trabajo desde mi casa varias veces a la semar	na y e	ntro al trabajo 3-4 días por semana
	0	Trabajo desde mi casa varias veces a la semar	na y e	ntro al trabajo 1-2 días por semana
9.		Ahora trabajo desde mi casa todos los días edad tiene?		
	0	Menos de 17 años	0	41 a 60 años
	0	18 a 24 años	0	Mas de 60 años
	0	25 a 40 años	0	Prefiero no decir
10.	Mi gé	nero es		
	0	Masculino	0	Otro genero
	0	Femenino	0	Prefiero no responder
	0	Non-binary		
11.	El Có	digo ZIP de su		
	0	Casa es		
	0	Trabajo/Escuela es (opcional)		
12.	وCuál	es su raza?		
	0	Indio Americano/Nativo de Alaska	0	Blanco
	0	Asiático	0	Otra raza/etnia
	0	Negro/Afroamericano	0	Prefiero no responder
13.	El Có	digo ZIP de su trabajo/Escuela es (opcional)		
	0	No Hispano/Latino	0	Prefiero no responder
		Hispano/Latino		
14.	Mi in	greso anual 2023 es de	\circ	\$45,000-\$74,999
	0	Menos de \$25,000		Mas de \$75,000
	0	\$25,000-\$44,999		Prefiero no responder
			$\overline{}$	r renero no responder

Citrus Connection Transit Development Plan (TDP)

Major Update

Stakeholder Questionnaire Guide

Questionnaire

Transit Today

- 1) What is your view on the role of transit in Polk County?
 - a. Is it to transport workers, elderly, low income, individuals with disabilities, tourists, attracting choice riders, to prevent congestion, to reduce emissions, to create economic opportunities?
- 2) What is the level of awareness and support for Citrus Connection in the community? Have the levels of awareness and support changed (increased or decreased) since 2020?
- 3) How well do you feel Citrus Connection responds to the needs and feedback of the community? Are new avenues needed to ensure proper feedback and communication to Citrus Connection?
- 4) Is information about Citrus Connection easily accessible in the community? If not, where should transit information be available and in what forms?

Where Do We Want to Go

- 5) Where is the growth and development occurring in Polk County? How can transit best respond to these trends?
- 6) What should the priorities and goals for Citrus Connection to serve in the next 5 to 10 years?
- 7) Is more regional transportation needed to connect Polk County with surrounding areas?
- 8) How can Citrus Connection better support regional travel and reduce traffic congestion?
- 9) What type of connections should be made to the next planned SunRail station in Polk County? From where should the service connect?
- 10) What are your thoughts on a Brightline stop in Polk County?
- 11) Would you support additional funding for transit by increasing bus fares, sales tax, or property tax, etc.?







Citrus Connection Transit Development Plan (TDP) Major Update

- a. *If interviewing an elected official* In your capacity as an elected official, is there a willingness in the community to consider additional local funding for transit? If so, what type of local funding (increased bus fares, sales tax, property tax, etc.)?
- 12) How do you think private-public partnerships can enhance Citrus Connection services? To which entities should Citrus Connection reach out?
 - a. For context, Citrus Connection has a program called Universal Access Program (UAP), in which it partners with major employers and schools, via a contract, to provide employees, students, faculty with free access to public transit services, by using their employee or student identification.

How Do We Get There

- 13) What are the most critical improvements you would like to see in Citrus Connection's services in the next 10 years?
- 14) Is there a need for more park and ride lots?
 - a. Possibly in conjunction with SunRail and Brightline services?
 - b. Express bus services or BRT to local and regional destinations?
- 15) Are there specific communities or neighborhoods that are underserved by Citrus Connection?
- 16) What role do you think Citrus Connection should play in the future development of Polk County?

Final Thoughts

- 17) If you could pick one thing to change about Citrus Connection, what would it be?
- 18) What is your vision for transit in the next 10 years? Next 25 years?
- 19) What are the major strengths and weaknesses of Citrus Connection?











1. Have you or a member of your household used Citrus Connecti
--

- O Yes, I or a member of my family have used Citrus Connection
- O No, I or a member of my family have never used Citrus Connection
- O No, I was not aware that public transit is available in this area

2. If you us	se Citrus Connect	ion's services now o	or decide to c	lo so in the future,
for what p	urpose(s) would	you use it? Select u	p to three.	

- O Work
- O Shopping
- O Social/Recreational
- O Education/College
- O Medical
- O Religious
- O Travel to/from an airport (Tampa, Orlando, or Lakeland)

3. Rank the following transit priorities for the next 10 years:

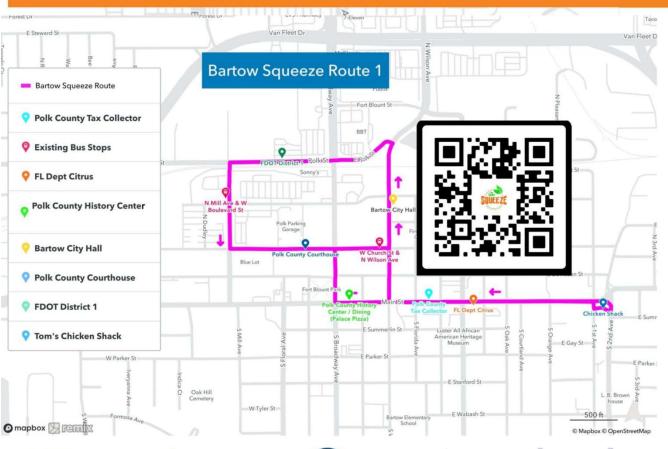
- Rapid transit on US 98 & Florida Avenue (bus every 15 minutes or less)
- Peak-hour commuter express to SunRail stations via I-4 and US 27
- Bus every 30-minutes on major corridors
- _ Later bus service hours
- _ SunRail Stations in Haines City & Lakeland
- Regional bus connection to Tampa
- Connection to Lakeland Airport
- More weekend service
- App-Based Microtransit service



Appendix B. Existing Service | Squeeze

Figure B-1: Citrus Connection Network | Bartow Squeeze

BARTOW SQUEEZE



Monday-Friday 10:30 a.m. to 2:30 p.m.



Service every 10 minutes serving stops on Church Street, Main Street, Polk Street, Wilson Avenue, Mill Avenue, Boulevard Street & South Broadway

















Figure B-2: Citrus Connection Network | Downtown Lakeland Lunch Squeeze

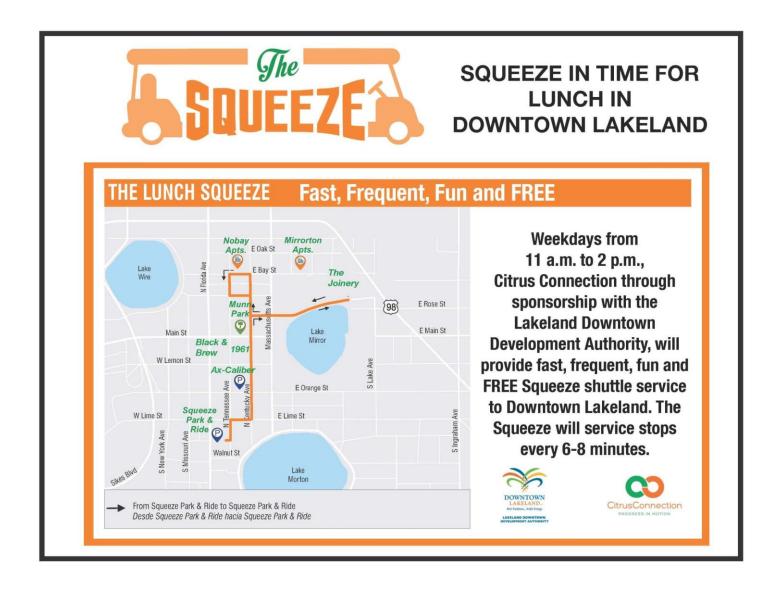




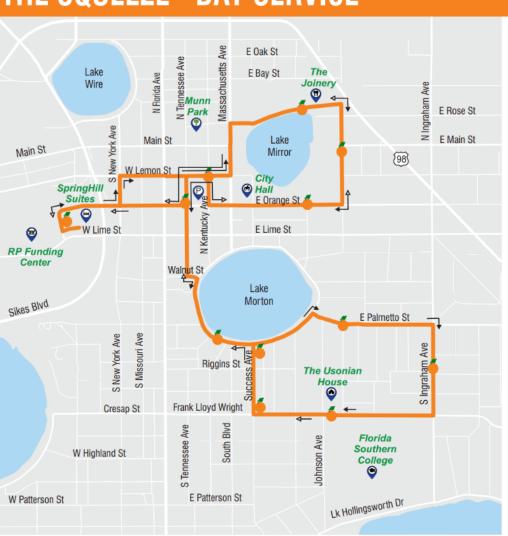




Figure B-3: Citrus Connection Network | Downtown Lakeland Squeeze | Day and Night

THE SQUEEZE - DAY SERVICE

EFFECTIVE AUGUST 06, 2022/EFECTIVO AGOSTO 06, 2022



	Depart The Usonian House	The Joinery	Arrive SpringHill Suites
	WE	STBOUN	ID .
	8:25	8:35	8:50
	8:50	9:00	9:15
	9:15	9:25	9:40
	9:40	9:50	10:05
	10:05	10:15	10:30
	10:30	10:40	10:55
	10:55	11:05	11:20
	11:20	11:30	11:45
	11:45	11:55	12:10
•	12:10	12:20	12:35
	12:35	12:45	1:00
	1:00	1:10	1:25
	1:25	1:35	1:50
	1:50	2:00	2:15
	2:15	2:25	2:40
	2:40	2:50	3:05

	Depart SpringHill Suites	The Joinery	Arrive The Usonian House
	_	2	
		STBOUN	
	8:00	8:10	8:25
	8:25	8:35	8:50
	8:50	9:00	9:15
	9:15	9:25	9:40
	9:40	9:50	10:05
	10:05	10:15	10:30
	10:30	10:40	10:55
¥	10:55	11:05	11:20
8	11:20	11:30	11:45
SATURDAY	11:45	11:55	12:10
S	12:10	12:20	12:35
	12:35	12:45	1:00
	1:00	1:10	1:25
	1:25	1:35	1:50
	1:50	2:00	2:15
	2:15	2:25	2:40

- From SpringHill Suites to The Usonian House Desde SpringHill Suites hacia Casa Usonian
- From The Usonian House to SpringHill Suites Desde Casa Usonian hacia SpringHill Suites







Figure B-4: Citrus Connection Network | Downtown Lakeland Squeeze | Day and Night

THE SQUEEZE - NIGHT SERVICE

Massachusetts Ave E Oak St N Tennessee Ave Lake E Bay St The N Florida Ave Wire Joinery N Ingraham Ave **(1)** E Rose St E Main St Main St Lake Main St Mirror 98 W Lemon St City SpringHill Suites Hall E Orange St N Kentucky E Lime St W Lime St **RP Funding** Center Walnut St Lake Sikes Blvd Morton E Palmetto St S New York Ave S Missouri Ave S Ingraham Ave Riggins St The Usonian House 0 Frank Lloyd Wright Cresap St South Blvd Tennessee Ave Florida Johnson Ave Southern W Highland St College E Patterson St W Patterson St Lk Hollingsworth Dr

EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 17,2021/EFECTIVO DICIEMBRE 17, 2021

	Depart The Usor House	The Joinery	Arrive SpringHill Suites	Depart SpringHi
	Depart House	The J	Arrive	
	>>>	>		(
	WE	STBOUN	ID	
				4:
	4:25	4:35	4:50	4:
	4:50	5:00	5:15	4:
	5:15	5:25	5:40	5:
	5:40	5:50	6:05	5:
	6:05	6:15	6:30	6:
Ĭ	6:30	6:40	6:55	6:
FRIDAL - SALURDAL	6:55	7:05	7:20	6:
Y Y	7:20	7:30	7:45	7:
_	7:45	7:55	8:10	7:
5	8:10	8:20	8:35	8:
Ε	8:35	8:45	9:00	8:
	9:00	9:10	9:25	9:
	9:25	9:35	9:50	9:
	9:50	10:00	10:15	9:
	10:15	10:25	10:40	10
	10:40	10:50	11:05	

nian

Depart SpringHill Suites	The Joinery	Arrive The Usonian House
EA	STBOUN	ID
4:00	4:10	4:25
4:25	4:35	4:50
4:50	5:00	5:15
5:15	5:25	5:40
5:40	5:50	6:05
6:05	6:15	6:30
6:30	6:40	6:55
6:55	7:05	7:20
7:20	7:30	7:45
7:45	7:55	8:10
8:10	8:20	8:35
8:35	8:45	9:00
9:00	9:10	9:25
9:25	9:35	9:50
9:50	10:00	10:15
10:15	10:25	10:40



From The Usonian House to SpringHill Suites Desde Casa Usonian hacia SpringHill Suites







MARCH

Figure B-5: Citrus Connection Network | Lake Wales Squeeze



E-Tillman Ave

Proudly Serving Lake Wales

Weekdays from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.



Citrus Connection provides frequent, fun and free Squeeze shuttle service to Downtown Lake Wales.







Appendix C. Other Transportation Providers

Table C-1: Other Transportation Providers

Other Transportation Providers
Affordable Transport, Inc.
Affordable Transportation
Airport & Local Taxi
All Generations Transport Service
Alliance for Independence
Amen Taxi
America's Taxi
Angel Taxi Cab
Beyond Transport
Big Herb's Taxi & Shuttle
Caring with Class Van Service
Checker Cab
D & D Taxi
Davenport Taxi
Freedom Medical Transport
H & H Transport
Imperial Cab
Independent Community Transport
Integrity Medical Transportation







Table C-1: Other Transportation Providers (Continued)

Other Transportation Providers

Magic Shuttle

Medical Transport Services

Noah's Ark (ROAR)

Orlando Cab Company

Orlando Transportation Solutions

Peace River Center

Polk County Taxi

Polk Training Center

Stellar Transportation and Compassionate Transportation

Sunrise Community of Polk County

Trinity Non-emergency Transport, Inc.

Yellow Cab







Appendix D. Trend and Peer Analysis

Table D-1: Citrus Connection Trends | 2019-2023 | General Indicators

Indicator/ Measure	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	% Change (2022–2023)
Passenger Trips	1,187,030	774,569	558,237	613,383	764,190	24.6%
Service Area Population*	686,218	708,009	724,777	724,777	819,629	13.1%
Service Area Size (sq. miles)	77	77	77	77	77	0.0%
Revenue Miles	1,465,800	1,654,747	1,858,524	1,790,750	2,084,113	16.4%
Revenue Hours	89,311	99,561	109,995	109,890	128,447	16.9%
Total Operating Expense	\$9,563,218	\$10,163,061	\$11,496,123	\$13,050,903	\$15,206,287	16.5%
Vehicles Operated in Max. Service	30	39	41	41	44	7.3%

Source: FTIS and Citrus Connection





^{*}Service Area Population Source: ACS 5-Year Estimates



Table D-2: Citrus Connection Trends | 2019-2023 | Effectiveness Measures

Indicator/ Measure	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	% Change (2022–2023)
Revenue Miles per Revenue Hour	15.90	16.62	16.90	16.30	16.23	-0.4%
Passenger Trips per Revenue Hour	12.87	7.78	5.08	5.58	5.95	6.6%
Passenger Trips per Revenue Mile	0.81	0.47	0.30	0.34	0.37	7.0%

Source: FTIS and Citrus Connection







Table D-3: Citrus Connection Trends | 2019-2023 | Efficiency Measures

Indicator/ Measure	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	% Change (2022–2023)
Operating Expense per Capita	\$13.51	\$14.35	\$15.86	\$18.01	\$18.55	3.0%
Operating Expense per Passenger Trip	\$8.06	\$13.12	\$20.59	\$21.28	\$19.90	-6.5%
Operating Expense per Revenue Mile	\$6.52	\$6.14	\$6.19	\$7.29	\$7.30	0.1%
Operating Expense per Revenue Hour	\$103.71	\$102.08	\$104.51	\$118.76	\$118.39	-0.3%

Source: FTIS and Citrus Connection







Table D-4: Citrus Connection Peer Analysis | 2022

Indicator/Measure	Citrus Connection % from Peer Mean	Assessment							
General Performance Indicators									
Passenger Trips	-17.2%	Could improve							
Service Area Population	65.6%	Good							
Revenue Miles	15.8%	Good							
Revenue Hours	14.9%	Good							
Total Operating Expense	5.4%	Could improve							
Vehicles Operated in Max. Service	25.0%	Good							
Effec	tiveness Measures								
Revenue Miles per Revenue Hour	1.5%	Good							
Passenger Trips per Revenue Hour	-27.5%	Could improve							
Passenger Trips per Revenue Mile	-29.2%	Could improve							
Eff	iciency Measures								
Operating Expense per Capita	-48.1%	Good							
Operating Expense per Passenger Trip	22.5%	Could improve							
Operating Expense per Revenue Mile	-12.7%	Good							
Operating Expense per Revenue Hour	-10.7%	Good							

Source: FTIS







Appendix E. Relationship Review to Other Plans

Polk County Comprehensive Plan

Provides general guidance on development, public facilities, and future land use in Polk County. Using future population projections and other data, a future land use map and associated and public facilities policies were created to respond to the state's growth-management mandate. An update to the current Comprehensive Plan is underway; however, existing policies to support transit aim to:

- Provide fixed-route transit services to all high transit potential areas at a specific level of service for all members of the community.
- Reduce the number of crashes per vehicle miles traveled (VMT) through roadway and right-of-way development.
- Coordinate with adjacent land developments to provide infrastructure that provides elements of safety and level of access for pedestrians.
- Designate responsible agencies to evaluate a development proposal's impact on the goals within the Transportation Element of the plan.

City of Lakeland Comprehensive Plan

Produces a 10-year blueprint to guide future growth of the city using future population projections, existing land uses and analyses on investing in public facilities. The plan aims to utilize the city's budget to provide facilities to residents based on its financial ability to do so. The main transit associated goals are within the "Safe and Convenient Mobility Options" chapter and specific transit-oriented goals include:

- Adopting a Vision Zero Goal, aiming to eliminate transportation fatalities and serious injuries.
- Providing a list of "constrained" corridors that should focus on multimodal redevelopment, rather than road widening.
- Supporting Citrus Connection in providing routes throughout the Lakeland area and implementing sufficient park-and-ride opportunities for regional commuters between Tampa and Orlando.

City of Winter Haven Comprehensive Plan

Produces goals, objectives, and policies to guide development over the next 10 years based on the expectation of continued growth within the city. The plan designates future land use across the city and provides chapters on goals associated with various public facilities and infrastructure. Within this plan, multimodal infrastructure projects are explored as a tool to allow for improvements from the TPO. The







Capital Improvements section of the plan includes 16 multimodal projects to be implemented between 2023-2027 at a price of \$20 million.

City of Bartow Comprehensive Plan

Establishes mobility and multimodal goals in agreement with the County's goals and plans. An update to the current Comprehensive Plan is underway; however, existing policies to support transit aim to:

- Providing safe and efficient multimodal system.
- Goal of 60-minute transit service throughout city.
- Implementing transit-supportive land use policies such as mixed-use developments and higher residential densities within ¼ mile to existing and planned transit routes.
- Encouraging large employers to develop commuter assistance programs.
- Coordinating with Polk County to expand transit services.
- Supporting and implementing plans for parkand-rides and encouraging sheltered stops.

Lakeland Area Alternatives Analysis – US-98 Bus Rapid Transit Feasibility Study

Proposes near-, medium-, and long-term options for accomplishing the best transit scenario by the year 2045. Increasing frequency, implementing

components such as TSP, pedestrian and bicycle improvements, branded BRT stations, and a dedicated BRT lane north of Griffin Road are needed to complete the best scenario. The study defines increments of 10year intervals to outline significant investments needed for success in creating BRT services. This process requires actions relating to land development, external investment, policy changes, and funding availability. The required infrastructure for the project prompts attention in local, regional, and state level planning documents to ensure the vision for BRT services and dedicated transit lanes aligns with surrounding developments. Connections between future high speed rail developments and the proposed BRT advancements should also be considered to provide the maximum usability of services and result in the most possible relief of increasing traffic congestion in the area.

Lakeland Intermodal Study

Considerations for future land use must be evaluated and prioritized for implementing the intermodal center. The study presents the proposed site locations for the construction of the intermodal center in Lakeland and each site's specific attributes in relation to its potential usage. To ensure success in this potential development, future advancements must be considered in relation to the placement and connectivity of the intermodal center that this study







supports. Site location is highly dependent on the potential for TOD potential and redevelopment opportunities, additional investments in transit services are also required to provide the level of service needed to justify the consolidated location converging multiple mass transportation options. Downtown West Option B (near the RP Funding Center between Lemon and Main Streets) was selected as the best choice. Citrus Connection and the City of Lakeland passed resolutions to show their support.

East Polk Transit Maintenance Facility Siting Analysis

The 13 candidate sites yielded from this analysis provide insight into the development needs that will be required to support expanding transit facilities into eastern Polk County. Access, proximity, adjacent land use, site buildability, expansion potential, and acquisition were considered. Following an official site selection, further developments can be considered to meet the growing needs and additional capabilities of transit services in the area.

Feasibility of Premium Transit

Outlines transit demand factors throughout Polk County alongside projections through the year 2045. Attention to areas of growth within the next two decades and the means of expanding transit services is vital to successful implementation. Candidate corridors provide potential areas for consideration in premium transit services, while the recommended corridors include Lakeland to Lake Wales, Lakeland to Mulberry, and Lakeland to SunRail corridors. Prioritization of potential service routes is established regarding transit needs is outlined in the report and suggests implementation strategies and scenarios. Operation and capital cost estimates are detailed for further consideration of the proposed services.







2045 Polk County LRTP (Momentum)

Discusses and addresses congestion, an evolving road network, transit, coordination, and the possibility for increased transit demand. The identified transit needs include the following:

- Anticipated projects include constructing a parkand-ride lot on North US-98, implementing SmartCard payment systems, and operating new buses.
- Increase frequency, hours of service, and days of service on routes Gold, Pink, Green, Purple, Orange, Blue, Silver, Yellow, 22XW, 30, 40/44, and 50.
- Add Haines City/Eagle Ridge Mall, Lakeland/Florida Polytechnic, Auburndale/Florida Polytechnic fixed-routes and Lakeland/Bartow, Lakeland/Winter Haven, Lakeland/SunRail, Lakeland/TIA, Lakeland/MCO express routes.
- Add circulators in Mulberry, Bartow, Lake Wales, North Lakeland, and Haines City.
- Add call-and-ride service in Fort Meade, Frostproof, Ridge, Poinciana, Davenport, and Winter Haven.

Polk County TDSP

Provides a framework for delivering accessible, affordable, and coordinated transportation services to underserved communities and provide access to essential services. The document goals are to:

- Enhance availability of transportation services to meet mobility needs of transportation disadvantaged people.
- Provide transportation disadvantaged services in a cost-effective and efficient manner.
- Improve public awareness of the Transportation Disadvantaged program.
- Provide transportation services in a safe and reliable manner.
- Ensure program accountability by collecting and reporting system and provider data in an accurate and timely manner.







Polk Unified Planning Work Program

The Polk County TPO UPWP details transportation planning projects and programs scheduled county over a two-year period. The current UPWP, covering July 1, 2024, to June 30, 2026, outlines the estimated level of effort for each initiative. These include:

- Developing a Northeast Polk County Subarea
 Study to determine transportation needs of the specific area.
- Extending SunRail commuter rail service into Polk County population centers.
- Providing strategies at eliminating traffic fatalities and severe injuries within a Vision Zero Action Plan.
- Updating the county's TDP.

Polk Transportation Improvement Plan

The Polk County TPO's TIP lists all cost-feasible projects scheduled over the next five years. Updated annually to allocate funding, the current TIP covers fiscal years 2024/25–2028/29. It includes:

- Regionally significant projects, such as an intersection improvement at exit 38 on I-4, lane additions on CR-557 between US-17 and I-4, and the construction of the Central Polk Parkway.
- A financial plan including the five-year funding summary for all TPO projects, with proper funding sources:

- o Federal \$627 million
- o State \$1.25 billion
- Toll/Turnpike \$1.14 billion
- o Local \$153 million

Polk County SunRail Extension (Transit Concept and Alternatives Review [TCAR] Study)

The study explores extending SunRail commuter service into Polk County, focusing on the existing rail line from downtown Lakeland to the Poinciana SunRail Station. It includes a travel market assessment to evaluate potential station locations. The study ultimately recommends a phased construction approach for the route between Lakeland and Poinciana, with the first phase connecting Haines City to Poinciana with stations in Loughman and Davenport. Following the study's completion, the Haines City to Poinciana connection remains the top consideration for SunRail's expansion into Polk County.







Polk Transit Vision 2032 TDP

The most recent TDP for Polk County was completed in 2022, serving as a 10-year plan to address transit and mobility needs, project costs and revenues, and reaffirm the community's transit goals, objectives, and policies. It begins with an analysis of baseline conditions and a review of existing transit services to gain a comprehensive understanding of current operations. The plan also summarizes the public involvement process and contextual research on the planning environment of the Polk TPO to identify transit needs. These analyses produced a list of system-wide needs and recommendations for the next decade of service. Key outcomes of the 2022 TDP include proposals for premium transit options, such as BRT and express services, alongside enhancements to local services. The plan also highlights capital improvement projects designed to strengthen the transit system and provides a cost and revenue summary to assess feasibility.

Polk Transit Vision 2032: 2024 APR

The Polk Transit Vision 2032: 2024 APR was completed to track progress toward the TDP goals, update objectives and financial plans changed since the TDP's last update and evaluate new recommendations for the TDP. The report highlights changes in five of the seven service improvement projects and seven of the

twelve capital, policy, and technology improvements. It also introduces updated service goals. These include ensuring safe travel for all users, increasing transit customers, reducing environmental impacts, coordinating with regional and neighboring agencies, and raising awareness of the service. Additionally, the report updates financial plans to evaluate and allocate funding for projects planned in the upcoming year. New or revised improvements include:

- The TIGERTOWN Express pilot route, connecting park and rides to Joker Marchant Stadium, was implemented.
- Lakeland Hills Boulevard Medical Corridor Project, which is a shuttle service to reduce congestion during construction on SR-33.
- The Lake Wales circulator was created from Route 35 segments.
- New Squeeze Lake Wales and Bartow services were implemented in May and August, respectively.
- Schedule adjustments were made to the Gold, Silver, Blue Line 2, Blue Saturday, and Peach lines to improve on-time performance.
- Saturday service returned to the Green and Orange lines.
- Consolidation of route patterns on Route 21X West. Route 21X East also was adjusted to match the changes on Route 21X West.







- Continued coordination to realize the new Lakeland Intermodal Center.
- A site for the East Polk Transit Maintenance and Administrative Facility was selected.
 Coordination with Polk County on logistics for realizing the facility continues.

Polk TPO Strategic Plan

Establishes strategy to provide transportation infrastructure that supports mobility, vitality, and job creation in area alongside potential application of 20-minute city planning methods to increase these elements further. Identify areas to monitor and assess feasibility of enhancements and developments, such as intercity transit options, additional maintenance facilities (East Polk County), implementation of premium transit corridors, and high ridership corridors/stops for enhanced facilities and transit resources.

Regional Plans HART TDP | 2022

A countywide strategic 10-year plan for improving transit in Hillsborough County, focusing on service enhancements, regional connection, technology upgrades, and multimodal integration to meet transportation demand. The 10-year plan includes a regional connection from Dover to Lakeland.

Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority (d.b.a. LYNX) TDP | 2022

There currently are two regional transit connections between Osceola County and Polk County via Marigold Avenue and Irlo Bronson Memorial Highway. Continuing coordination between Citrus Connection and LYNX will be needed to continue the success of the regional service. A need for a flex route that connects the Four Corners area to the Disney area was identified in the 20-year vision.

Lake County TDP | 2023

The Lake County TDP is a countywide strategic 10-year plan for improving transit in Lake County, focusing on service enhancements, regional connection, technology upgrades, and multimodal integration to meet growing transportation demand. Currently, LakeXpress connects to Citrus Connection with two routes, Route 55 and South Lake Express. The conversion of Route 55 to an on-demand service was indicated as a transit need.







West Central Florida Regional Long Range Transportation Plan 2045 | 2021

The Sun Coast Transportation Planning Alliance (SCTPA) supports local, regional and statewide projects that improve access to transportation opportunities in the west central Florida region. Its West Central Florida Regional Long Range Transportation Plan (RLRTP) 2045 guides the transportation process in west central Florida, including the Pinellas, Hillsborough, Hernando/ Citrus, Pasco, Polk, Sarasota/Manatee T/MPOs. The document highlights the need for regional cooperation for better connectivity. Each T/MPO lists major transportation and infrastructure projects of regional significance along with population and job projections. Relevant policies and recommendations include the following:

- Enhancing transit service in Polk County.
- Potential BRT service in Lakeland and Winter Haven.

Tampa Bay Economic Development
Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy
(CEDS) | 2023-2027

The U.S. Economic Development Administration contracts with each designated Economic Development District (EDD) to develop and maintain a Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS). EDDs are required to fully update the CEDS

every five years with the assistance of regional stakeholder involvement and may elect to update the CEDS on an annual basis. The Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council (TBRPC) is Tampa Bay's EDD and presents this document as the first CEDS of the 2022 cycle. TBRPC will continue to update this document annually with current data, and refreshed stakeholder input.

In the Strength, Weakness, Opportunities, and Threat (SWOT) analysis, a lack of transit connectivity, specifically regionally, was an identified weakness. The document highlights a goal to promote a regional multimodal transportation system for people, goods, and services that includes transit, highways, seaports, airports, rail modes, broadband services, and multiuse trail planning and development.







State and Federal Plans

FDOT District One Districtwide Bus Rapid Transit Feasibility Study | 2024

FDOT conducted a study to determine the feasibility and readiness of BRT corridors in five counties within District One. Twelve corridors were selected to evaluate potential BRT implementation. The evaluation determined that none of the 12 prospective BRT corridors in District One are ready for a Transit Corridor and Project Evaluation (TCPE) study in the short term if considering Capital Investment Grants (CIG) as the funding source. The following are relevant findings from the study for this TDP:

- Florida Avenue, US-98, and segments of US 92 were identified as potential BRT corridors in Polk County.
- Increasing job density adjacent to the potential BRT corridors is seen as key to increasing ridership potential.
- Florida Avenue BRT was considered the most feasible corridor for implementation at the time of the study.
- In the interim, increasing frequency on the existing routes was considered the best option to strengthen ridership on potential BRT corridors.

State of Florida Transportation Disadvantaged 5-Year/20-Year Plan | 2007

To accomplish cost-effective, efficient, unduplicated, and cohesive TD services within its respective service area, the plan includes the explanation of the Florida Coordinated Transportation System, five-year report card, Florida Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability Review, and a strategic vision and goals, objectives, and measures.

The long-range strategic vision includes developing a universal cost-effective transportation system with a uniform funding system and services that are designed and implemented regionally throughout the state.

2055 Florida Transportation Plan (Ongoing)

Florida's long-range transportation plan, as required by state and federal law, supports the development of state, regional, and local transit services through a series of related goals and objectives, emphasizing new and innovative approaches by all modes to meet needs today and in future. The FTP intends to connect communities, policies, and programs across Florida. The 2055 Florida Transportation Plan update is ongoing, with the expected adoption in November 2025. The 2055 Florida Transportation Plan goals include the following:







- Safer travel for all users
- Secure & agile transportation system
- Efficient & reliable movement of people and freight
- Enhance & preserve communities and natural resources
- Support robust economic competitiveness

Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act | 2021

Signed into law on November 15, 2021, this public law reauthorizes and expands federal funding for the nation's surface transportation infrastructure including transit systems and rail transportation networks. It maintains strong commitment to safety and authorizes federal funding to advance public transportation through safety, and modernization. Highlights of the funding reauthorization include:

- A record \$33.5 billion for transit capital and operating assistance in urbanized areas and \$4.6 billion to support rural transit systems.
- Funding dedicated to repairing and upgrading existing infrastructure, increasing accessibility, expanding service areas, and upgrading buses to zero-emissions models.
- Increase in funding to meet transportation needs for older adults and people with disabilities.
- Providing \$12 billion in partnership grants for intercity rail service.

Implications to Public Transportation of Emerging Technologies | 2016

This white paper explores possible consequences for public transportation from introducing new technologies such as autonomous vehicles, connected vehicles, and other innovations that impact efficiency, cost-effectiveness, and overall demand for transportation.







Appendix F. List of Priority Projects Evaluation and Ranking Matrix

Table F-1: List of Priority Projects Evaluation and Ranking Matrix | Service

Rank	Improvements	Survey Results	Public Input	Priority Transit Corridors Access and Connectivity	Transit-Supportive Land Use & Urban Design Interface	Likelihood of Securing Funding	Anticipated Benefits to Customers	Connections to Local/Regional Hubs	Score
1	Florida Avenue BRT	7	7	7	7	5	7	7	6.6
2	US-98 BRT	7	7	7	7	5	7	7	6.6
3	Lakeland – Tampa Express	5	7	7	7	3	5	7	5.7
4	15-minute Frequency on Pink Line	7	7	5	5	5	5	5	5.6
5	30-minute Frequency on Lemon Line	7	7	5	5	5	5	5	5.6
6	30-minute Frequency on Route 30	7	7	5	5	5	5	5	5.6
7	Extend weekday service until 9PM	7	7	5	5	5	7	3	5.6
8	US-27 LX	3	5	7	7	5	5	7	5.5
9	Bonnet Springs Park/ Downtown Circulator	3	7	5	5	7	5	5	5.4
10	I-4 Hopper	5	5	7	7	3	5	7	5.4
11	Convert Red Line to Limited Express	5	5	5	3	7	5	7	5.3
12	45-minute Frequency on Purple Line	7	7	5	5	3	5	5	5.2
13	Lakeland – Haines City Express (Pre-SunRail)	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	5.2
14	Winter Haven Squeeze	3	7	5	5	5	5	5	5
15	45-minute Frequency on Route 15	7	5	5	5	3	5	5	4.9
16	45-minute Frequency on Route 22XW	7	5	5	5	3	5	5	4.9
17	Extend Circulator Eastside to Orlando Health	3	3	5	5	7	5	5	4.8
18	Winter Haven Shuttle	3	3	5	5	7	5	5	4.8
19	Haines City Squeeze	3	7	5	5	3	3	5	4.4
20	Lakeland/Airport microtransit	1	3	5	5	3	5	5	3.7







Table F-1: List of Priority Projects Evaluation and Ranking Matrix | Services (continued)

Rank	Improvements	Survey Results	Public Input	Priority Transit Corridors Access and Connectivity	Transit-Supportive Land Use & Urban Design Interface	Likelihood of Securing Funding	Anticipated Benefits to Customers	Connections to Local/Regional Hubs	Score
21	Haines City – Posner Express (Pre-SunRail)	5	5	3	3	3	3	3	3.6
22	Saturday service on Pink Line	3	5	3	3	3	5	3	3.5
23	Sunday service on Purple Line	3	5	3	3	3	5	3	3.5
24	Innovation District/Polk City microtransit	1	3	3	3	3	5	5	3.1
25	Auburndale microtransit	1	3	3	3	3	5	5	3.1
26	Winter Haven Microtransit	1	3	3	3	3	5	5	3.1

Table F-2: List of Priority Projects Evaluation and Ranking Matrix | Capital

Rank	Improvements	Survey Results	Public Input	Priority Transit Corridors Access and Connectivity	Transit-Supportive Land Use & Urban Design Interface	Likelihood of Securing Funding	Anticipated Benefits to Customers	Connections to Local/Regional Hubs	Score
1	Lakeland Intermodal Center PD&E Study	N/A	N/A	7	7	7	7	7	7.0
2	Lakeland Intermodal Center/SunRail Station	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7.0
3	Expand Pass Sale Locations/Mobile Payment/Fare Options	7	7	5	5	7	7	7	6.4
4	Additional/Enhanced Facilities and Bus Stop Infrastructure	7	7	7	7	5	5	5	6.2
5	East Polk Transit Maintenance & Administration Facility	7	7	5	5	7	7	5	6.2
6	Transit Signal Priority	7	3	7	7	5	7	5	5.8
7	Queue Jumps	7	3	5	5	3	5	3	4.4
8	Proposed New Transit Center/Super Stop	3	3	3	3	7	5	3	4.0
9	Expand Transit Marketing/UAP	3	3	5	3	5	5	3	3.9







Table F-2: List of Priority Projects Evaluation and Ranking Matrix | Capital (continued)

Rank	Improvements	Survey Results	Public Input	Priority Transit Corridors Access and Connectivity	Transit-Supportive Land Use & Urban Design Interface	Likelihood of Securing Funding	Anticipated Benefits to Customers	Connections to Local/Regional Hubs	Score
10	I-4 and County Line Road Park-and-Ride	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	3.4
11	I-4 and Berkley Road Park- and-Ride	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	3.4
12	I-4 and SR 559 Park-and-Ride	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	3.4
13	Alternate-Fuel Vehicles	3	3	5	5	1	3	3	3.2



